

# Revolutionizing the IoT with Bluetooth 5

Ioannis Glaropoulos



Jfokus'17

Stockholm

February 7, 2017

### Bluetooth 5 is finally here!

- Timeline
  - Core Version 4.0 30.6.2010
  - Core Version 4.2 2.12.2014
  - Core Version 5.0 6.12.2016
- 20+ companies, 45+ people
- 2822 pages of specification
- 6 UnPlugFest events
- 12+ formal/informal IoP events

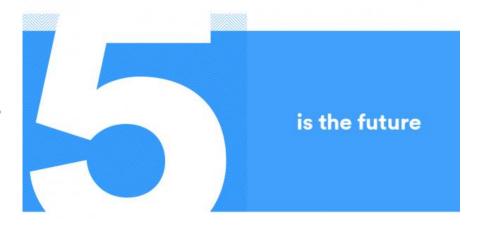


© Bluetooth SIG Inc.

- Great expectations
  - > 13.9 billion wireless products by 2020. 1/3 of those will be Bluetooth!

#### Bluetooth 5 in brief

- What's so cool about it?
  - "Setting the stage for the future"
  - "Is fast. Is expansive. Is connected."
  - "A global wireless standard for simple connectivity"
  - "2X Speed"
  - "4X Range"
  - "8X Broadcasting capacity"
  - "Improved inter-operability / coexistence"





## Today's talk

A walk-through Bluetooth 5 enhancements

Rethinking the IoT?

### Into the numbers - Speed

2Mbps

1Mbps















Data Rate in IoT: "no longer an issue"















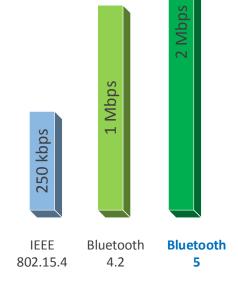






# Into the numbers - Speed

- Positioning against IEEE 802.15.4:
  - > A success story continues





### Into the numbers- Speed

- Adaptive to:
  - > Application traffic generation (e.g. traffic bursts)
  - > Wireless environment
  - > Seamless to the application

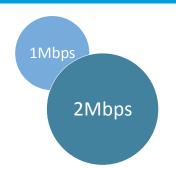


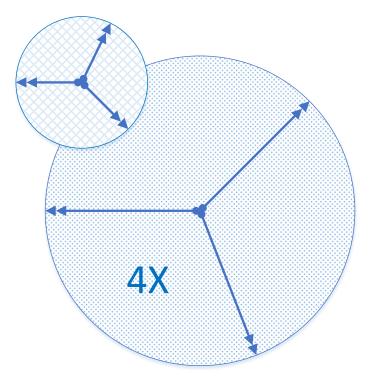




> Coexistence

Range compromise















- Coded PHY transmissions
  - > 2X and 8X FEC redundancy
  - > Indoors: >100m
  - > Outdoors: hundreds of meters







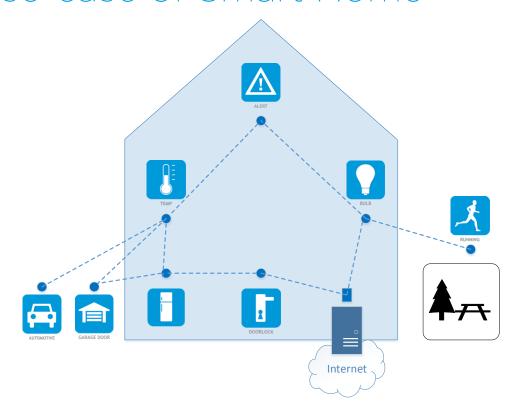


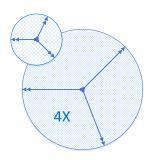




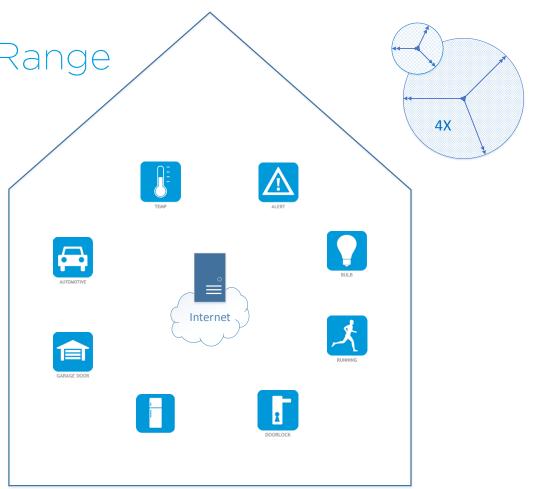


#### The use-case of Smart Home

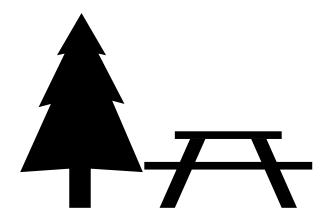




- Long Range Bluetooth simplifies:
  - > IoT topologies
  - > Deployment & maintenance
  - > Data forwarding
- Technology at our hands

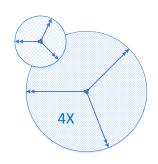


- Open air networking
- Mobility scenarios



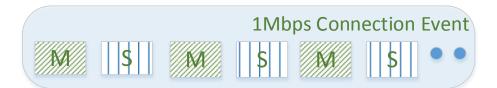




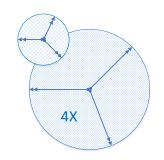




- Challenges are inevitable:
  - > Interoperability
  - Coexistence
- Good for not so much traffic...

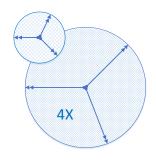


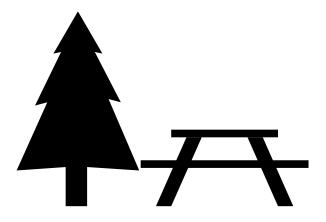




### Into the numbers-Range

But there are use-cases out there!



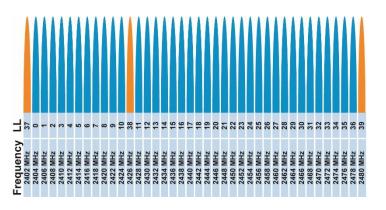




#### Into the numbers-Broadcasting

- Minimal connection-less broadcasting capabilities
  - > Primarily a connection-based protocol
  - > Power optimization was the ultimate priority
  - > Minimal "wasted" capacity for Device Discovery
  - Noise for Device Discovery needed to be kept low
    - 31 byte-long max advertising packet payload

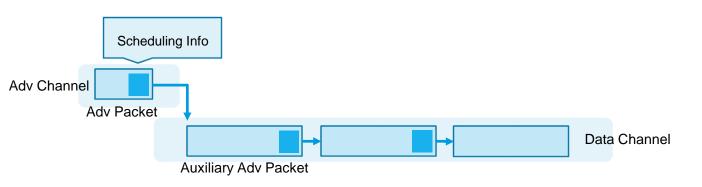


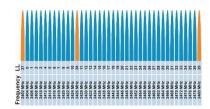


### Enhanced broadcasting with Bluetooth 5

- Connection-less communication: now as important as connections
  - > Broadcasters with higher amounts of data
  - > Multi-cast communication is an essential part of IoT
  - "Advertising Extensions"
    - > Long advertising packets (27 → 255 bytes)
    - > Support for scheduling "chained" (back-to-back) broadcast packets
    - > Support for periodic advertising streams
    - > Highly configurable broadcasting

### Scaling-up broadcasting: challenge accepted!





- Offloading broadcast data reducing noise improving interoperability
- Expand broadcasting capacity
- Address the coexistence problem

#### Summary



- Strong against competing technologies
- Flexibility & optimization (power consumption, throughput, topology)
- Efficient broadcasting made possible



### Joining the Bluetooth 5 train?

- Strong in Consumer Electronics
- Now "powerfull enough" for bigger things

- Do we need other RF technologies in IoT?
- Competitors' response?
- Other IoT ecosystems?

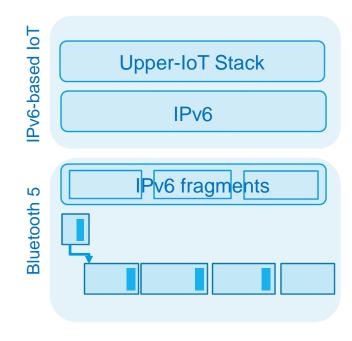






### Rethinking the IPv6-based IoT stack

- IPv6 over IFFF 802.15.4: 6LoWPAN networks
  - > Limited bandwidth and frame sizes
  - > IPv6 datagram size reduction
  - > Fragmentation
- IPv6 over Bluetooth 5: a "transparent" option?
  - > 2Mbps, 255 byte-long frames, chained packets
  - > Interference and coexistence mitigation
  - > Native fragmentation support

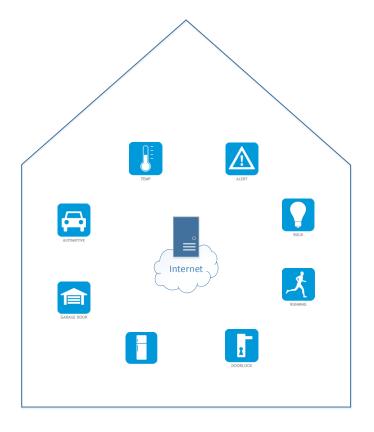


> A "farewell" to intra-mesh routing?

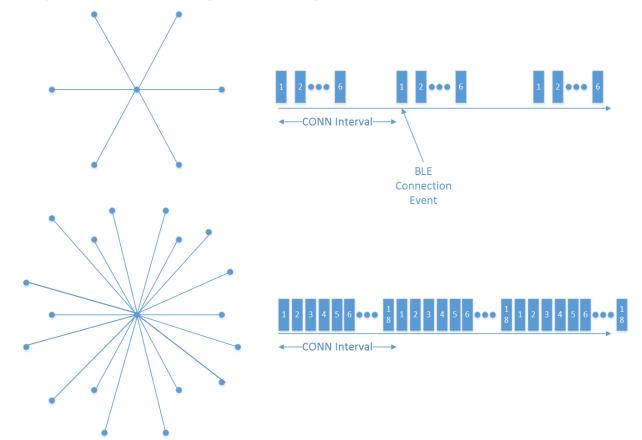
#### To mesh or not to mesh?

- IoT networks with wide physical network area, but
  - > Low traffic generation
  - > Low-end devices
  - > Required to be "always" connected
  - > But also "almost-always" sleepy
  - > Can benefit from Long Range vs. multi-hop mesh

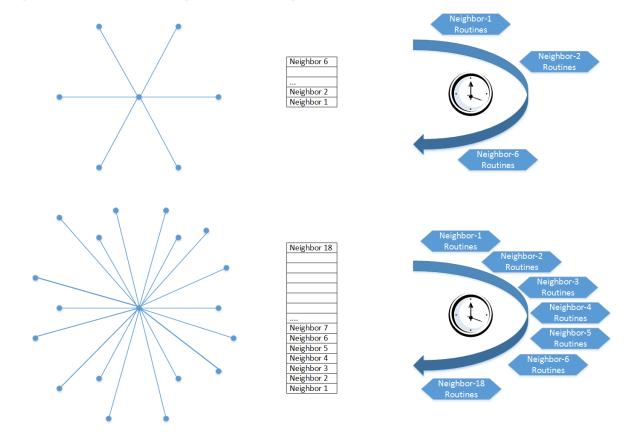
Can these networks scale-up?



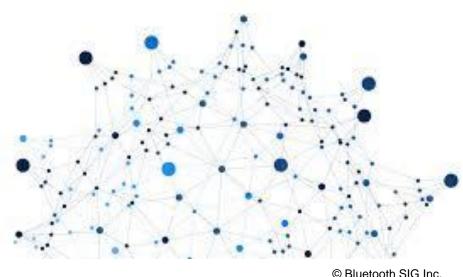
### Scaling up Long Range Star IoT?



### Scaling up Long Range Star IoT?



#### To mesh or not to mesh?



Large-scale IoT networks with wide physical network area, and

- > High traffic generation
- > High node density
- > Both low-end, and powerful devices
- > Multiple gateway points
- > Will not benefit from Long Range Bluetooth!

**RPL-based Networks** 



#### A Bluetooth Mesh Solution?



