

OSGi - the Dynamic Module System for Java

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CEO Makewave



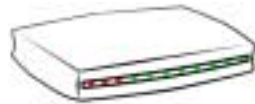
makewave

Innehåll

- Några ord om Makewave
- Introduktion till OSGi
- Lite om historien bakom OSGi
- Genomgång av OSGi teknologin
- Exempel på hur OSGi används
- Ytterligare fördjupning

Makewave (formerly Gatespace Telematics)

- Taking middleware forward



Nomadic Device

Residential

Telematics

Industrial

**Software
Developers**

**Universal
Middleware**

OSGi Platform – (Knopflerfish, Java, Ubiserv, Ubicore), License Management – (Lime)

**SmartPhone
PDA**

**DSL
Set-top
IPTV
HomeHub**

**TCU
Navigation
system
Diagnostics**

**M2M
Equipment
monitoring**

**Software
protection
&
License
Management**

**Global
Services**

Design, Implementation & Integration, Workshops, Seminars and Training
Expertise in Java, Embedded Systems, Compilers, .Net, License Mgmt)

Makewave Short facts

- **Company Facts**

- OSGi member since 1999
- Located in Gothenburg, Sweden
- Highly educated personnel, all with PhD or Master degree in engineering and computer science
- Privately owned

- **Management**

- Christer Larsson, CEO, co-founder Makewave, board member of Telematics Valley, VP EMEA of OSGi Alliance.
- Staffan Truvé, Chairman, founder of Gatespace, CEO of SICS and Interactive Institute
- Per Gustafson, CTO, co-founder Makewave, OSGi expert group repr.

- **Subsidiaries**

- Secureon AB, fully owned, License Management System

Knopflerfish Project

- The Knopflerfish project is a open source implementation of the OSGi Specifications
 - Maintained by Makewave
 - www.knopflerfish.org
 - BSD style licence, free for all use, no run-time licences
 - Implements OSGi R4
- Knopflerfish Pro is the fully certified and supported version for commercial use
 - OSGi Certified
 - Comes with Support Agreements (SLA)
 - Expertise, training and consulting services

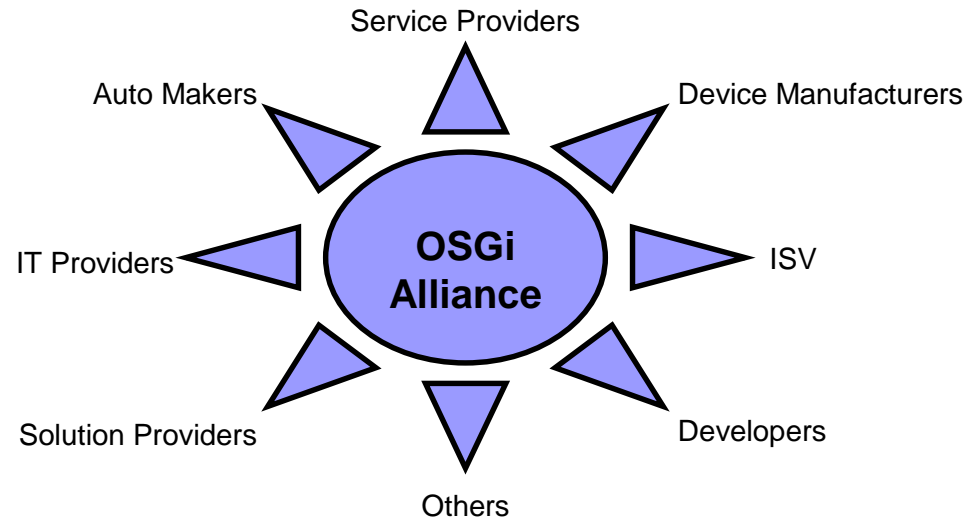
knopflerfish

Introduktion till OSGi

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The OSGi Alliance

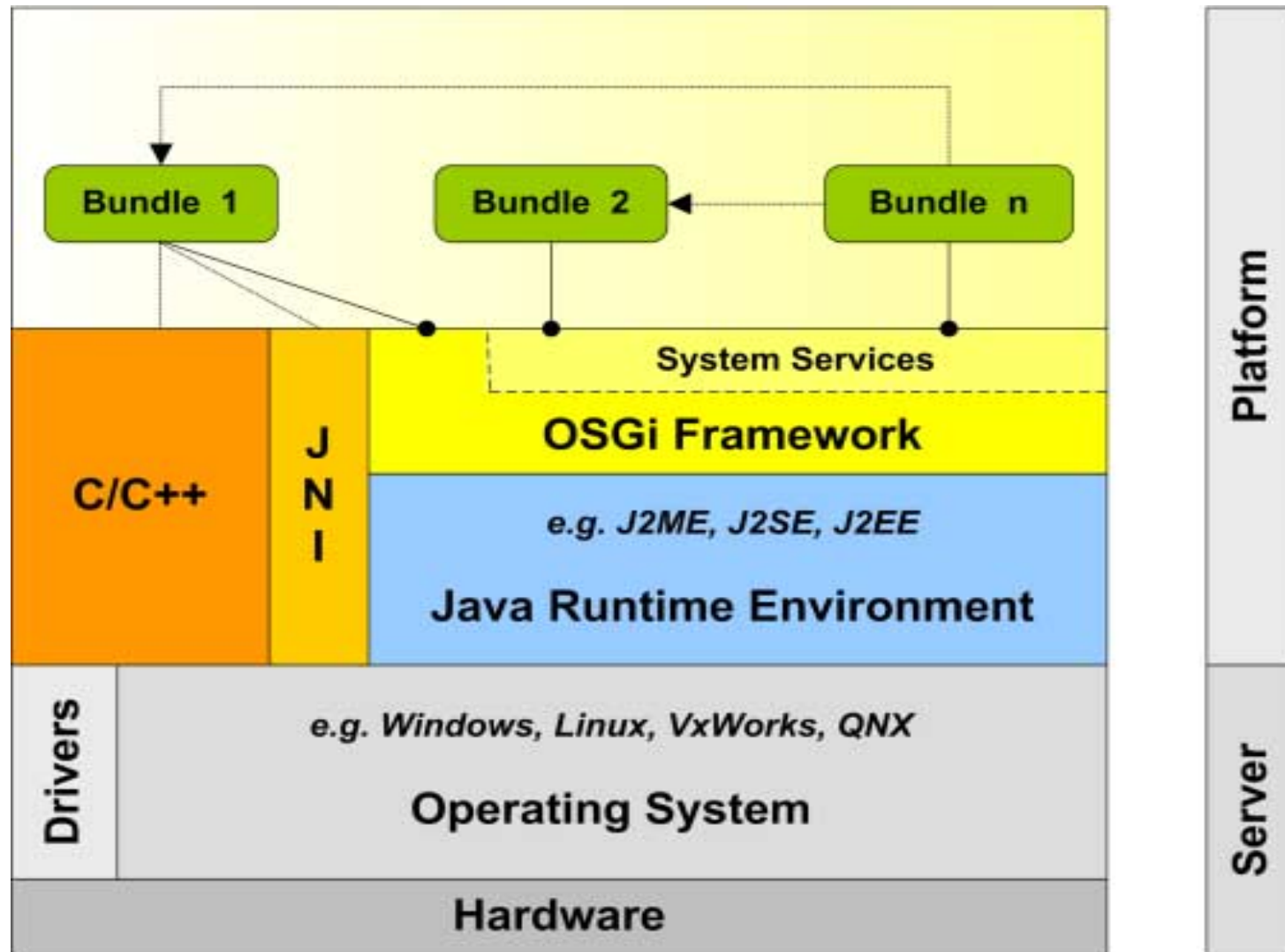
- The OSGi Alliance is an independent non-profit corporation comprised of technology innovators and developers and focused on the interoperability of applications and services based on its component integration platform.
- Established in 1999, members worldwide
- Membership spans many industries
 - Residential, Automotive, Industrial, Mobile, Enterprise
- Membership information at www.osgi.org



What is OSGi Technology?

- OSGi technology is a dynamic module system for Java™
- OSGi technology is component-based
- OSGi technology is service-oriented
- OSGi offers standardized ways to dynamically manage the lifecycle of software on the Java™ platform
 - updates of software no longer require a restart of the JVM!
- OSGi technology is *Universal Middleware*

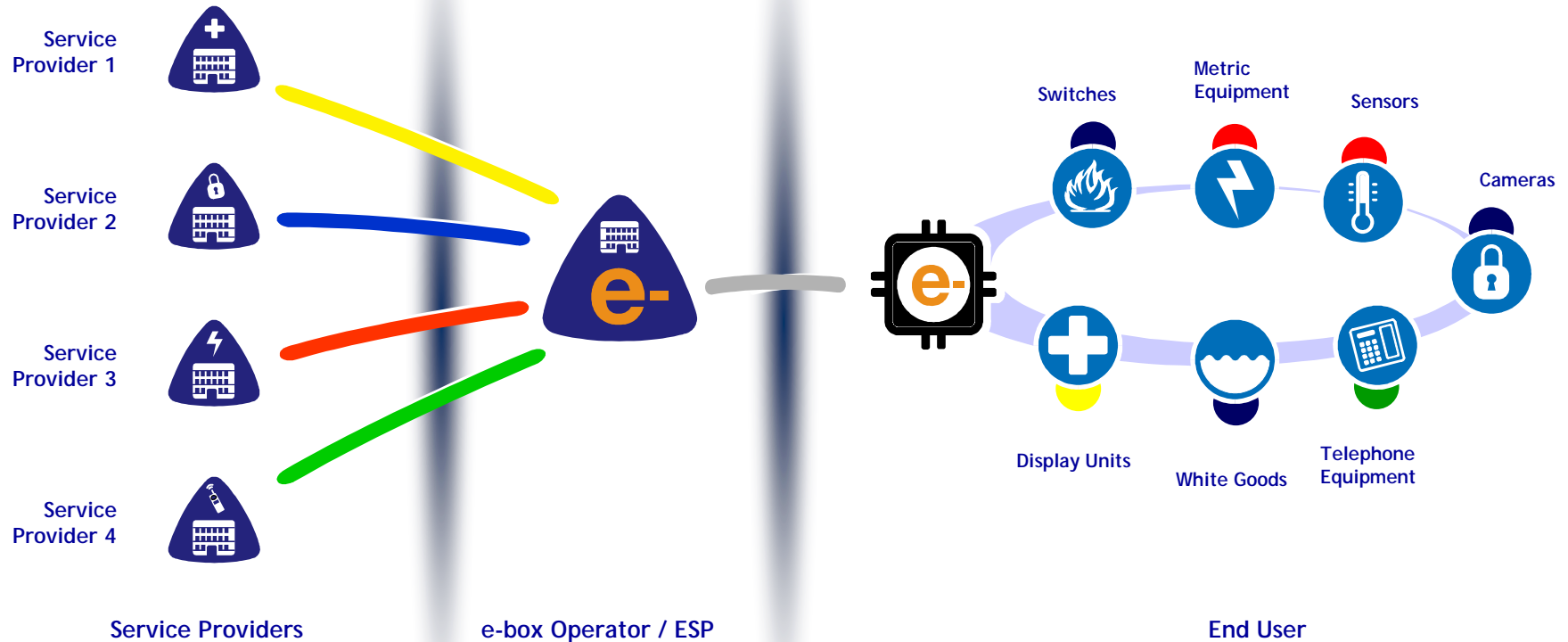
OSGi Architecture



Lite om historien bakom OSGi

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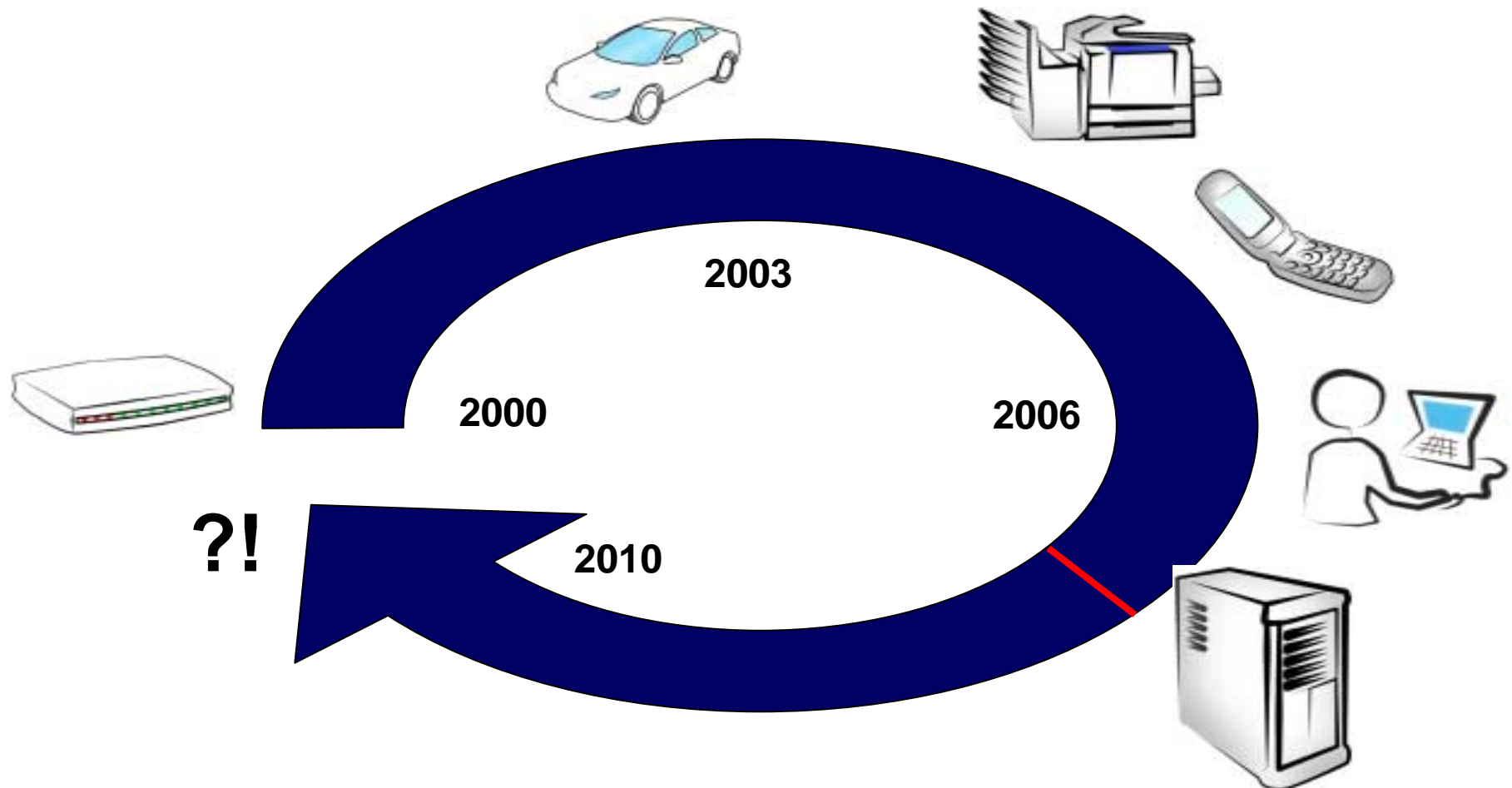
Ericsson e-services Architecture / Business Model (1998/99)



One slide from the OSGi Congress 2003:

- As usual, new technology takes more time to get adopted than the enthusiasts want to believe:
- Example:
 - First 802.11 work group meeting was held in 1990, broad market acceptance was not until around 2001
- Corollary:
The OSGi World Congress in 2009 will be spectacular! :-)

The evolution of the OSGi technology



The residential OSGi market

- Three reasons why the residential OSGi market can resurrect:
- BOM for a R/G is now 1/6 of the price
- Wireless devices / sensors
- Broadband penetration

The e-box set the original requirements

- In the e-box we wanted a:
 - Platform
 - Java based
 - Load software / services / applications dynamically
 - Multiple Service Providers can co-exist
 - Integrity between applications, no sneaking
 - Remotely managed
- And the result was OSGi R1 !
- So the platform designed for the intelligent fridge is now becoming a corner stone in JEE app servers.
 - Without any major makeover / redesign

Genomgång av OSGi teknologin

- Några ord om Makewave
- Introduktion till OSGi
- Lite om historien bakom OSGi
- Genomgång av OSGi teknologin
- Exempel på hur OSGi används
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What is OSGi Technology?

- OSGi Technology is currently based on Java
- Java provides a high degree of platform independence
 - Abstracts Hardware Architectures
 - Abstracts Operating Systems
- JNI links Java and the native platform
- Java lacks a good module/component system!
- Java lacks dynamism - updates of software require a restart of the JVM!

What is OSGi Technology?

- OSGi technology is a dynamic module system for Java™
- OSGi technology is Universal Middleware
- OSGi technology provides a service-oriented, component-based environment for developers and offers standardized ways to manage the software lifecycle. These capabilities greatly increase the value of a wide range of computers and devices that use the Java™ platform.
- Addresses the lack of a good module system and lack of dynamism in the Java™ platform
- *OSGi – Class Loaders on Steroids*

OSGi Remote Manageability

- OSGi is specifically designed with an eye towards remote management of networked services
- OSGi is management protocol agnostic – meaning it fits in several different markets that each prefer their own protocols
- This is achieved by providing access to necessary resources and functionalities inside the framework to Management Agents
- Management Agents implement management protocols

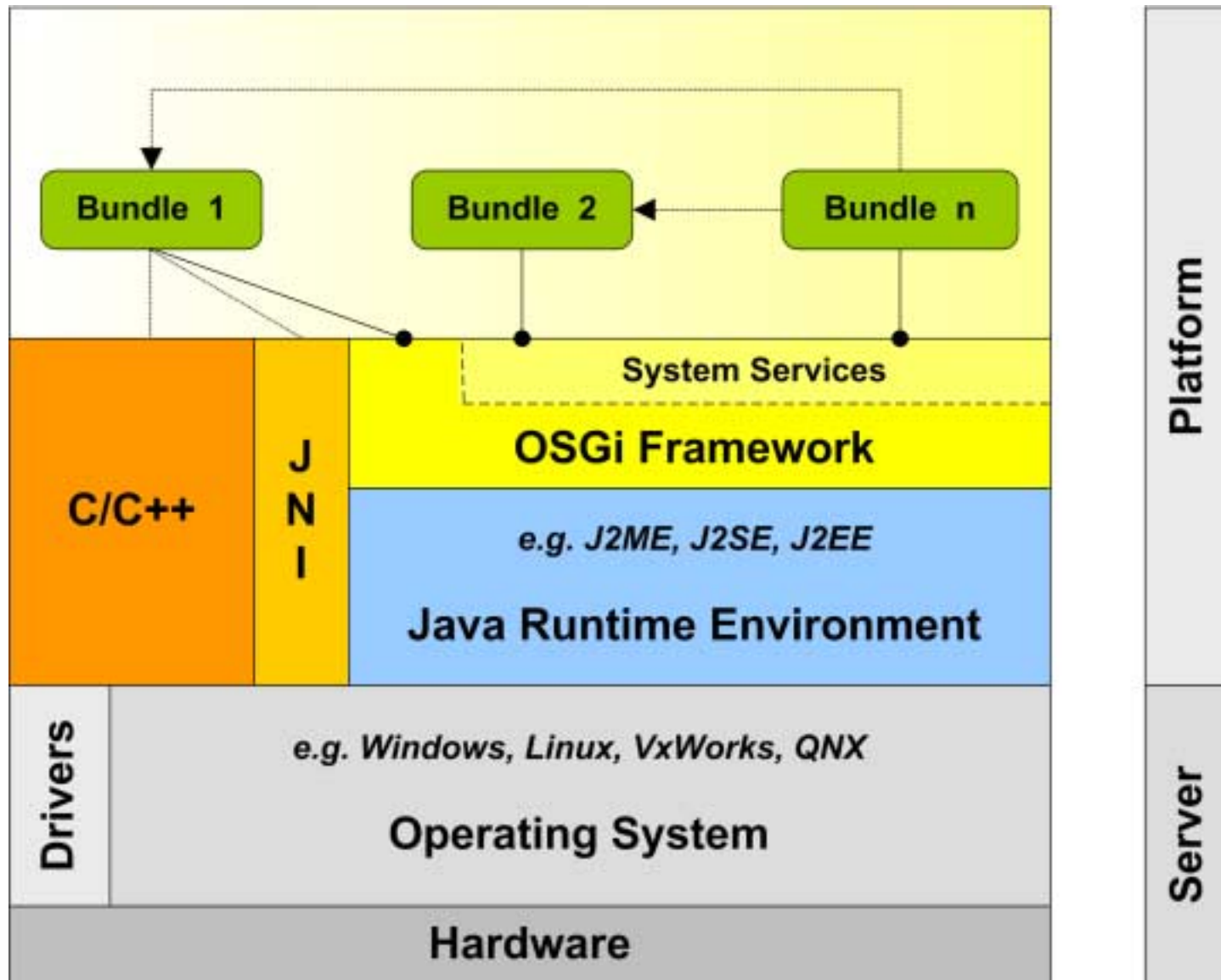
What does OSGi specify?

- Core - The framework and system services
 - A general purpose middleware software platform
 - Service-oriented, component-based
 - Security and platform management related system services
- A Compendium of Services
 - Different subsets of these services are relevant for different markets
 - A subset can be formalized as a profile E.g. Mobile Profile, Vehicle Profile

Where is OSGi used?

- It can be used almost everywhere Java is used
- Used in desktop applications
 - Eclipse
 - Lotus Notes
- Used in embedded environments
 - Mobiles
 - Printers
 - Telematics
- Used on server side
 - Enterprise Application containers (J2EE)

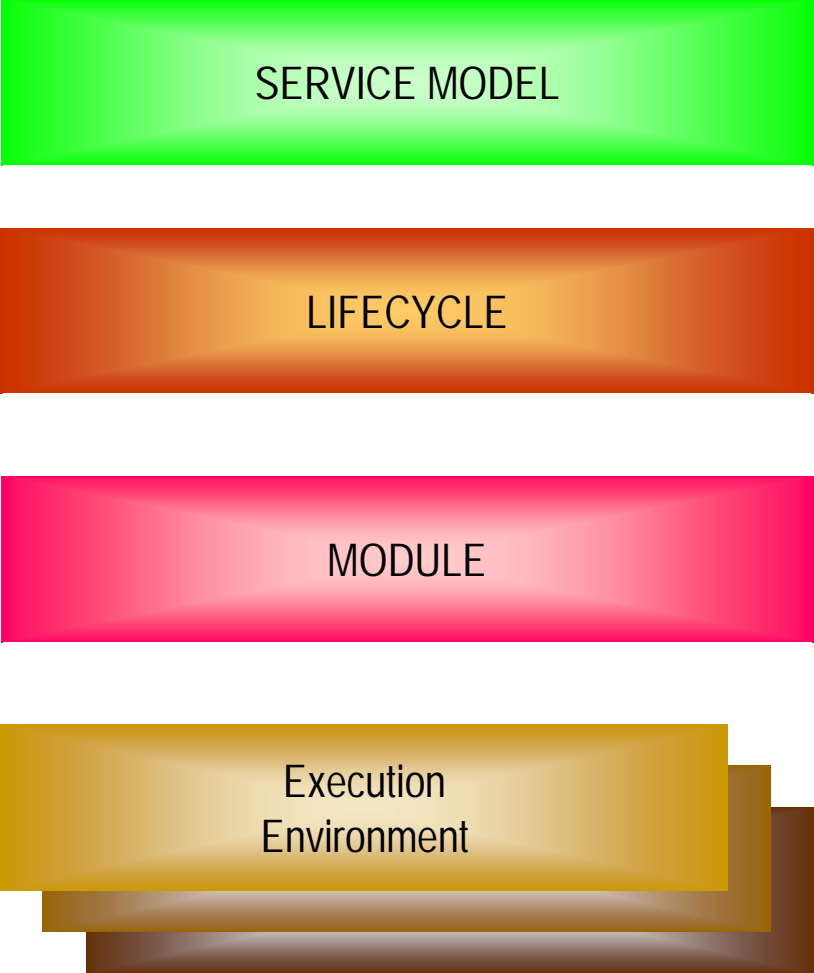
Software Architecture



The OSGi framework

- The base - runs multiple applications and services
- Single VM instance
- Separate class loader per bundle
 - Class loader network
 - Independent namespaces
 - Class sharing at the Java package level
- Lifecycle management
 - Install, Start, Stop, Uninstall, etc.
- Versioning
 - Multiple versions of same packages/classes can co-exist
- Intra VM publish/find/bind service model
- Operational Control
- Java Permissions to secure framework

Framework Layering



The diagram illustrates the four layers of the OSGi framework, stacked vertically. Each layer is represented by a colored rectangular box with its name in all caps. To the right of each box is a descriptive text for that layer. The layers are: SERVICE MODEL (green), LIFECYCLE (orange), MODULE (pink), and Execution Environment (yellow/gold). The Execution Environment layer is shown as a stack of three overlapping rectangles, with the top one being yellow/gold and the others being darker shades of brown/gold.

SERVICE MODEL

L3 – Provides a publish/find/bind service model to decouple bundles

LIFECYCLE

L2 - Manages the lifecycle of bundle in a bundle repository without requiring the VM be restarted

MODULE

L1 - Creates the concept of modules (aka. bundles) that use classes from each other in a controlled way according to system and bundle constraints

Execution
Environment

L0 -

- OSGi Minimum Execution Environment
- CDC/Foundation
- J2SE

Concepts of OSGi - bundles

- Bundles
 - A plain jar-file with a special format manifest file
 - Java code
 - Resources
 - Native code
 - Internationalization
 - Loaded into the framework

Concepts of OSGi - collaboration

- Bundle collaboration
 - Sharing Java packages
 - Exporting packages
 - Importing packages
 - Services
 - Ways to get notified with bundles are installed, started, etc
 - Isolation, own name space per bundle

Concepts of OSGi - class loaders

- Each bundle has its own class loader to:
 - Provide integrity between bundles
 - Avoid namespace collisions
- A bundle class loader can only load classes from:
 - The system class loader
 - Imported packages
 - The bundle's jar file

Concepts of OSGi - class loaders

- A bundle can export Java packages.
 - Framework determines the actual exporter if several bundles offer the same package.
 - The exporter with the highest specification version for the package will be the first candidate.
 - A bundle with no specification version will be the last export candidate.
- A bundle can import Java packages from other bundles.
 - If the package is not exported, the importing bundle cannot be resolved and is not started.
 - To use classes imported from another bundle, use the regular import clause in the Java code.
- Imports and exports are stated in a bundles manifest.

Concepts of OSGi - Manifest file

```
Manifest-Version: 1.0
Ant-Version: Apache Ant 1.6.5
Created-By: 1.4.2_11-b06 (Sun Microsystems Inc.)
Bundle-Category: service
Bundle-ManifestVersion: 2
Export-Package: com.makewave.bundle.example.hello_world2
Bundle-Vendor: Makewave
Bundle-SubversionURL: https://www.knopflerfish.org/svn/
Bundle-Activator:
com.makewave.bundle.example.hello_world2.Activator
Bundle-SymbolicName: org.knopflerfish.bundle.hello_world2
Bundle-DocURL: http://www.knopflerfish.org
Bundle-APIVendor: Makewave
Import-Package:
org.osgi.framework,com.makewave.bundle.example.hello_w
orld2
Bundle-Version: 0.0.1
Bundle-UUID: org.knopflerfish:hello_world2:0.0.1
Bundle-Description: A Hello World Bundle 2
Bundle-ContactAddress: http://www.knopflerfish.org
Bundle-Name: Hello World 2
Bundle-Classpath: .
Build-Date: Mon January 28 2008, 18:38:38
Built-From:
C:\x\knopflerfish_osgi_2.0.3\knopflerfish.org\osgi\example
s\hello_world2
```

Concepts of OSGi - Manifest

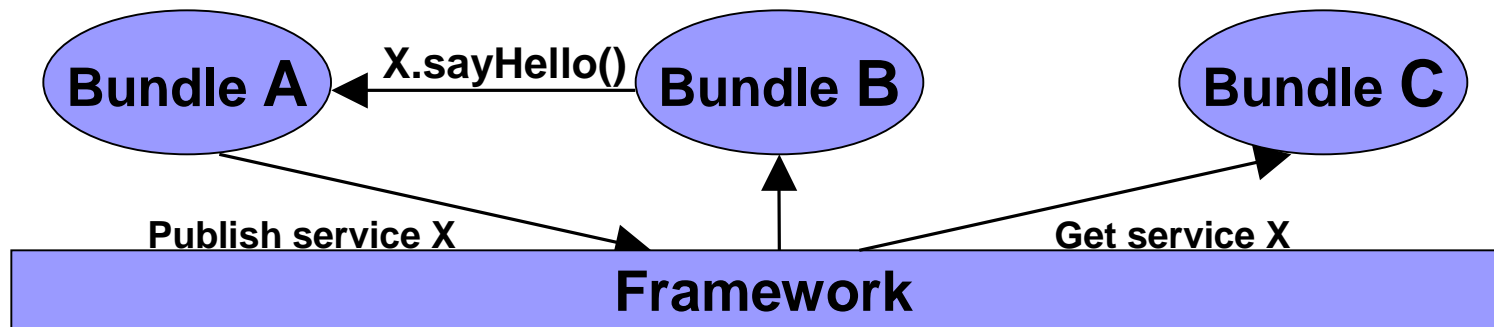
- The framework guarantees that only classes that are declared in the manifest as imported or exported can be used as such.
 - No sneaking
 - No unvoluntary leaking
- The manifest can be inspected prior to installing by an administrator
 - Bring in 3rd party lib => inspect it first!

Concepts of OSGi - bundle management

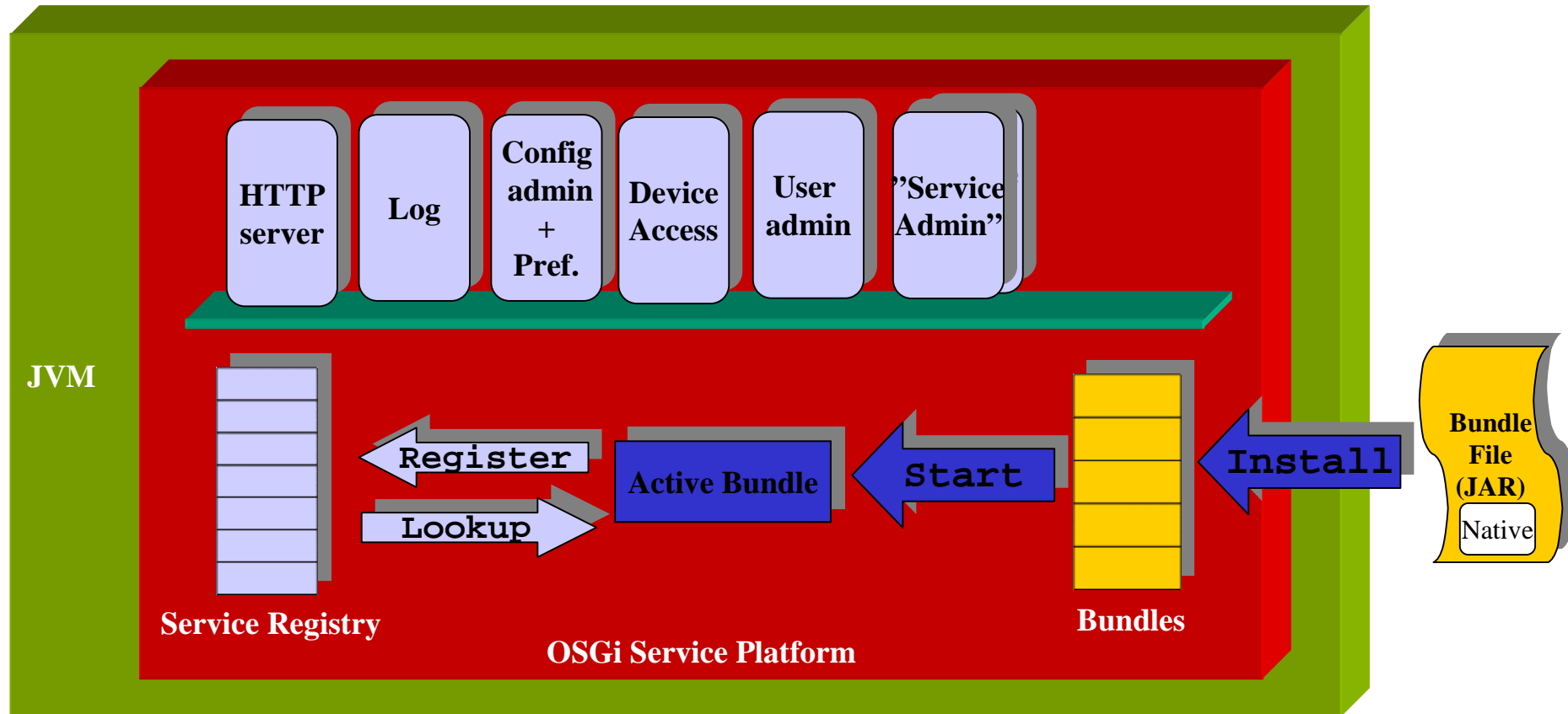
- Bundle primitives
 - Install \Leftrightarrow load the bundle into the framework
 - Start \Leftrightarrow “start” the bundle by calling a predefined method
 - Stop \Leftrightarrow “stop” the bundle by calling a predefined method
 - Uninstall \Leftrightarrow remove the bundle from the framework
 - Update \Leftrightarrow update the code of the bundle (without restarting JVM)

Concepts of OSGi - Services

- Services
 - A means for inter-bundle communication
 - A means for providing functionality
 - Dynamic publish/find/bind service model
 - A service registered under one or more Java interfaces
 - OSGi defines a number of standard services



OSGi Service Platform Overview



OSGi Compendium Services (R4)

- Defines the compendium of OSGi defined services
- Will be updated from time to time as new services are finalized
 - Log Service
 - Http Service
 - Device Access
 - Configuration Admin
 - Preferences Service
 - Metatype
 - Wire Admin
 - User Admin
 - IO Connector
 - Initial Provisioning
 - UPnP Device
 - Declarative Services
 - Event Admin
 - Service Tracker
 - XML Parser
 - Position
 - Measurement and State
 - Execution Environments

OSGi & Remote Management

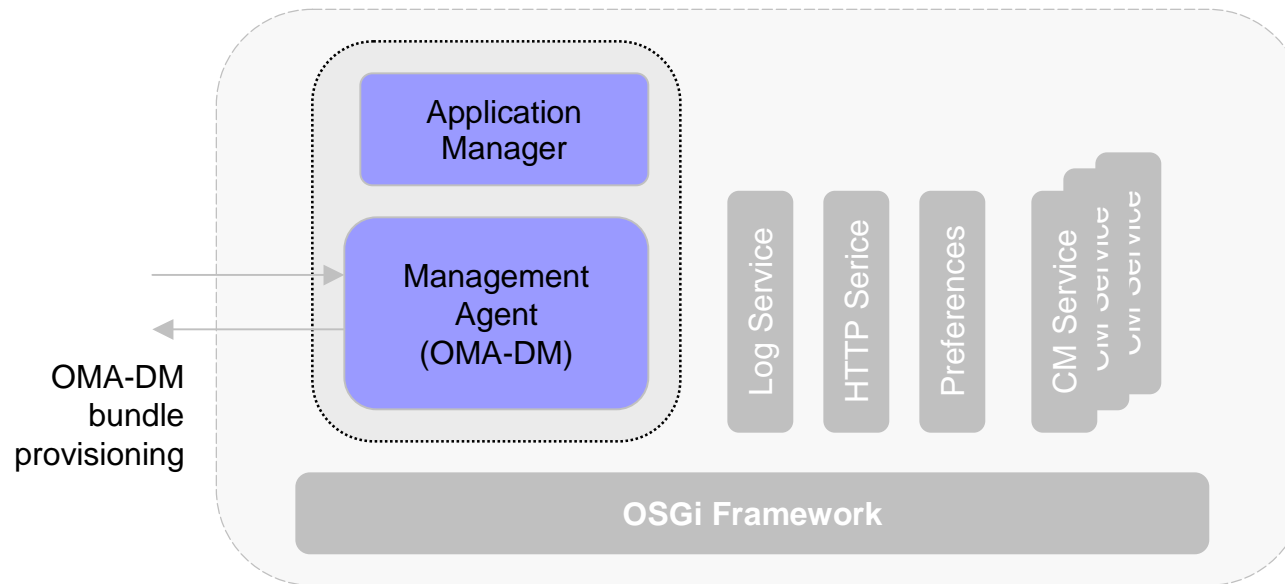
- The OSGi technology enables remote management
- But it does not dictate how to do it (so far)
 - I.e. there is no management protocol defined (except OSGi MEG)
- Instead the model assumes a Management Agent
- This is a bundle that is the link between the OSGi platform and its management system

OSGi & Remote Management

OSGi MEG defines an OMA-DM based provisioning through a management agent

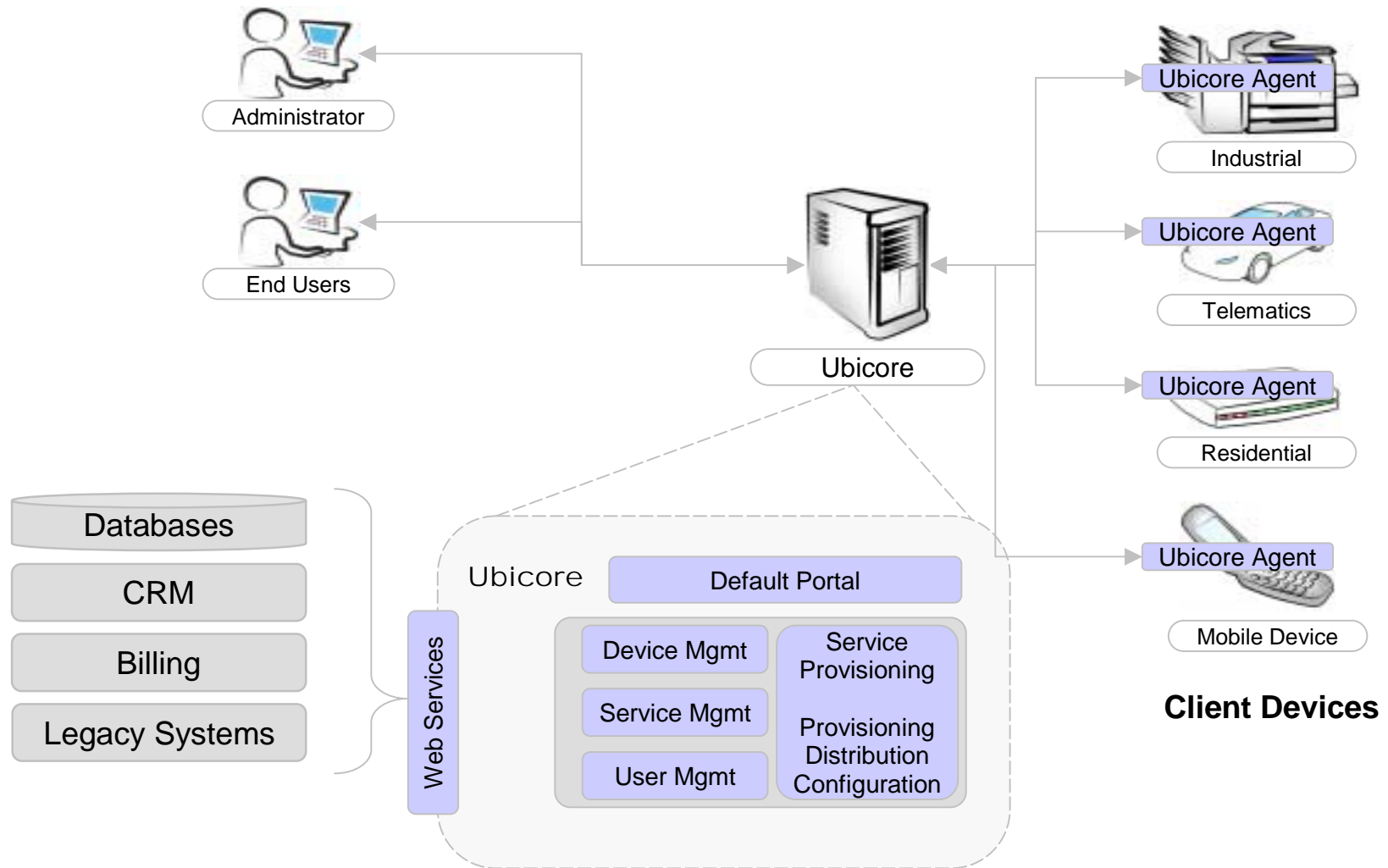
But it is not enforced, and the model is completely flexible.

Arbitrary agents can be installed supporting any protocol!

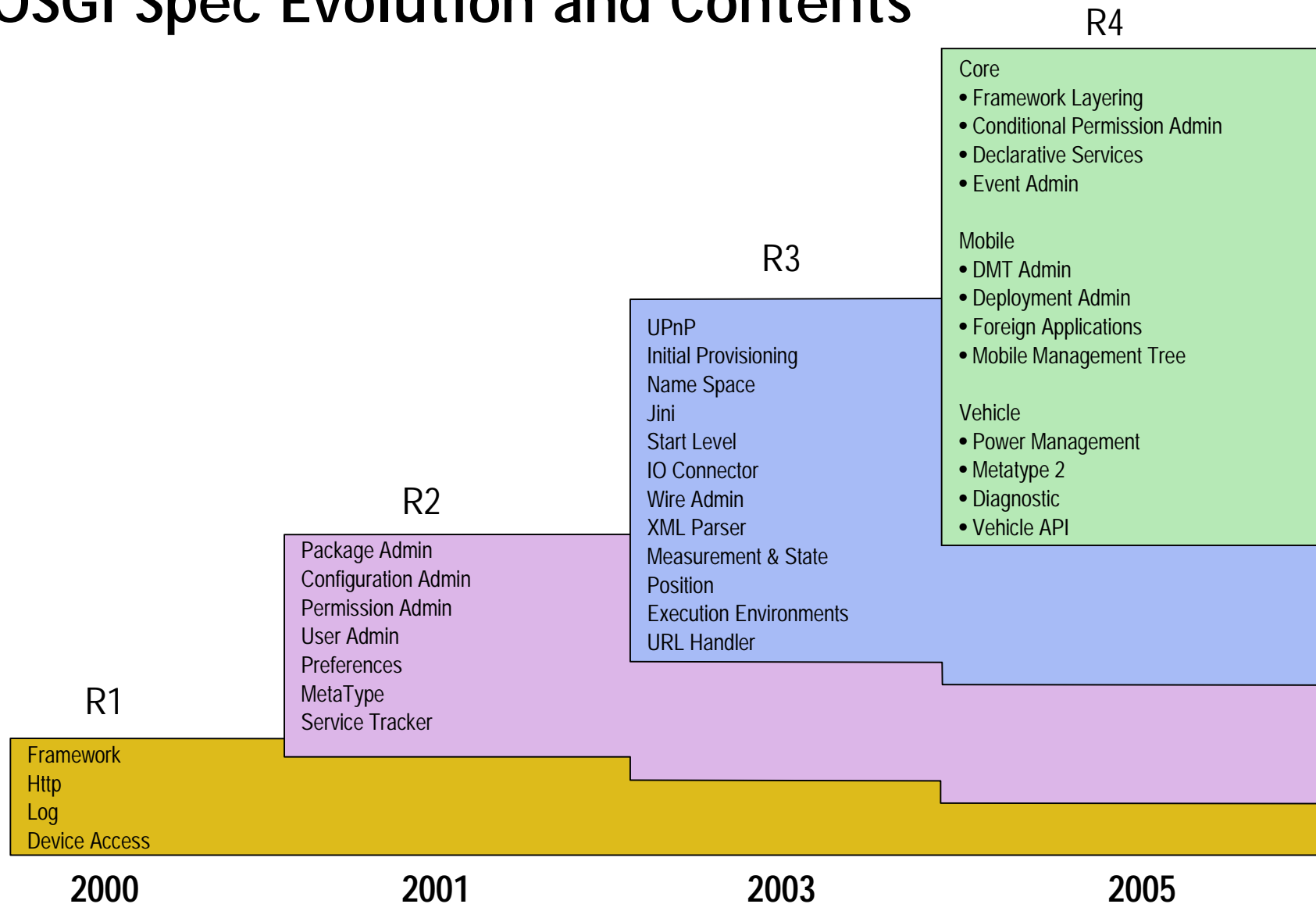


But voices have been raised saying that a std protocol is a missing feature!

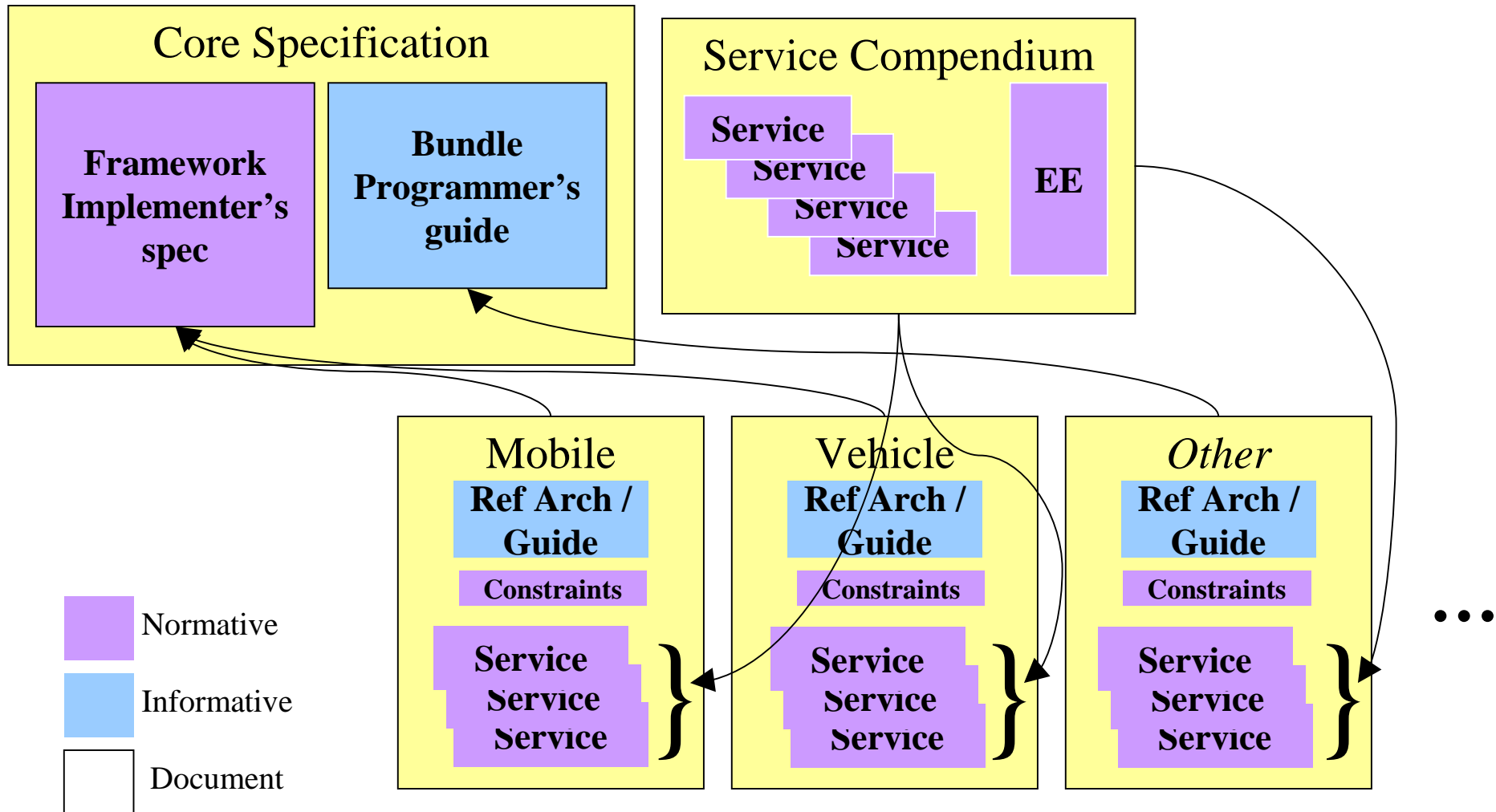
Typical Remote Management Architecture



OSGi Spec Evolution and Contents



The OSGi Specifications



The OSGi Expert Groups are creating the specs

- Core Platform Expert Group (CPEG)
 - Responsible for the Framework and core services as well as overall architecture
- Vehicle Expert Group (VEG)
 - Responsible for vehicle related requirements and designs
- Mobile Expert Group (MEG)
 - Responsible for mobile device related requirements and designs
- Enterprise Expert Group (EEG)
 - Responsible for enterprise/server related requirements and designs
- Residential Expert Group (REG)
 - Responsible for residential related requirements and designs

OSGi - open source adoption

- Significant open source adoption
- Three open source projects / implementations of the OSGi specification (R4)
 - Equinox / Eclipse
 - Felis / Apache (Oscar)
 - Knopflerfish / Makewave
- Used by several other open source projects
 - Spring DM
- Important to understand
 - The OSGi Alliance maintains the spec, and certifies for compliance
 - The open source projects are implementations of the spec.
 - I.e. the implementation is not the spec!!

Programming with OSGi

- Pros
 - Easy to get going
 - Dynamic
 - Non-stop applications
 - Basic functionality for free (standard services)
 - A new level of modularization (bundles)
- Cons
 - Dynamic

Programming with OSGi

- What if I don't care about dynamics, service lookup etc.?
 - One application, one vendor, one installation
- By using OSGi in any Java based system the modules/services often just falls into the right place.
- See the OSGi design philosophy as your guide to designing modular java applications.

Some examples - Hello World

```
package com.makewave.bundle.example.hello_world;

import org.osgi.framework.*;

public class HelloWorld implements BundleActivator {

    /**
     * Bundle is starting
     */
    public void start(final BundleContext bc) {
        System.out.println("\n*** Hello World!\n\tHere I am\n");
    }

    /**
     * Bundle is stopping
     */
    public void stop(BundleContext bc) {
        System.out.println("\n*** Hello World!\n\tI bid you farewell\n");
    }
}
```

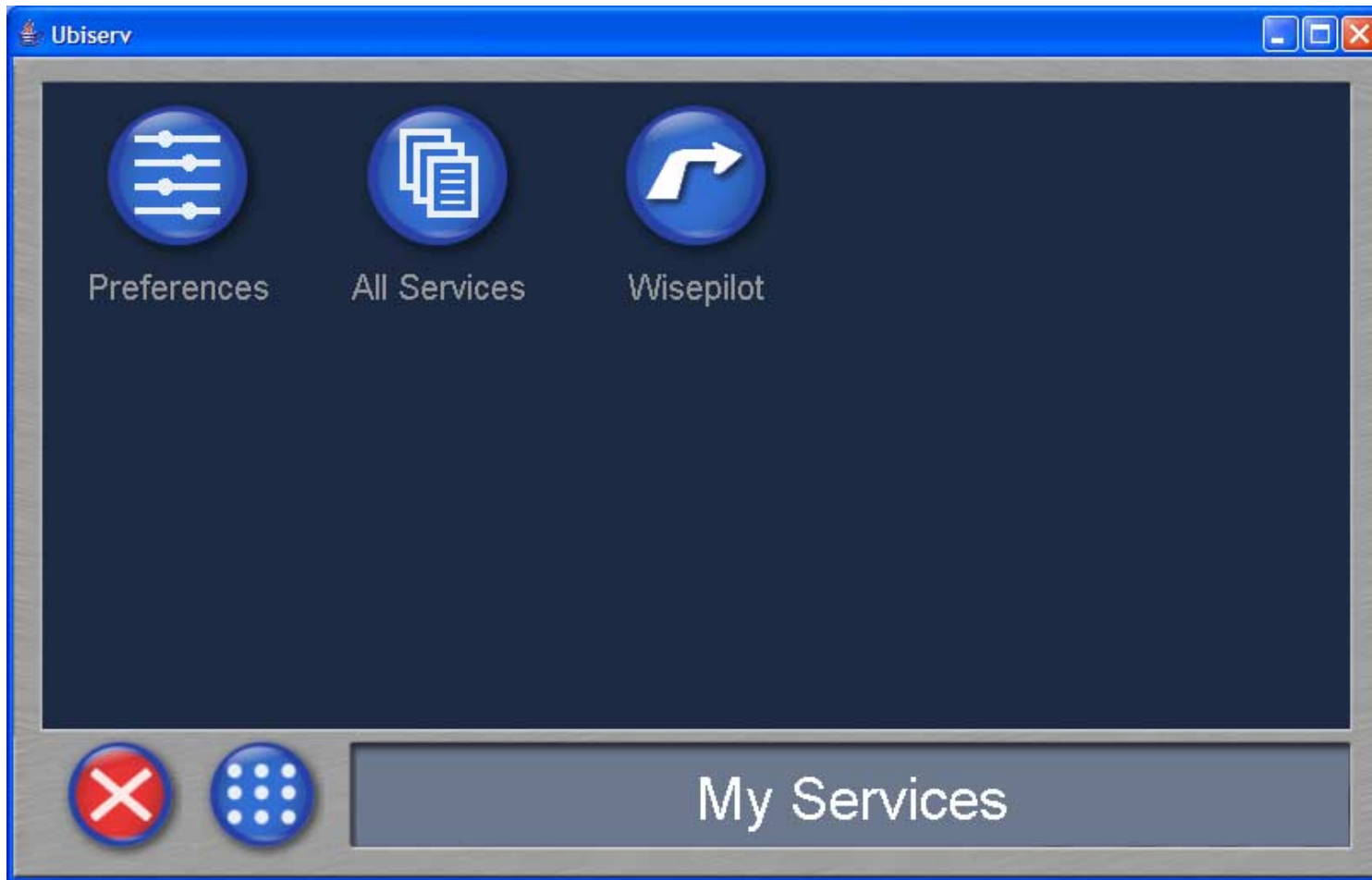
What is the whiteboard model

- A service offers `addListener` and `removeListener` methods
- Instead define a listener interface that other bundles use to register in the framework to create a listener design
- Now the framework takes care of the house-keeping when bundles come and go and
- This can be thought of as inversion of control.

Using the white board model

- The telematics R&D project called GST defined the concept of an Application Manager (Service Browser)
- The "desktop" of the in-vehicle system
- The component / service through which the end-user can manage applications from within the CVIS host

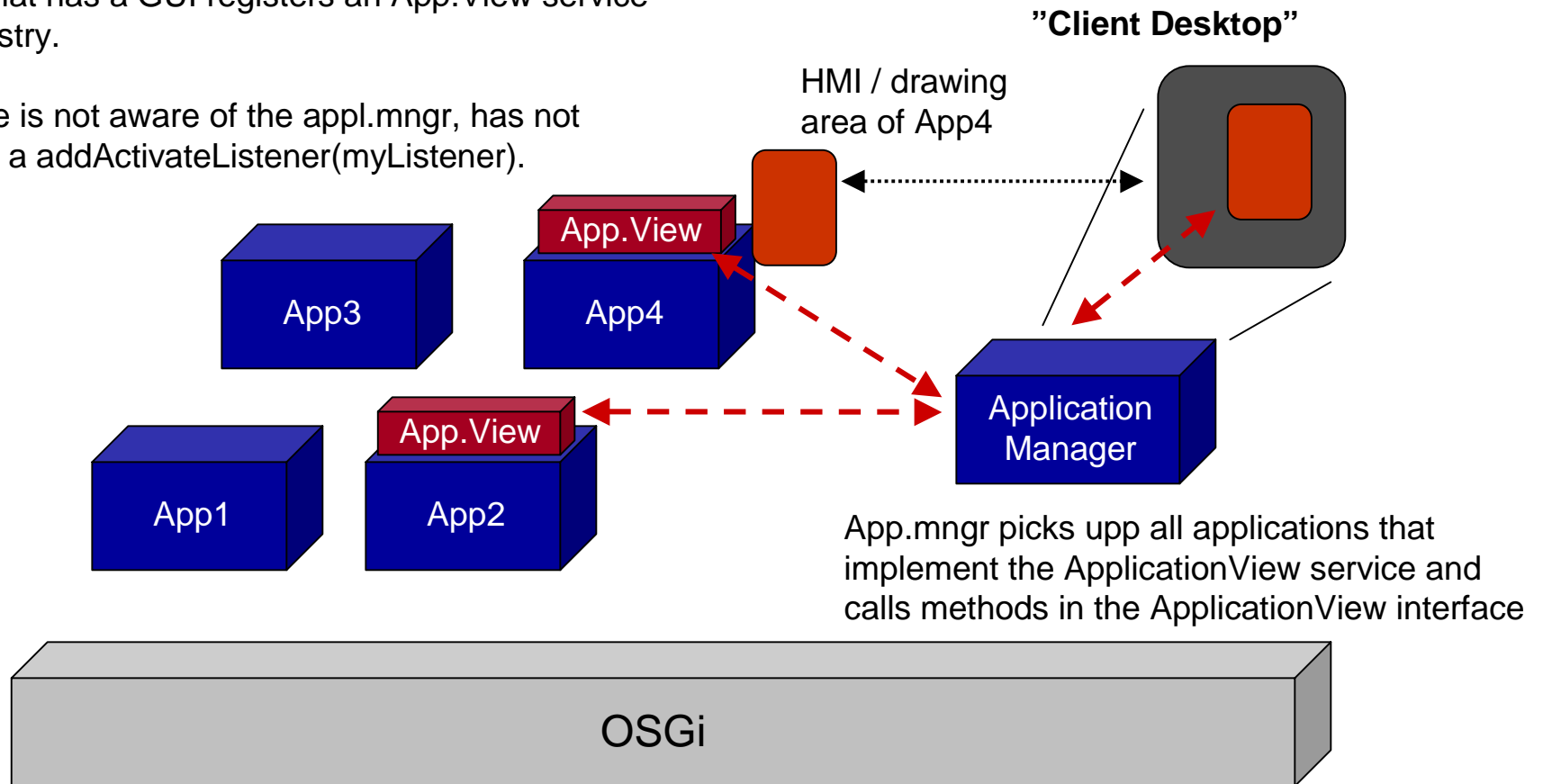
A telematics application manager



The white board model applied

Bundles that has a GUI registers an App.View service in the registry.

The bundle is not aware of the `appl.mngr`, has not registered a `addActivateListener(myListener)`.



An example of a bundle using this

```
package org.cvisproject.service.hello_cvis.impl;

import java.util.Dictionary;
import java.util.Hashtable;

import org.osgi.framework.BundleActivator;
import org.osgi.framework.BundleContext;
import org.osgi.framework.ServiceRegistration;

import com.makewave.service.appmanager.ApplicationView;

public class Activator implements BundleActivator {

    private BundleContext context;
    private ServiceRegistration viewRegistration;

    private View view;

    public void start(BundleContext context) {
        this.context = context;
        view = new View(context.getBundle());
        Dictionary properties = new Hashtable();
        properties.put(ApplicationView.APPLICATION_ID, view.getViewId());
        viewRegistration = context.registerService(ApplicationView.class.getName(),
        view, properties);
    }

    public void stop(BundleContext context) {
        viewRegistration.unregister();
    }
}
```

Exempel på hur OSGi används

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 - Embedded
 - Desktop
 - Server
- Ytterligare fördjupning

OSGi in embedded - Ricoh

**Ricoh ships MFPs with
Knopflerfish OSGi on all '05A
and coming' Ricoh models**

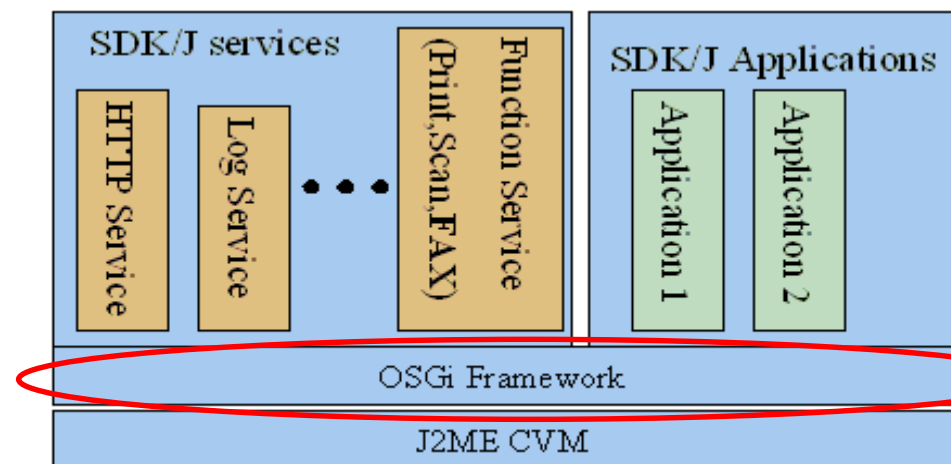
Ricoh Device Model	Category
AFICIO MP 5500/ MP 6500/ MP 7500	B/W MFP
AFICIO MP 9000/ MP 1100/ MP 1350	B/W MFP
AFICIO MP C2500/ C3000	Colour MFP
AFICIO MP C1500SP	Colour MFP
AFICIO SP 8100DN	B/W LP
AFICIO SP C410DN/ SP C411DN	Colour LP



Aficio MP 5500/MP 6500

OSGi in embedded - Ricoh

- OSGi enables a printer plug-in model.
- 3rd party apps can be loaded on the printer, extending the printer functionality.
- Core printer functions are available as OSGi services.
- Printer plug-ins are developed using an SDK.

RICOH**knopflerfish**

OSGi in telematics - BMW

- BMW 5 and 6 series ships with an OSGi framework
- Used as platform for telematics applications where multiple applications co-exist
- 3rd party applications can be enabled
- Possible to remotely manage.



OSGi in desktop - eclipse

- Eclipse is fundamentally based on a plug-in model
- Up until release 2 of Eclipse they lacked dynamics
 - restart required!
- In release 3 of eclipse they moved to an OSGi based architecture
 - Runs an OSGi framework
 - All plug-ins are bundles
 - OSGi is still hidden inside eclipse, but is becoming more and more visible

OSGi in the server side - Spring OSGi

- Spring has added support for OSGi such that a Spring application can be deployed in an OSGi environment.
- Benefits of using Spring OSGi for enterprise applications
 - Better separation of application logic into modules
 - The ability to deploy multiple versions of a module concurrently
 - The ability to dynamically discover and use services provided by other modules in the system
 - The ability to dynamically deploy, update and undeploy modules in a running system
 - Use of the Spring Framework to instantiate, configure, assemble, and decorate components within and across modules.
 - A simple and familiar programming model for enterprise developers to exploit the features of the OSGi platform.

OSGi in the desktop / server side

- John Kellerman IBM product manager:
 - ”....IBM today consumes and redistributes 15 projects from Eclipse in over 350 products...”
- The whole Lotus suite is now running OSGi for instance....

Server side OSGi is just beginning....

- There is really exciting work going on inside the Enterprise Expert Group
 - OSGi R5 will include new features for better supporting enterprise
- Companies involved:
 - Siemens (co-chair)
 - Iona (co-chair)
 - BEA
 - Oracle
 - RedHat (JBoss)
 - IBM
 - SpringSource
 - Makewave

OSGi EEG work items includes

- Scaling including multi-container and multi-process environments
- Language bindings for enterprise services including, but not limited to the Java language
- Distributed and/or federated service model:
 - within multiple Service Platforms
 - with external, heterogeneous systems
- Requirements for extensions to the OSGi publish/find/bind service model
- bundle dependencies profiling and matching
- enterprise-class life-cycle and configuration management
 - from initial provisioning
 - through software and asset management, patching, etc.
 - focused on desktops, laptops, and servers
 - including reliability, availability, serviceability concerns

Ytterligare fördjupning

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Resources

- OSGi Alliance www.osgi.org
 - Peter Kriens blog: www.osgi.org/blog
 - Specification: www2.osgi.org/Specifications/HomePage
- Open source implementations
 - Knopflerfish, www.knopflerfish.org
 - Equinox, www.eclipse.org/equinox
 - Apache Felix, felix.apache.org
- User's Forums in
 - Japan, Korea, Spain, France
 - OSGi User Forum Japan has ~80 member companies!
 - and there is one in Sweden too!

OSGi User's Forum Sweden

- Det finns en svensk OSGi-användarförening
 - En ideel förening
- § 2 Föreningens syfte
 - Föreningen har till ändamål att främja medlemmarnas intressen genom att aktivt delta i diskussion och utveckling av OSGi teknologi, samt att främja dess användning.
- Öppen för alla, juridiska personer såväl som individer
- Webplats:
 - <http://sweden.osgiusers.org/>
 - maillista

Articles on OSGi

- SD times named OSGi:
 - "a quite contender for the title of most important technology of the decade".
 - <http://www.sdtimes.com/article/story-20070601-27.html>



Thank You!

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CEO

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