

Mark Heckler  
José Pereda

Jfokus 2014  
IoT

# G-Force!

Using Java to Build  
Self-Powering Global Sensor Nets  
for the Internet of Things



# Introductions

## José Pereda

- ▶ Dr. Industrial Engineer in structures
- ▶ University of Valladolid, Spain
- ▶ JavaFX, Embedded, Virtual UI
- ▶ Commercial, government & open source
- ▶ <http://jperedadnr.blogspot.com.es>
- ▶ [@JPeredaDnr](#)



# Introductions

## Mark Heckler

- ▶ Java Software Architect/Engineer
- ▶ Checkmark Solutions, Oracle USA
- ▶ Java EE, JavaFX, Embedded
- ▶ Government, commercial & open source
- ▶ <http://www.thehecklers.org>
- ▶ <https://blogs.oracle.com/javajungle>
- ▶ [@MkHeck](https://twitter.com/@MkHeck)



# Topics

- ▶ The Need for Remote Monitoring
- ▶ Requirements
- ▶ One Approach
  - Software
  - Hardware
  - Power
- ▶ Building It!
- ▶ Questions?



# Topics

- ▶ The Need for Remote Monitoring
- ▶ Requirements
- ▶ One Approach
  - Software
  - Hardware
  - Power
- ▶ Building It!
- ▶ Questions?



# The Need for Remote Monitoring

## Systems

- ▶ Retail locations
- ▶ Industrial
- ▶ Energy production



# The Need for Remote Monitoring

## Security mechanisms

- ▶ Barriers
- ▶ Gates
- ▶ Panels (hardware or software)
- ▶ Aural/visual



# The Need for Remote Monitoring

## Other

- ▶ Seismic
- ▶ Atmospheric
- ▶ Anything that can be monitored or measured with a sensor!



# Topics

- ▶ The Need for Remote Monitoring
- ▶ Requirements
- ▶ One Approach
  - Software
  - Hardware
  - Power
- ▶ Building It!
- ▶ Questions?



# Requirements: Entire System

## Ease of setup

- ▶ Should work with very few components
- ▶ Fast and easy to install/configure
- ▶ Minimal physical and logical footprint



# Requirements: Entire System

## Communication

- ▶ Mechanisms to support any required/desired connectivity
- ▶ Reliable



# Requirements: Entire System

## Performance

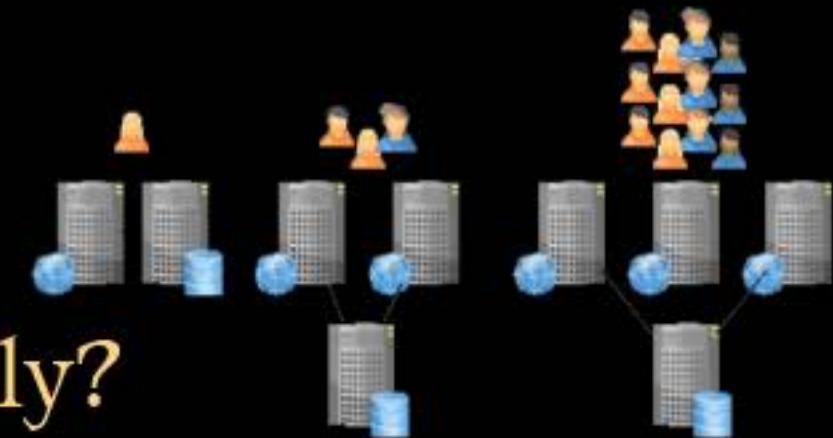
- ▶ System performance should be **sufficient**
- ▶ Various criteria (devices, comm, etc.)
- ▶ Tunable



# Requirements: Entire System

## Expandability/Scalability/Migratability

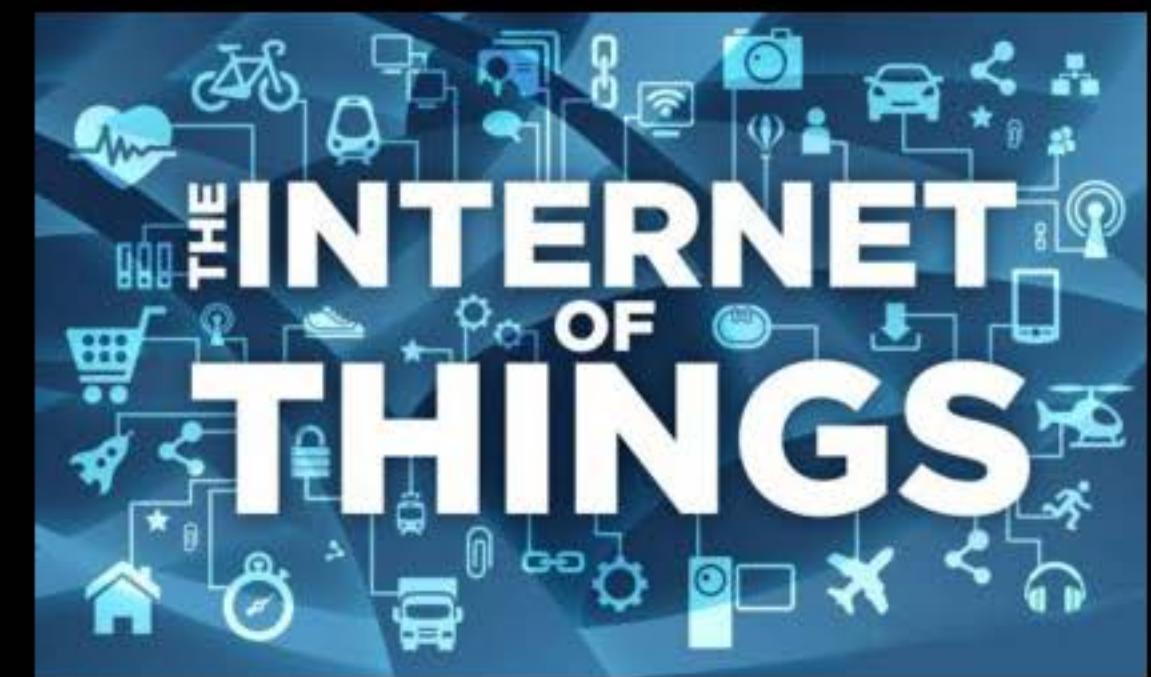
- ▶ In most situations, **small** wins
- ▶ Full functionality from basic configuration
- ▶ Add components (system nodes, client nodes) without disruption
- ▶ What if system must grow exponentially?



# Requirements: Entire System

## Standards-based

- ▶ The Internet of Things is a young area
- ▶ Smart approach is to build upon standards
- ▶ Extend when necessary



# Requirements: Entire System

## Deployability

- ▶ Remote accessibility/configurability  
(ssh, vnc, etc.)
- ▶ Compactness

## Low power requirements

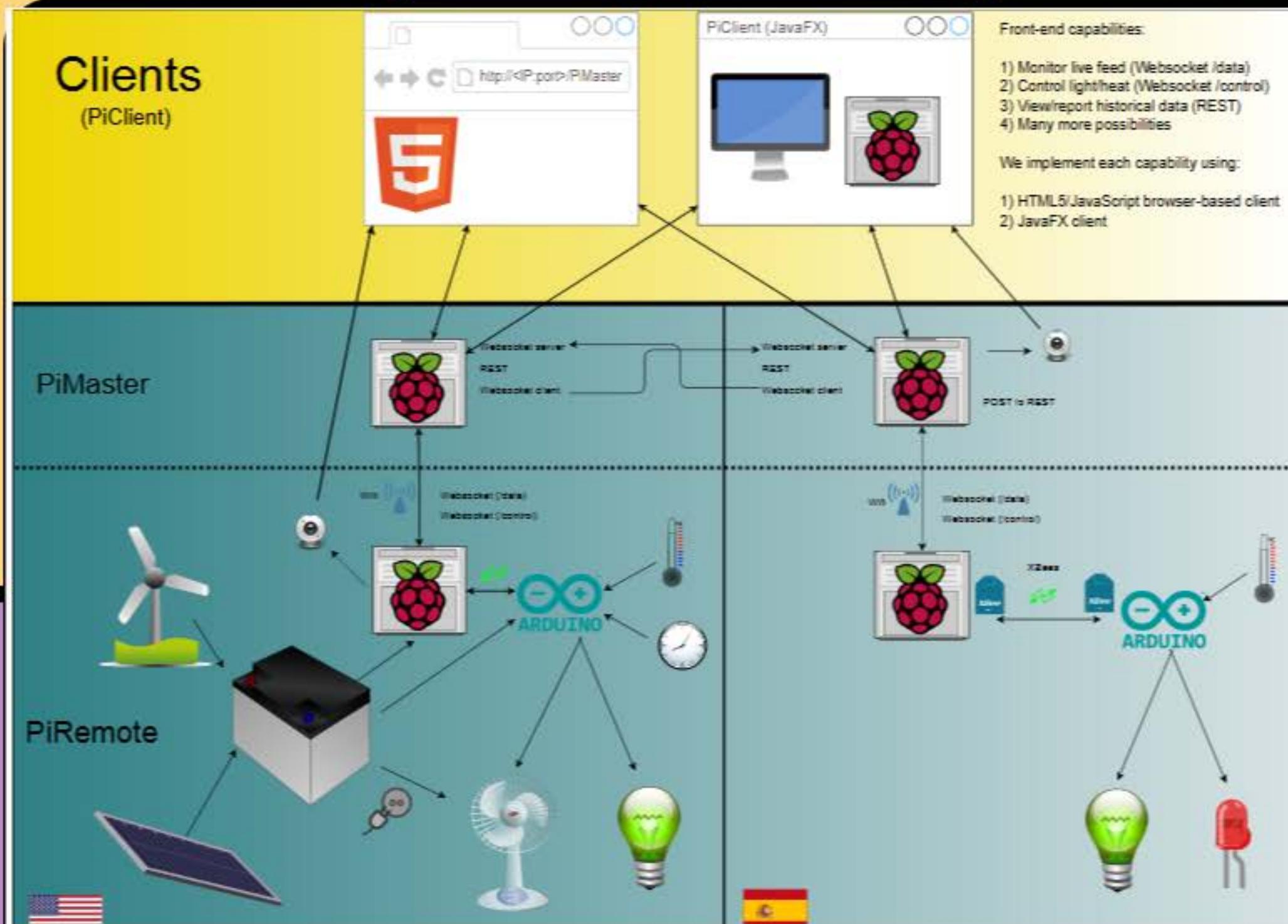


# Topics

- ▶ The Need for Remote Monitoring
- ▶ Requirements
- ▶ One Approach
  - Software
  - Hardware
  - Power
- ▶ Building It!
- ▶ Questions?



# One Approach: Overview



# One Approach: Software

Java forms the heart of the system

- ▶ Servers
- ▶ Remote node “concentrator”
- ▶ Rich clients



# One Approach: Software

Arduino handles sensor duties

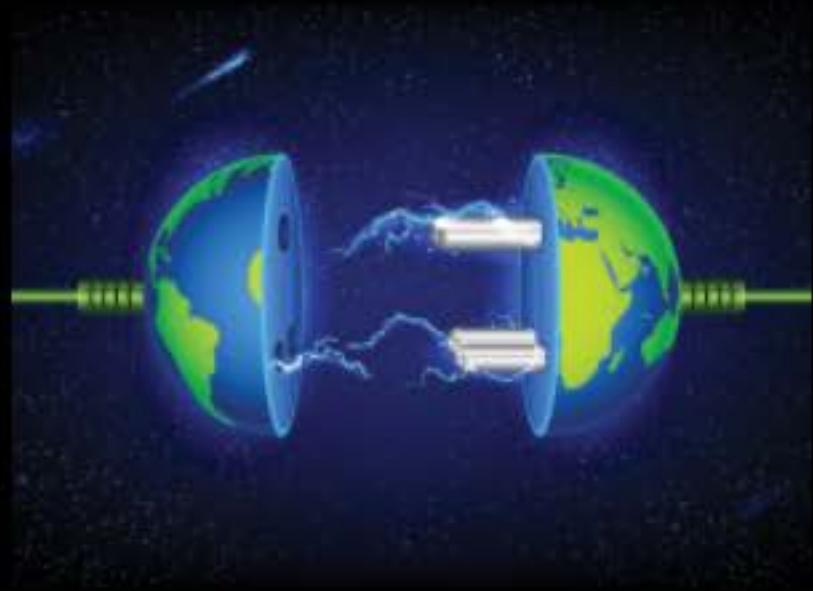
- ▶ Standards-based
- ▶ Open source
- ▶ Rich ecosystem



# One Approach: Software

Web standards fill out the rest

- ▶ REST! (Web, Java)
- ▶ WebSocket (Web, Java)
- ▶ HTML5/JavaScript for everywhere else



# One Approach: Hardware

## Raspberry Pi

- ▶ Raspbian ships with Java SE Embedded
- ▶ Readily supports Java EE 7 (GlassFish 4)
- ▶ Compact
- ▶ Inexpensive
- ▶ Widely available



# One Approach: Hardware

## Arduino

- ▶ Shields, shields, shields!
- ▶ Inexpensive & widely available
- ▶ Processing language similar to Java
- ▶ Open source **hardware**
- ▶ Barely sips power, robust/durable
- ▶ 7-12V rated input voltage; can take 6-20V!
- ▶ Provides both 3.3V & 5V outputs



# One Approach: Hardware

## Communication hardware

- ▶ WiFi adapters
- ▶ Serial connections
- ▶ Ethernet (for Pi servers)
- ▶ XBee



# One Approach: Power

Incorporating into Renewable Energy system

- ▶ Monitors RE production/consumption
- ▶ Powered by system it monitors

Low power consumption

- ▶ Good for entire system
- ▶ Critical for remote node cluster



# Topics

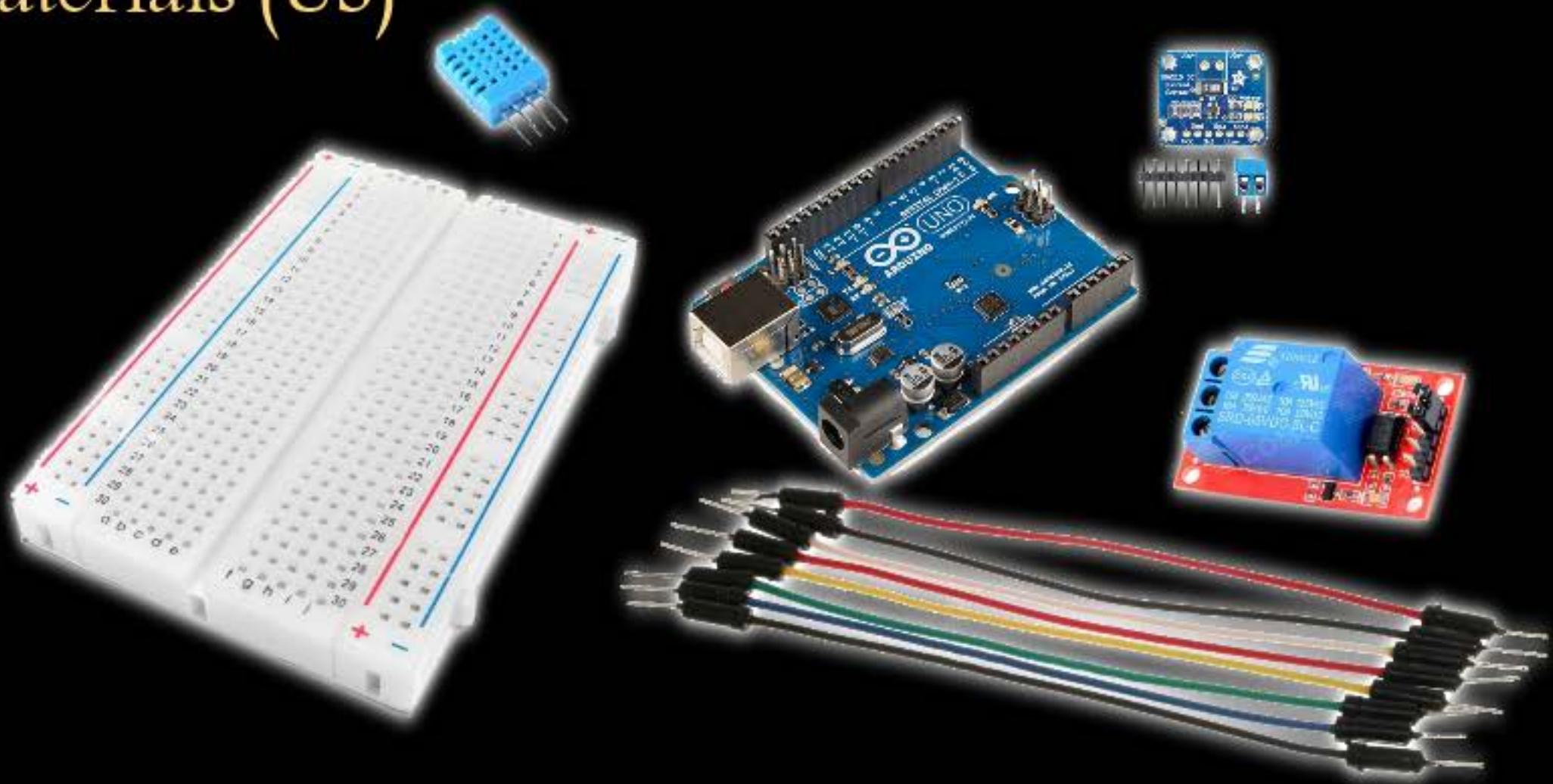
- ▶ The Need for Remote Monitoring
- ▶ Requirements
- ▶ One Approach
  - Software
  - Hardware
  - Power
- ▶ Building It!
- ▶ Questions?



# Building It! Backend

Start with the sensors

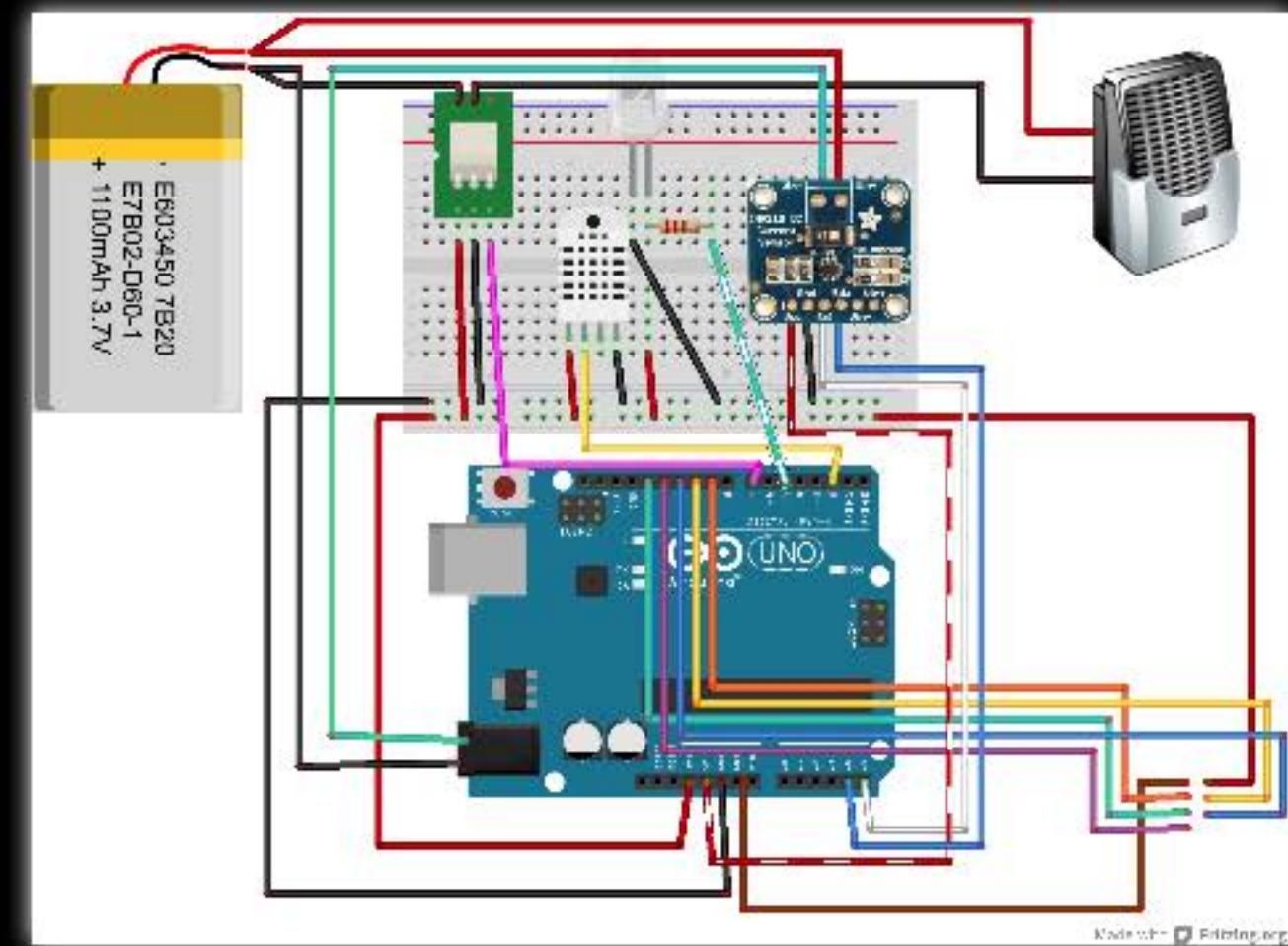
- ▶ Bill of Materials (US)



## Building It! Backend

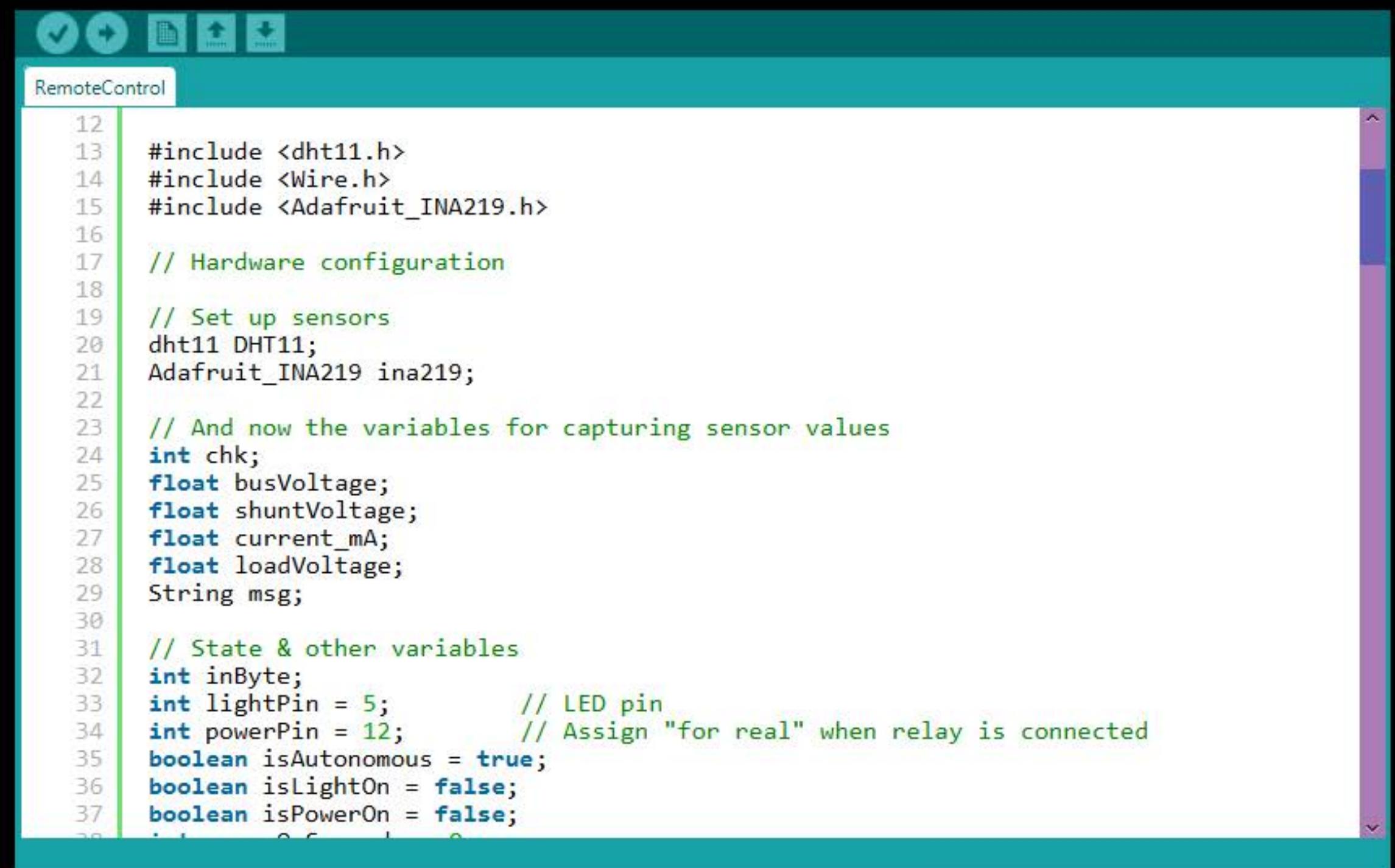
## Start with the sensors

- ## ► Schematics - Fritzing (US)



## Building It! Backend

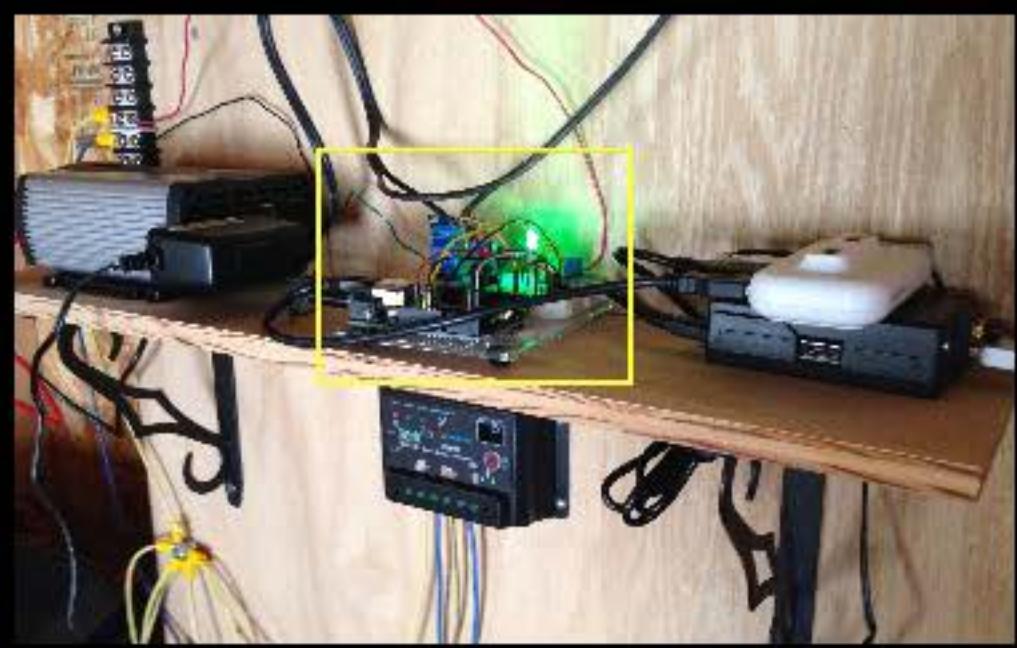
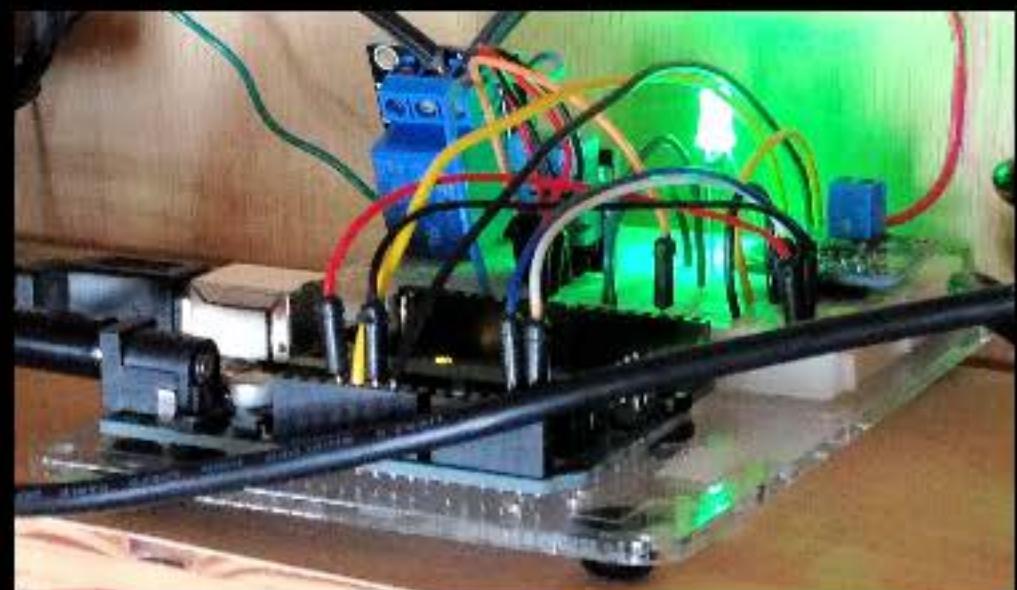
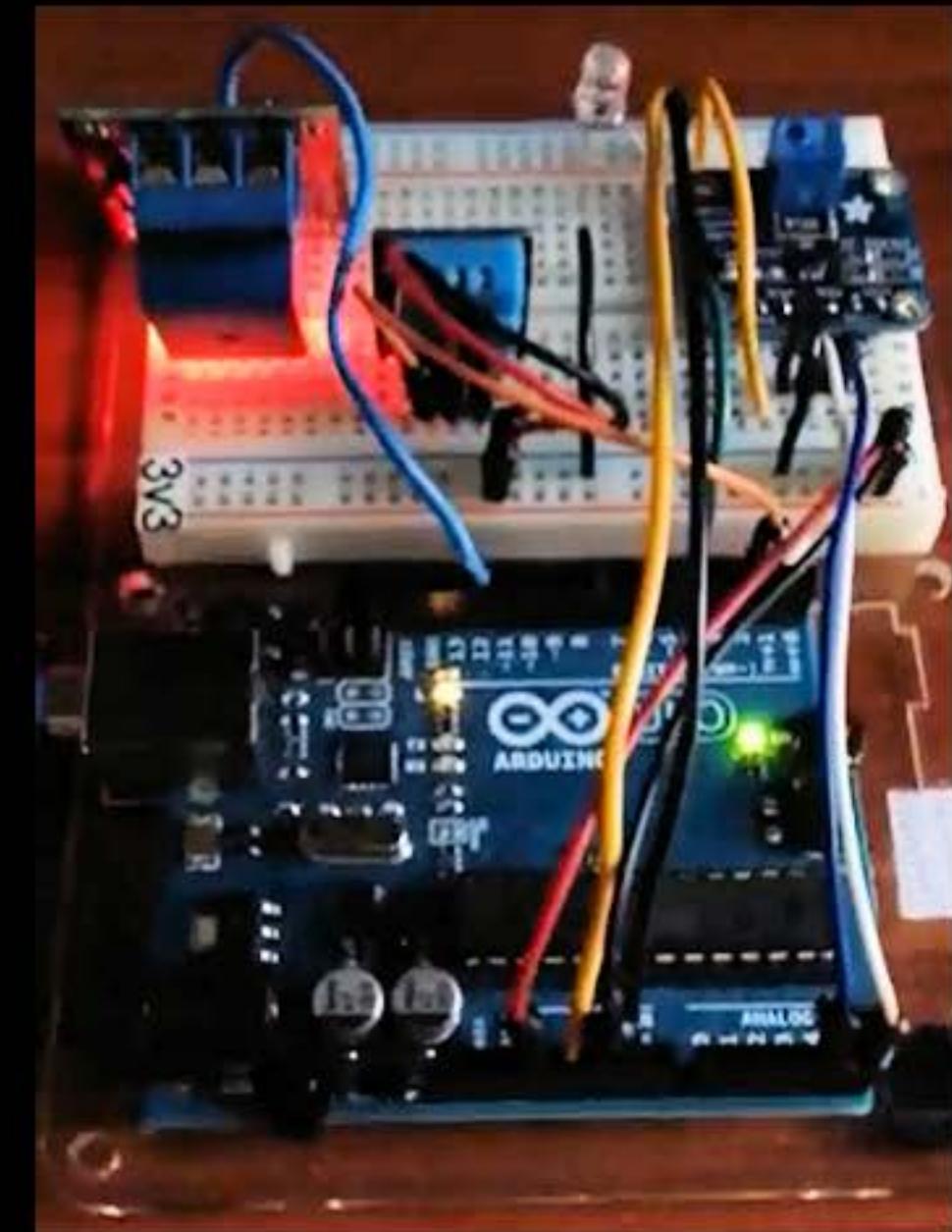
## Arduino IDE



# Building It! Backend

Deploy the sensors

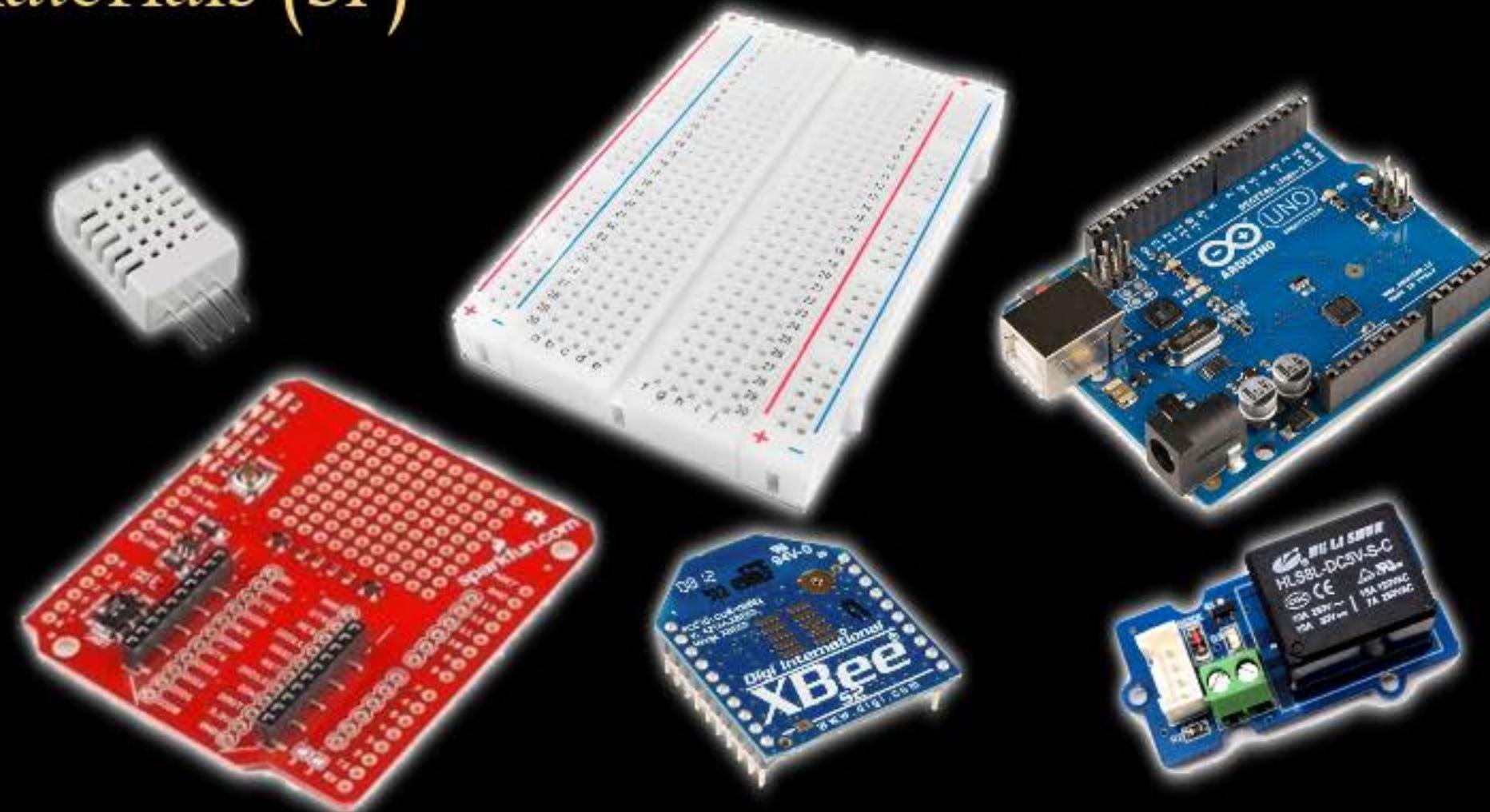
- ▶ Shed (US)



# Building It! Backend

Start with the sensors

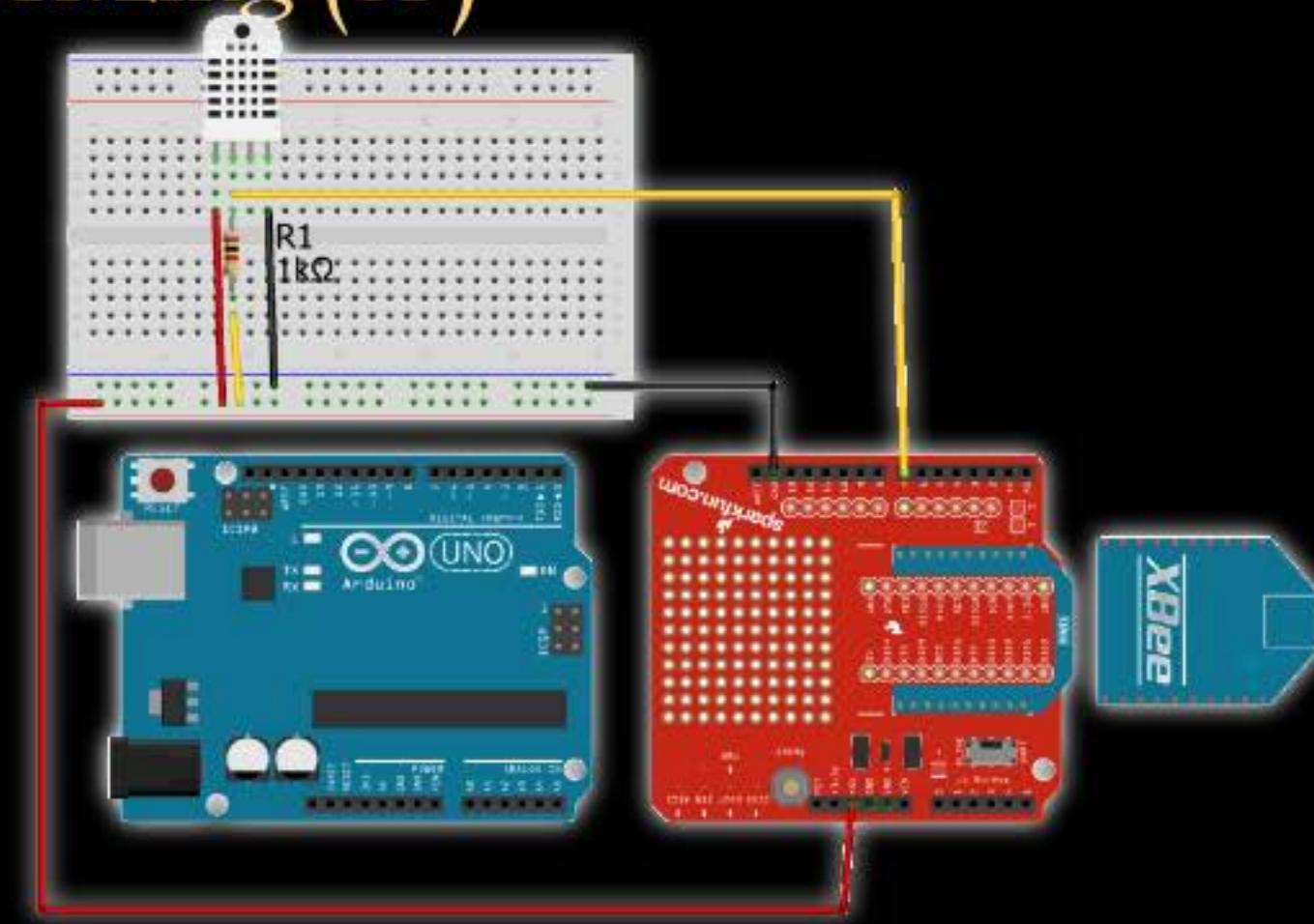
- ▶ Bill of Materials (SP)



# Building It! Backend

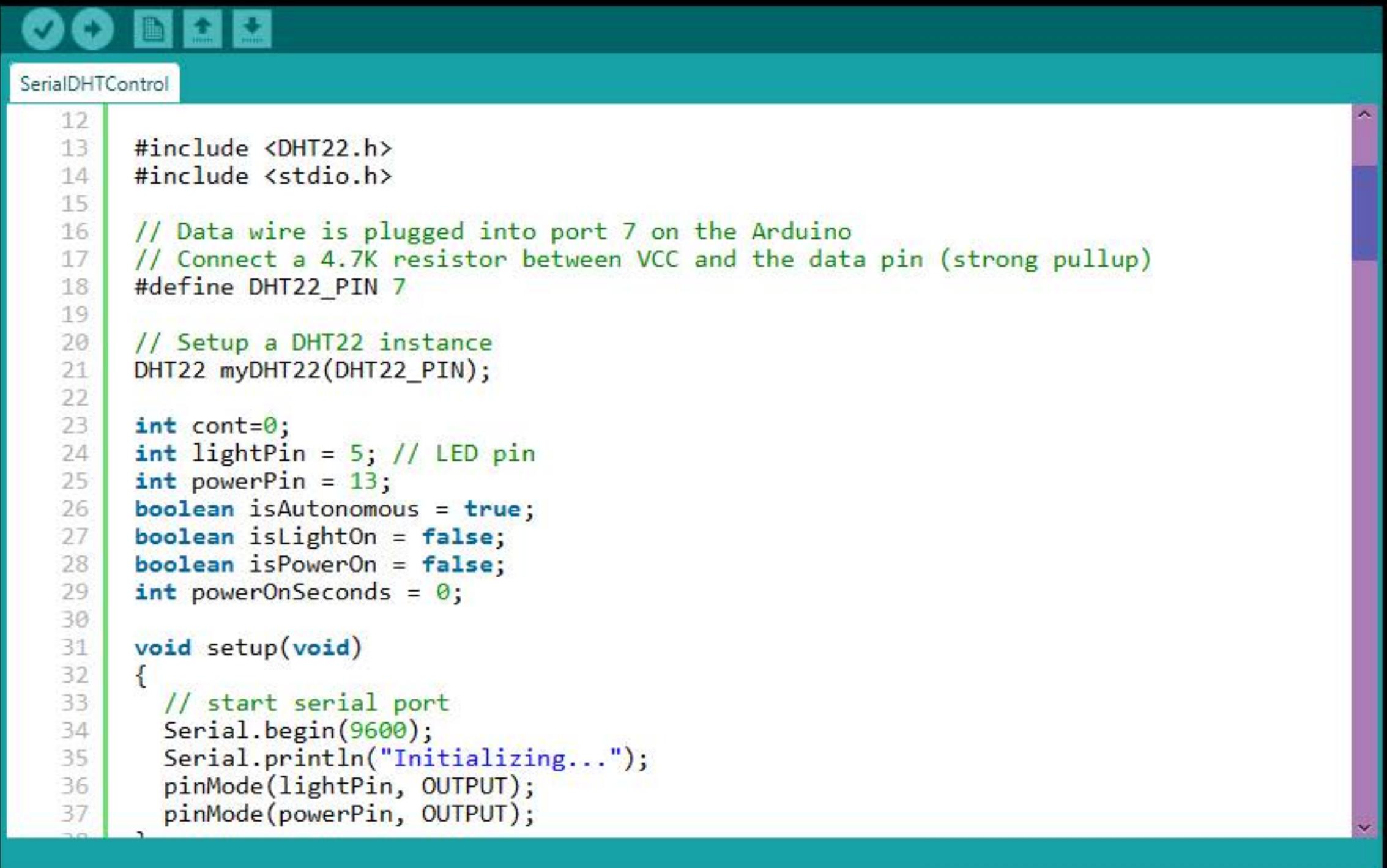
Start with the sensors

- Schematics – Fritzing (SP)



# Building It! Backend

## Arduino IDE



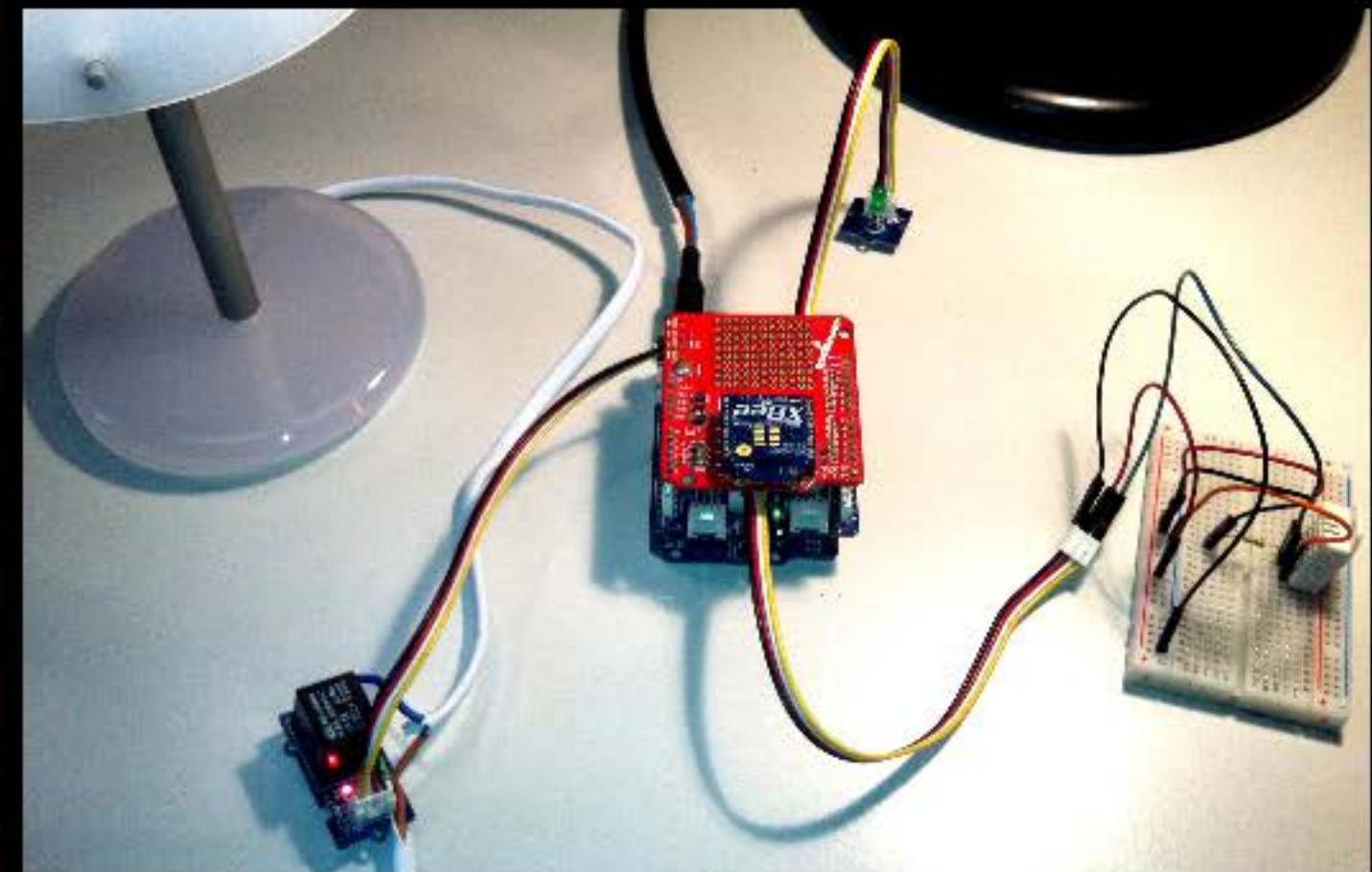
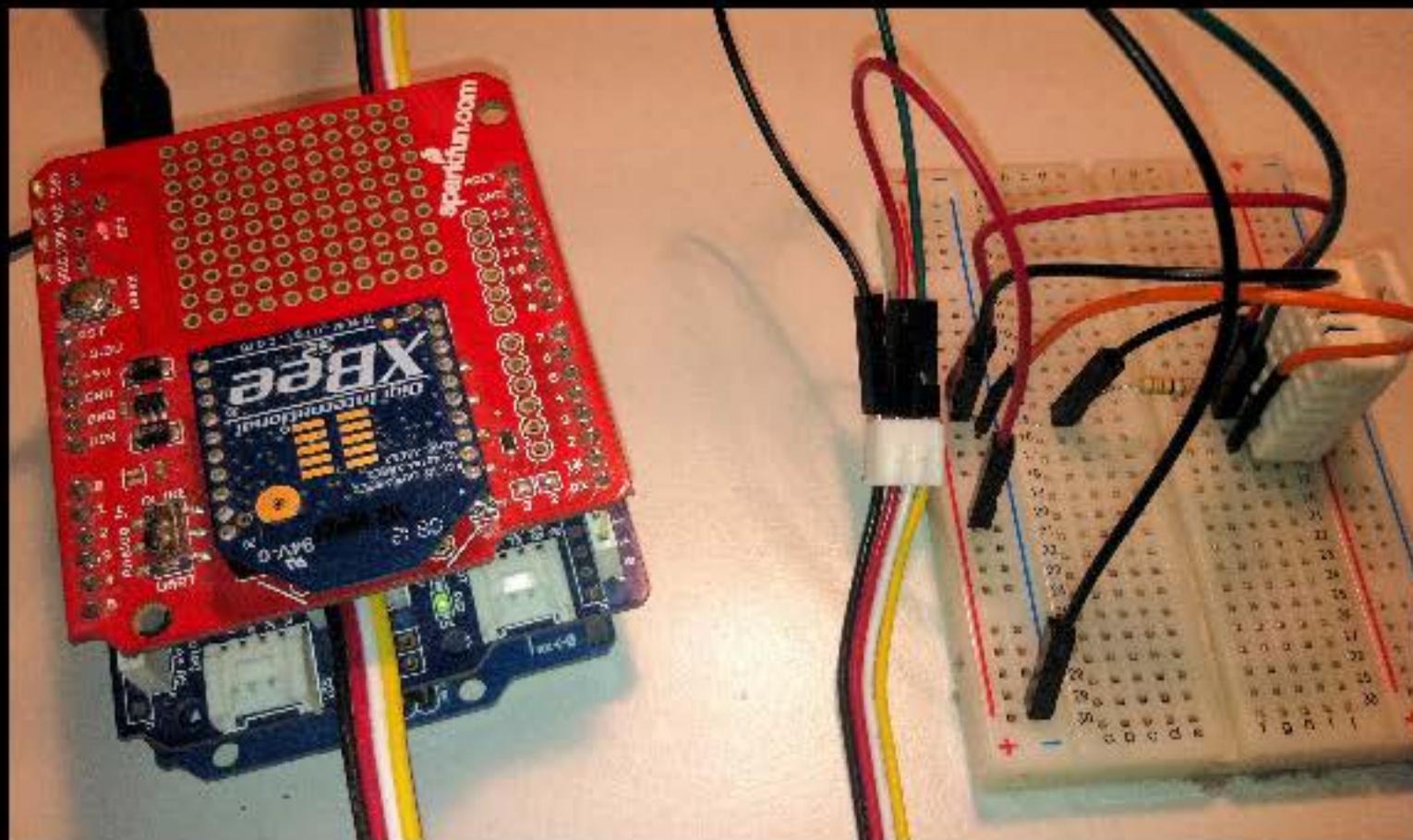
```
SerialDHTControl
12
13 #include <DHT22.h>
14 #include <stdio.h>
15
16 // Data wire is plugged into port 7 on the Arduino
17 // Connect a 4.7K resistor between VCC and the data pin (strong pullup)
18 #define DHT22_PIN 7
19
20 // Setup a DHT22 instance
21 DHT22 myDHT22(DHT22_PIN);
22
23 int cont=0;
24 int lightPin = 5; // LED pin
25 int powerPin = 13;
26 boolean isAutonomous = true;
27 boolean isLightOn = false;
28 boolean isPowerOn = false;
29 int powerOnSeconds = 0;
30
31 void setup(void)
32 {
33     // start serial port
34     Serial.begin(9600);
35     Serial.println("Initializing...");
36     pinMode(lightPin, OUTPUT);
37     pinMode(powerPin, OUTPUT);
38 }
```



# Building It! Backend

## Deploy the sensors

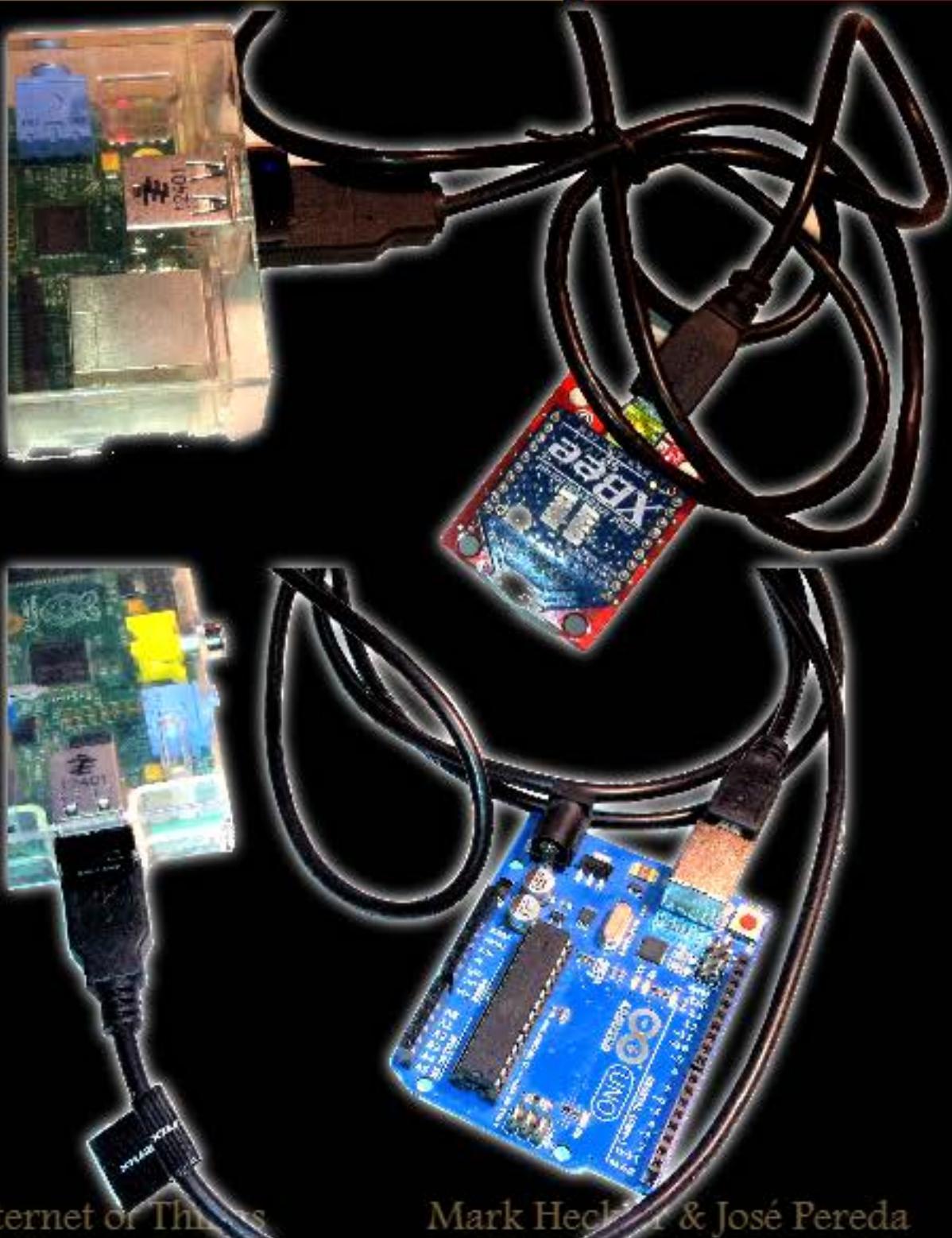
- ▶ Home (SP)



# Building It! Gateway

Gateway: Remote “concentrator”

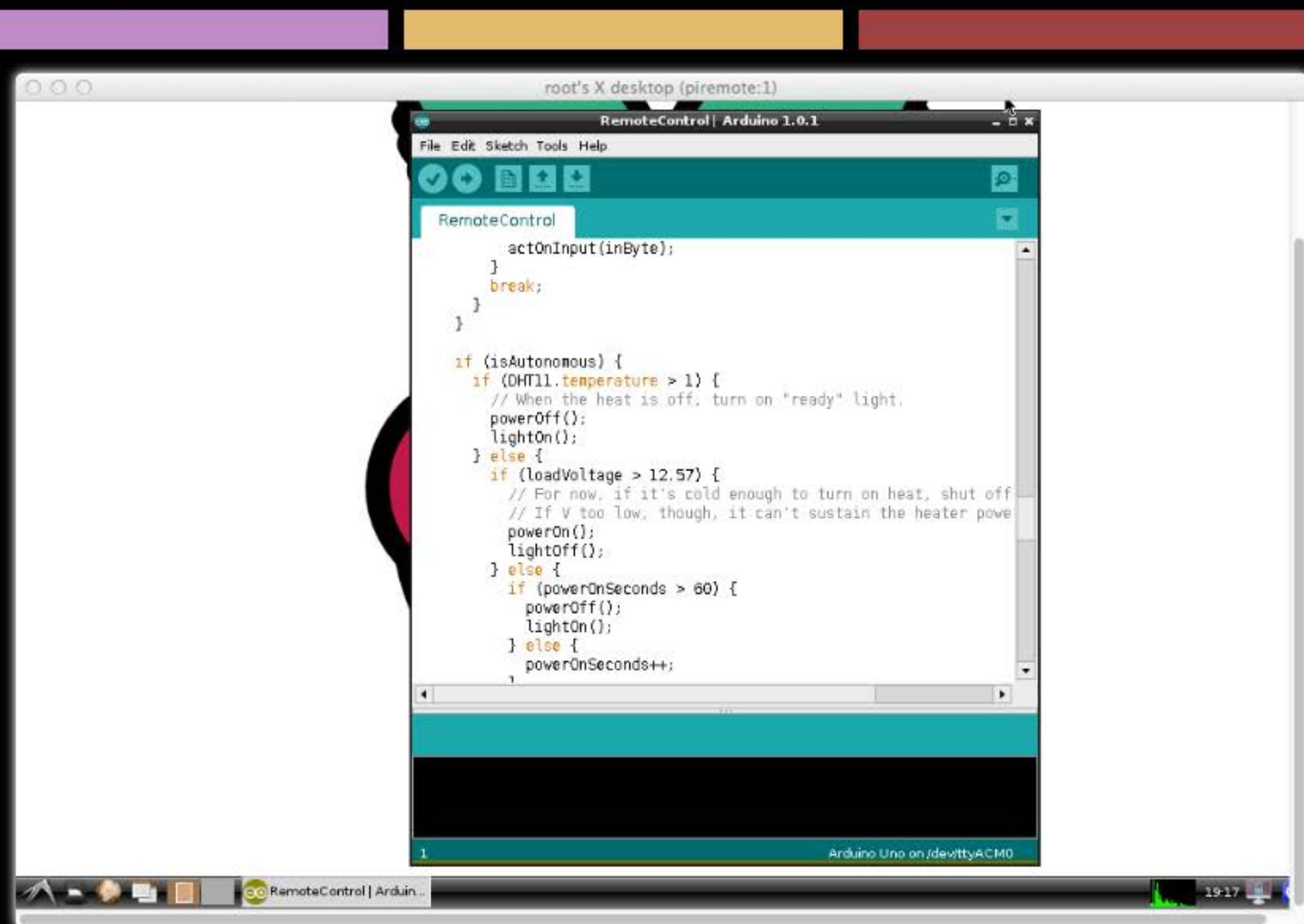
- ▶ Raspberry Pi
- ▶ Java SE
- ▶ Serial: RXTX library
- ▶ Arduino: USB/ZigBee
- ▶ Local Log
- ▶ Server: WebSockets



# Building It! Gateway

## Remote Control

### ► Arduino



The screenshot shows the Arduino IDE interface with a sketch titled "RemoteControl". The code implements a control loop that checks for input from a remote control and performs actions based on the received command. It also monitors the DHT11 temperature sensor and the current load voltage to manage a heater and a light. The Arduino Uno is connected to the computer via /dev/ttyACM0.

```
RemoteControl
    actOnInput(inByte);
}
break;
}

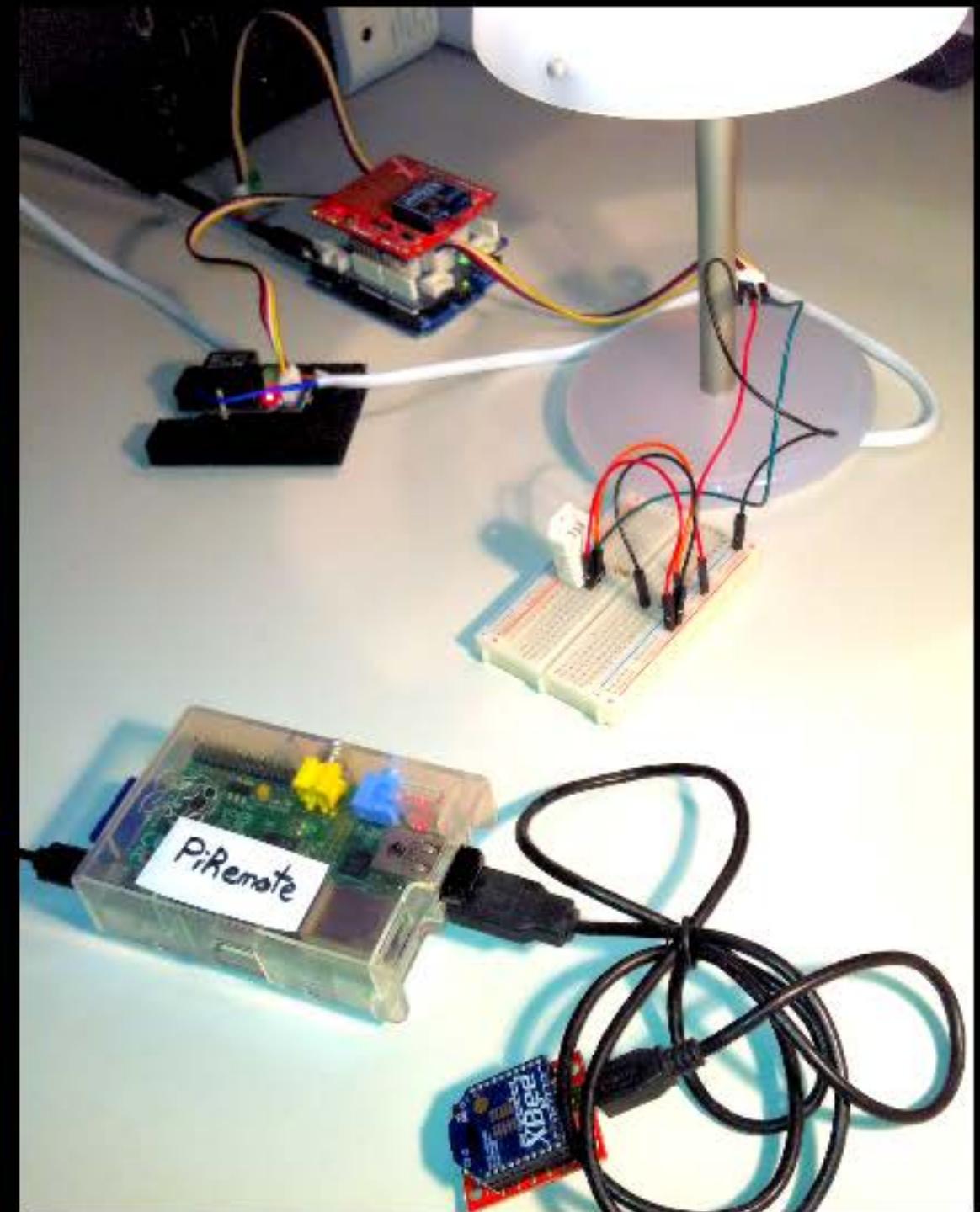
if (isAutonomous) {
    if (DHT11.temperature > 1) {
        // When the heat is off, turn on "ready" light.
        powerOff();
        lightOn();
    } else {
        if (loadVoltage > 12.57) {
            // For now, if it's cold enough to turn on heat, shut off
            // If V too low, though, it can't sustain the heater power
            powerOn();
            lightOff();
        } else {
            if (powerOnSeconds > 60) {
                powerOff();
                lightOn();
            } else {
                powerOnSeconds++;
            }
        }
    }
}
```



# Building It! Gateway

## Deploy the Gateway

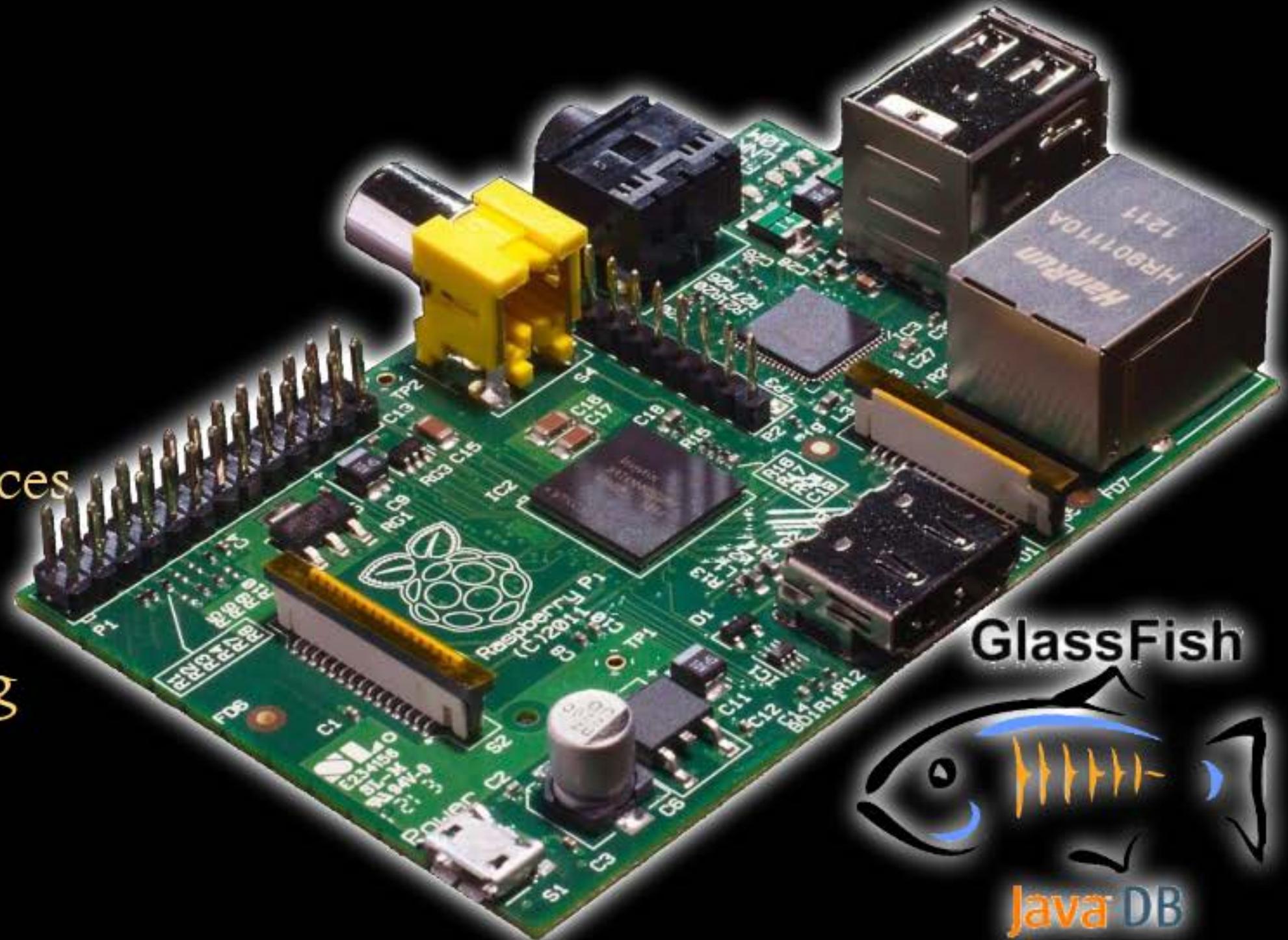
- ▶ Shed (US) & Home (SP)



# Building It! Server

## Application Server

- ▶ Raspberry Pi
- ▶ GlassFish 4.0
  - Web Profile
  - WebSockets
  - RESTful web services
- ▶ JavaDB
- ▶ Optional logging



# Building It! Server

## Crossed Link between servers

- US server acts as client of SP server



```
{"id":0,"sensor":1,"time":"Tue Feb 04 01:39:30 CET 2014","temp":17.8,"hum":41.4,"volts":1210.0,"amps":-1.0}  
{"id":0,"sensor":1,"time":"Tue Feb 04 01:39:36 CET 2014","temp":17.8,"hum":41.4,"volts":1210.0,"amps":-1.0}  
{"id":0,"sensor":1,"time":"Tue Feb 04 01:39:42 CET 2014","temp":17.8,"hum":41.5,"volts":1210.0,"amps":-1.0}
```

- SP server acts as client of US server



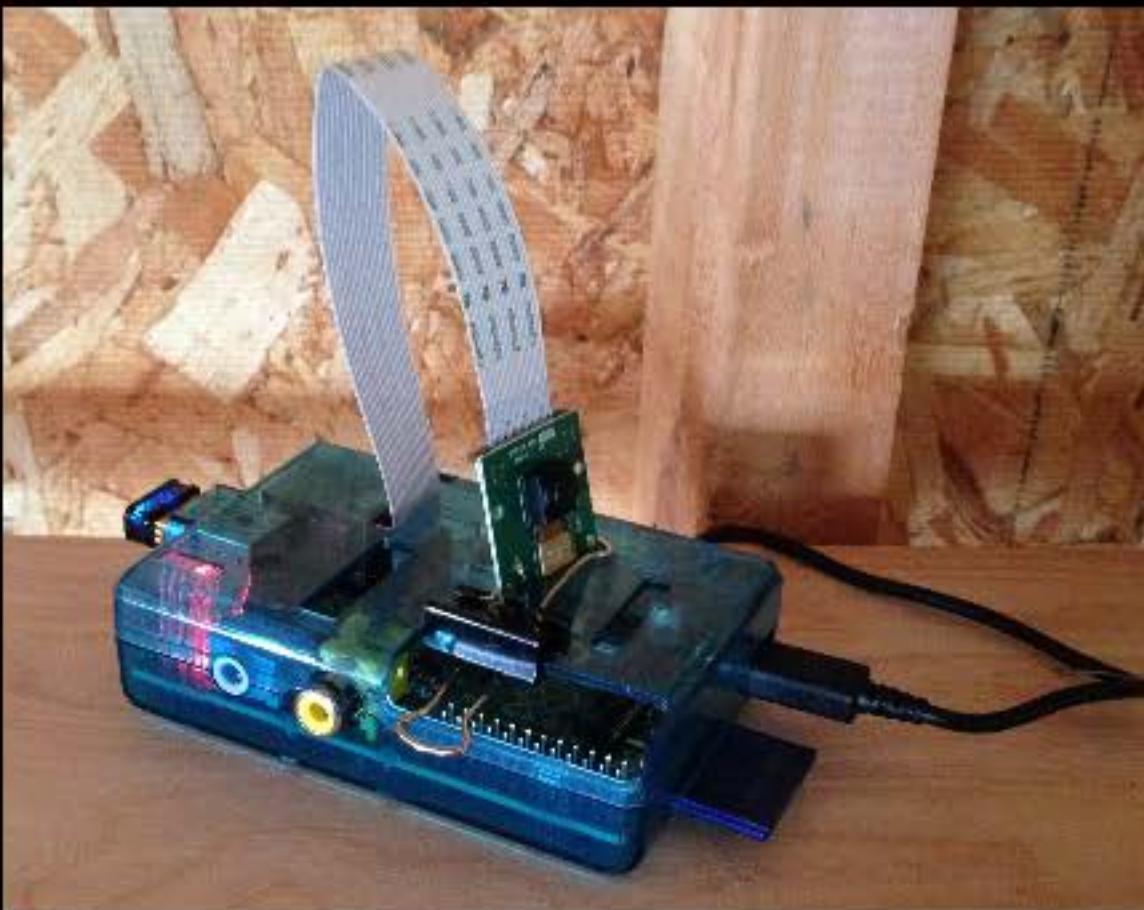
```
{"id":0,"sensor":0,"time":"Mon Feb 03 18:39:31 CST 2014","temp":3.0,"hum":45.0,"volts":13.13,"amps":0.066}  
{"id":0,"sensor":0,"time":"Mon Feb 03 18:39:46 CST 2014","temp":4.0,"hum":45.0,"volts":13.126,"amps":0.065}
```



# Building It! Server

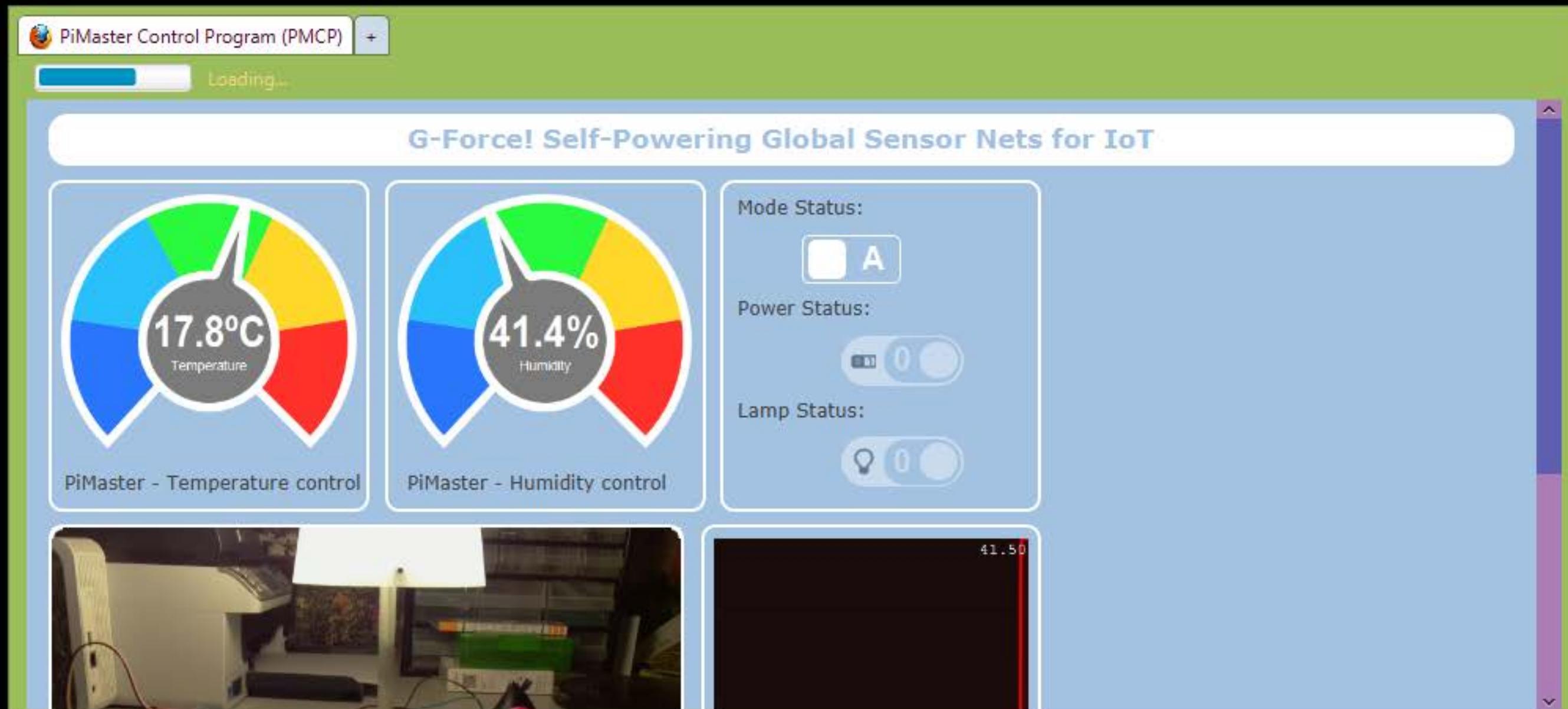
Using a camera to keep an eye on things

- ▶ MJPG streamer (raspistill) 1 fps



# Building It! Client

## HTML5/Javascript



# Building It! Client

JavaFX Client (Desktop-Raspberry Pi)



# Keep it Going!

José

- ▶ <http://jperedadnr.blogspot.com.es>
- ▶ [@JPeredaDnr](https://twitter.com/@JPeredaDnr)

Mark

- ▶ <http://www.thehecklers.org>
- ▶ <https://blogs.oracle.com/javajungle>
- ▶ [@MkHeck](https://twitter.com/@MkHeck)



# Questions?

