

Controlling Your Architecture

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Certified Java Professionals

About me

- :: Loves coding
 - Have been coding just about everywhere
 - Code can be beautiful!
- :: Loves the Digital Home
 - Have 5 km of wires in my home!
- :: Worked with Java since 1996
- :: Passionate OpenSource contributor
 - <u>http://www.aspectme.org</u>/



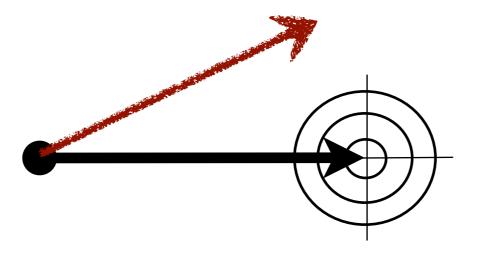
Agenda

- :: How do we build systems that last?
- :: Ways of enforcing architectural rules
- :: How to enforce your architecture



Why do systems become "big balls of mud"?

- :: Architectural drift
 - The result of an architecture that isn't communicated and/or enforced
 - Causes code smells, technical debt, anti-pattern architectures (bigball-of-mud, stovepipe, etc)
 - The way we enforce architectural rules is bad!
 - Possible root causes; resistance of change or ignorance





Ways of enforcing architectural rules

- :: Manual
 - Code inspection by experienced developers (possibly documents)
 - "This code smells, fix it"
 - "This code doesn't follow the guidelines"
- :: Static
 - Based on the structure of the code
 - "Do not let the view layer call JDBC directly"
- :: Dynamic
 - Based on the program flow
 - "Only one thread at the time is allowed in method foo(int)"



Code rulez!

- :: The most important document we have
- :: Why not express architectural rules in code and/or metadata?
 - Use tools to enforce them
- :: Simply put, lets automate the enforcement of architectural rules!



Static code analysis

- :: FindBugs
- :: Checkstyle
- :: Cobertura
- :: Emma
- :: Structure101
- :: SonarJ
- :: Sonar
- :: CodeCity
- ••
- ••••
- :: (AspectJ)



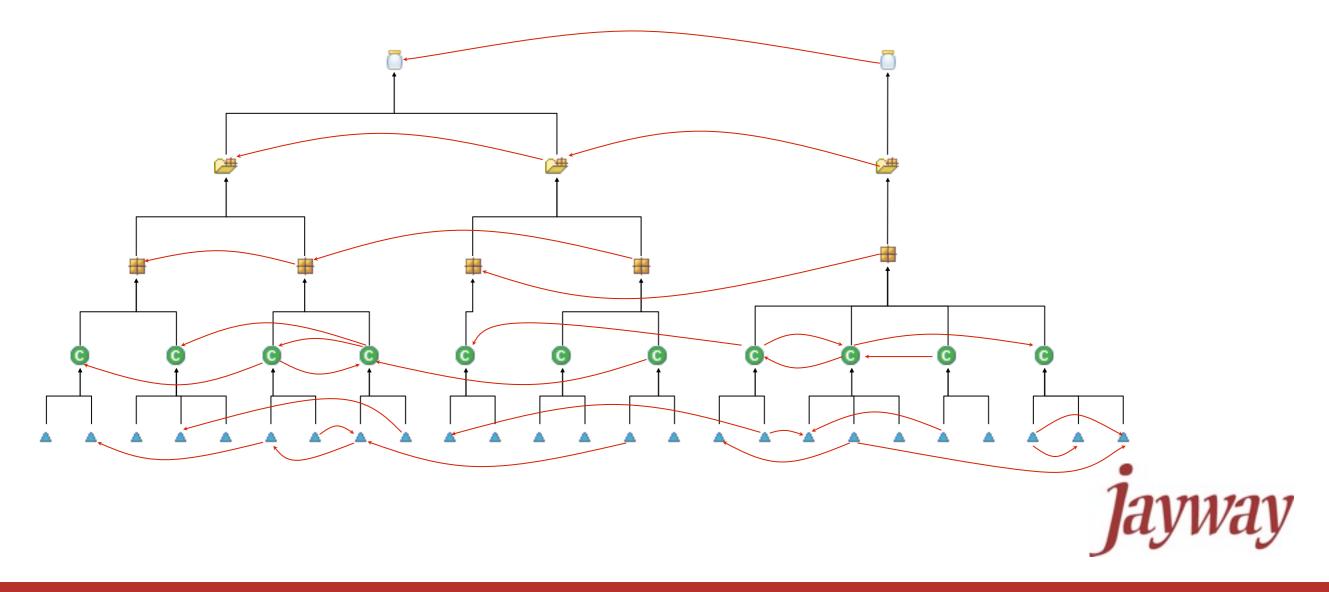
Example: FindBugs

- :: Look for bug patterns, i.e. a code idiom that often result in an error
 - Malicious code vulnerability
 - Bad practice
 - Internationalization
 - Multithreaded correctness
 - Dodgy
 - Correctness
 - Performance



Example: Structure101

- :: Measures structural complexity (XS) by
 - Fat packages, classes, methods
 - Tangled packages and classes



Example: AspectJ

:: "Straight SQL communication must not be used. Only use JdbcTemplate."



Dynamic code analysis

- :: Assert
- :: AspectJ



Example: AspectJ

:: "Flush Hibernate session before a JDBC operation"

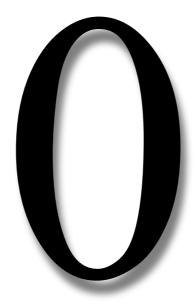
:: "Only one thread is allowed when accessing this resource"



So, what can I do within my project?

- :: Use Structure101 and FindBugs to do an architectural review
 - Non-intrusive and easy to do
- :: Introduce FindBugs and Structure101 (or similar) to the build system
 - First for information only (i.e. warnings)
 - Then change to errors...
- :: Add aspects for dynamic analysis at test and/or runtime





[Zero]



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Our vision

- :: Zero XS (technical debt) is possible for large systems!
- :: Zero FindBugs errors/warnings a must
- :: Zero compiler warnings is easy
 - Learn to hate the yellow triangle in Eclipse
- : ... and Zero errors will be easier to achieve!
- :: Easily ignored, if more than 10 warnings...
 - Have to be diciplined



Summary

- :: Reference architectures are good, the way we enforce them is bad
- :: Tools exist for enforcing your architecture. Start today!
 - No more "Word architectures"
- :: Be disciplined! Fix issues as they arise.



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