



Building new IoT Services Easily with Open Hardware and Lhings

José Antonio Lorenzo – Lyncos Technologies S. L.
José Pereda – Universidad de Valladolid

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Who the heck are these guys??!!

José Antonio Lorenzo

- PhD in Physics
- Lyncos Technologies, Spain
- JavaEE, embedded
- <http://blog.lhings.com>
- @joanlofe



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Who the heck are these guys??!!

José Pereda

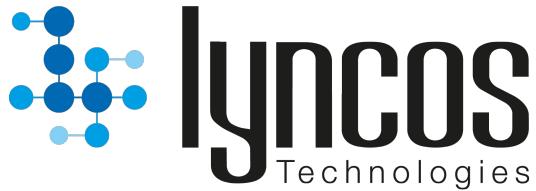
- PhD in Industrial Engineering
- University of Valladolid, Spain
- JavaFX, Embedded
- <http://jperedadnr.blogspot.com>
- @JPeredaDnr



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A startup based in Barcelona whose aim is to add value to products by connecting them to the Internet.



Lhings, a cloud platform to provide connectivity through the Internet to all kind of devices, is the main product of Lyncos.

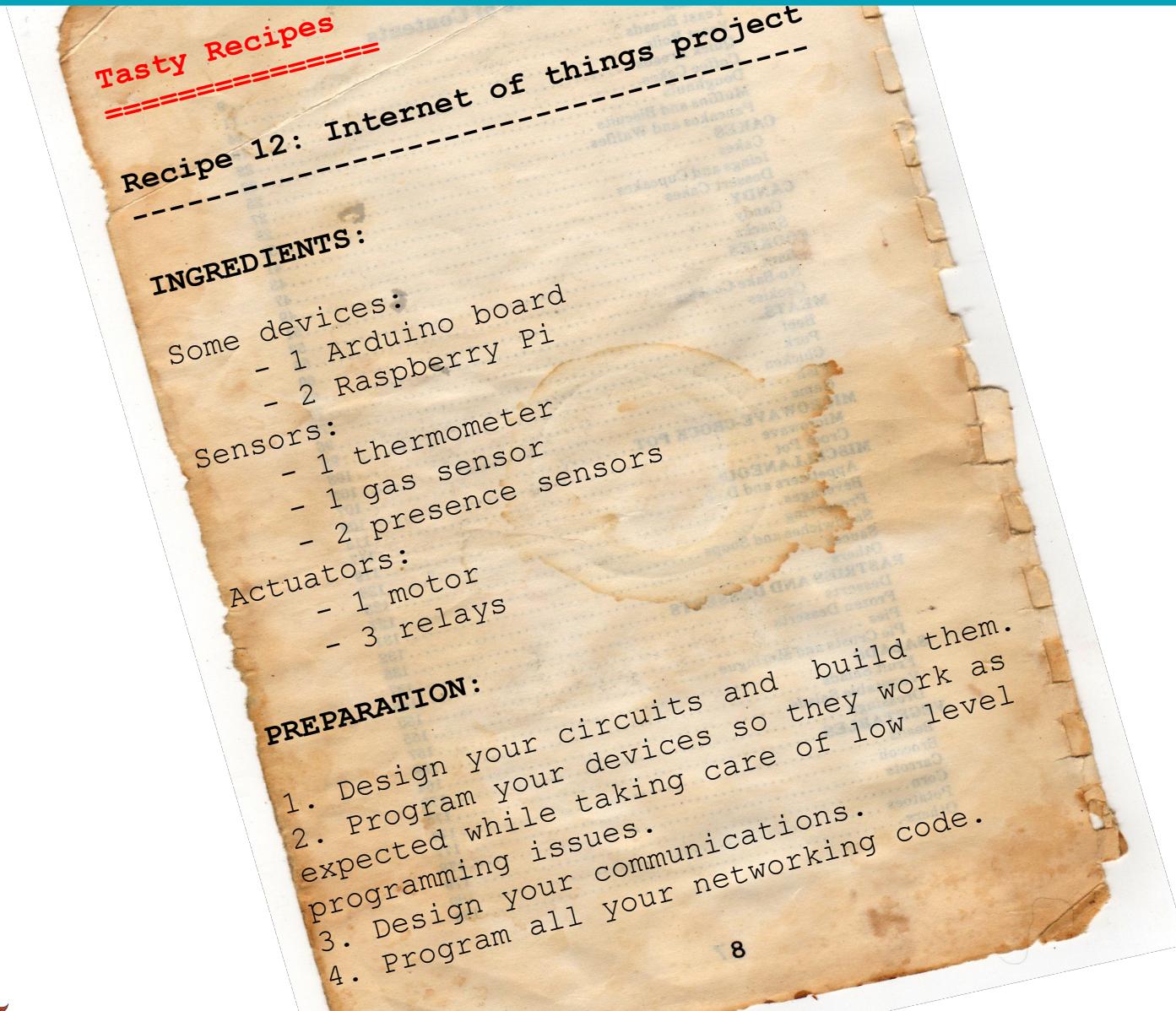
www.lhings.com



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- ✓ Security: mainly confidentiality and authentication
- ✓ Networking issues: firewalls, residential routers, push
- ✓ Scalability: how to manage hundreds of devices → message routing, connection management
- ✓ Reliability: quality of service, availability of the system



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A lot of effort in writing boilerplate code to build good connectivity,
and not focusing on what your devices really should do





```
public App()
{
    // Set initial behavior based on connectivity
    SetDataConnectivityOptions();
    // Set up handler for network status change
    NetworkInformation.NetworkStatusChanged += NetworkInformation_NetworkStatusChanged;
}

void NetworkInformation_NetworkStatusChanged(object sender)
{
    // Set behavior based on connectivity status
    SetDataConnectivityOptions();
}

void SetDataConnectivityOptions()
{
    // Get connection profile for currently active connection
    ConnectionProfile profile = NetworkInformation.GetInternetConnectionProfile();
    if (profile != null)
    {
        NetworkConnectivityLevel connectivityLevel = profile.GetNetworkConnectivityLevel();
    }
}
```



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```

```
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <netdb.h>

void error(const char *msg)
{
    perror(msg);
    exit(0);
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int sockfd, portno, n;
    struct sockaddr_in serv_addr;
    struct hostent *server;
    char buffer[256];
    if (argc < 3) {
        fprintf(stderr, "usage %s hostname port\n", argv[0]);
        exit(0);
    }
    portno = atoi(argv[2]);
    sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
    if (sockfd < 0)
        error("ERROR opening socket");
```



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public App()
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void NetworkInformation_NetworkStatusChanged(object sender)
{
    // Set behavior based on connectivity status
    SetDataConnectivityOptions();
}

void SetDataConnectivityOptions()
{
    // Get connection profile for currently active connection
    ConnectionProfile profile = NetworkInformation.GetInternetConnectionProfile();
    if (profile != null)
    {
        NetworkConnectivityLevel connectivityLevel = profile.GetNetworkConnecti
    }
}

URLConnection connection = new URL(url + "?" + query);
connection.setRequestProperty("Accept-Charset", charset);
InputStream response = connection.getInputStream();
```





```
public App()
{
    // Set initial behavior based on connectivity
    SetDataConnectivityOptions();
    // Set up handler for network status change
    NetworkInformation.NetworkStatusChanged += NetworkInformation_NetworkStatusChanged;
}

void NetworkInformation_NetworkStatusChanged(object sender)
{
    // Set behavior based on connectivity status
    SetDataConnectivityOptions();
}

void SetDataConnectivityOptions()
{
    // Get connection profile
    ConnectionProfile profile = await NetworkAdapter.GetInternetConnectionProfileAsync();
    if (profile != null)
    {
        NetworkConnectivity =
            profile.GetNetworkConnectivity();
    }
}

void setup()
{
    #include <Ethernet.h>
    byte mac[] = { 0xDE, 0xAD, 0xBE, 0xEF, 0xFE, 0xED };
    byte ip[] = { 192, 0, 0, 177 };
    Server server(80);
    server.begin(mac, ip);
    Ethernet.begin(mac, ip);
    server.begin();
}

void loop()
{
    Client client = server.available();
    if (client)
    {
        // una solicitud http finaliza con una linea en blanco
        boolean current_line_is_blank = true;
        while (client.connected())
        {
            if (client.available())
            {
                char c = client.read();
                if (c == '\n' && current_line_is_blank)
                {
                    current_line_is_blank = false;
                }
                else
                {
                    client.print(c);
                }
            }
        }
        client.stop();
    }
}
```





```
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/conf.h>
#include <net.h>
```

The screenshot shows a Java code editor with the following code:

```
URLConne  
connect  
Inputs  
loop()  
if (client.  
    // una  
while  
if  
Caused by: java.net.ConnectException
```

A red box highlights the word "ConnectException" in the error message, which is also repeated in large red letters across the screen.

```
ava:333)  
etImpl.java:195)  
ava:182)
```

java:157)
ent.java:365)
dr;

```
hostname port\n", argv[0]),  
STREAM, 0);  
");
```





A close-up photograph of a man's face, showing his eyes and forehead. He has a surprised or shocked expression, with wide eyes and a slightly open mouth. A diagonal line of code from the previous image is overlaid across his face.

```
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/conf.h>
```

333)
182)
P1.java:195)

.157)
.java:365)

The diagram illustrates the execution flow of Java code. It starts with a call to `URLConnection.connect()`, which triggers a sequence of events. A red arrow points from `URLConnection.connect()` to a stack frame containing `Client client`. From this frame, another red arrow points to a `while` loop. Inside the loop, a red arrow points to a `java.net.Connection` object. Finally, a red arrow points from this object to a `finally` block labeled "Caused by". The stack frames are represented as overlapping rectangles, and the code elements are highlighted in red.

at sun.net.Ne
at sun.net.www.h
- java.ne
at java.ne
at sun.net.Ne
at sun.net.www.h
- java en blanco





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Lhings is a cloud service that allows you to connect,
manage and control your devices easily without
worrying about the nitty gritty details of networking

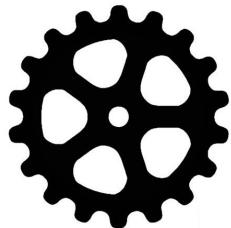


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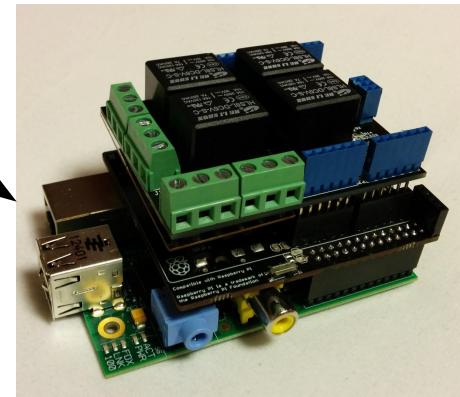


The three main concepts behind Lhings...



Actions

Device



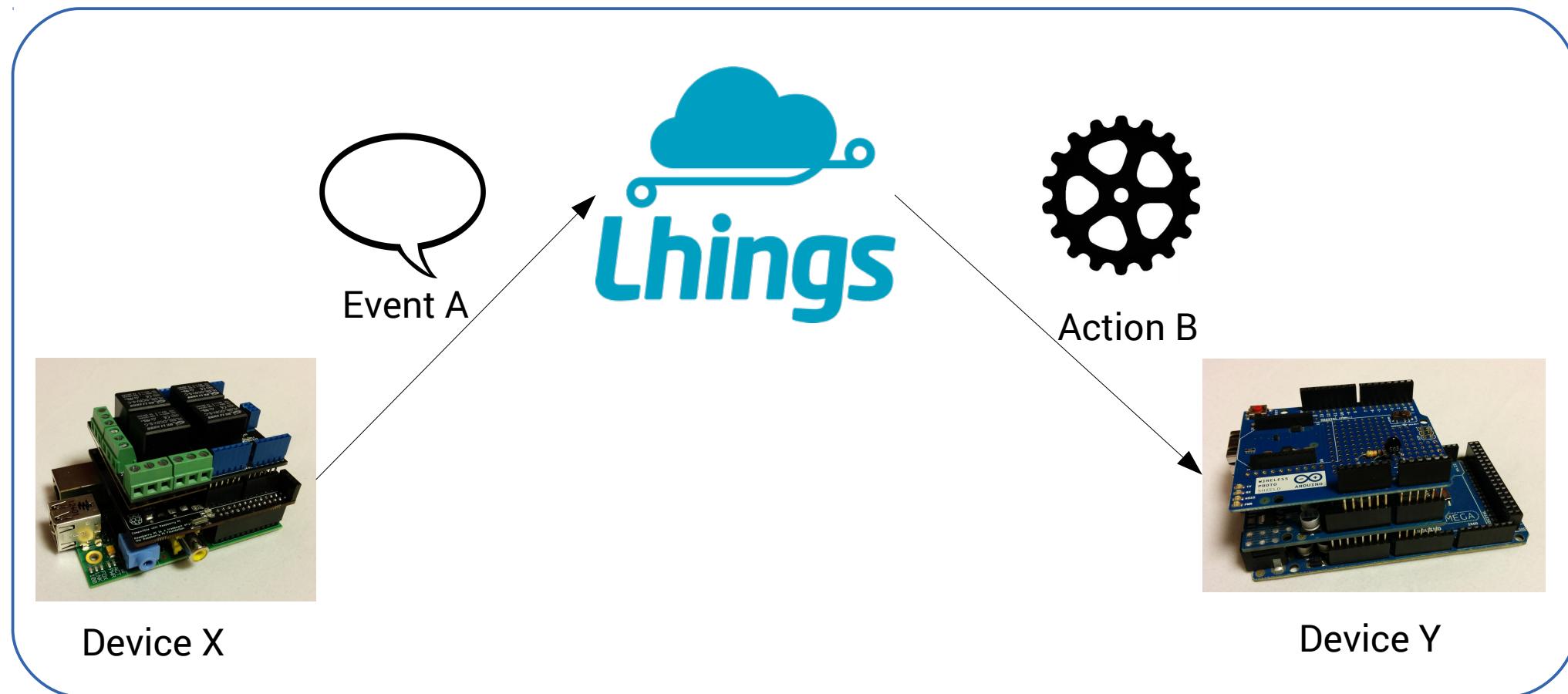
Events

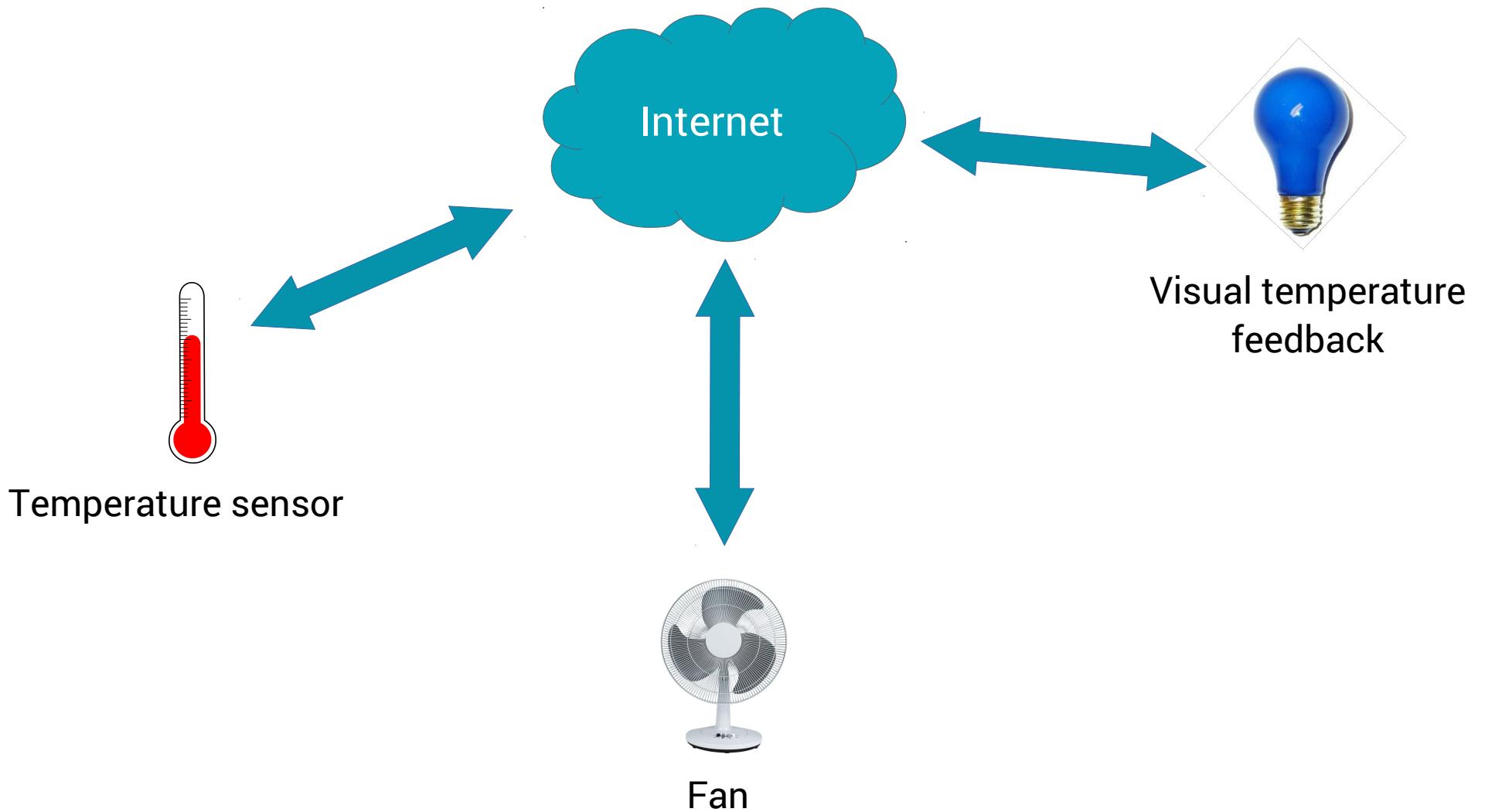


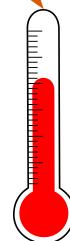
Status



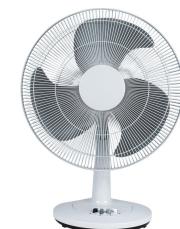
... and the fourth: the rule concept



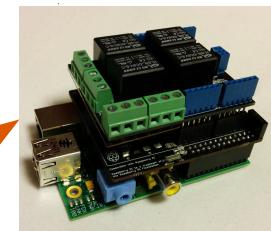
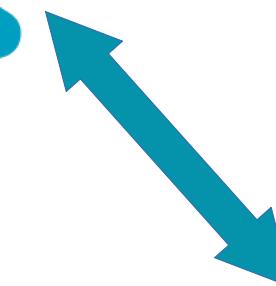




Temperature sensor



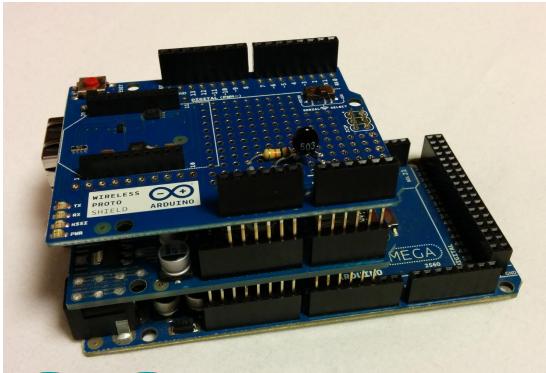
Fan



Visual temperature feedback



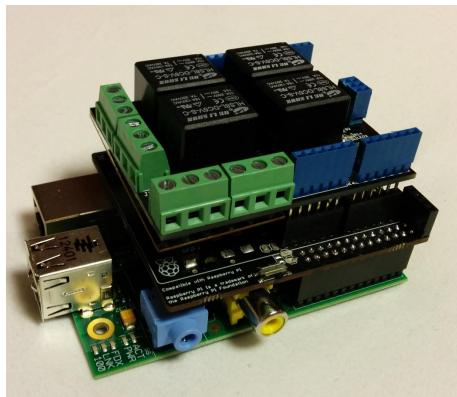
Arduino board with temperature sensor:



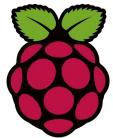
- **Events:**
 - Temperature
 - Above threshold
 - Below threshold
- **Status:**
 - Temperature.



Raspberry Pi with relay shield:



- **Actions:**
 - Hue on
 - Hue off
 - Set color
 - Fan on
 - Fan off



- **Status:**
 - Fan status



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And now let's go with the live demo!



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What we get?

- We forgot completely about networking code.
- All messages transmitted are secure.
- We don't need to worry about firewalls, no need to open ports.
- Ability to push is provided out of the box.
- You get a web control panel for your devices automatically.
- Easy to scale.
- Reliability.



Do you want to try it? Our gift to you for coming to this talk is a free invitation to test our beta version.



The Lhings libraries and the code for this demo is available on Github:

<https://github.com/lhings>



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