



The Reactive Landscape

<http://bit.ly/jfokus-reactive>

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Reactive all the things ???

Message Resilience Back-Pressure
Elasticity Streams
Manifesto System Scalability Data Flows
Asynchrony Actor eXtensions Asynchronous
Programming Observable
Events Spreadsheets Reactor RX Java
Spring

reactive

ADJECTIVE

1 Showing a response to a stimulus.

'pupils are reactive to light'

1.1 *Physiology* Showing an immune response to a specific antigen.

'lysosomal activity can activate B lymphocytes reactive against self-components'

1.2 (of a disease or illness) caused by a reaction to something.

'reactive arthritis'

'reactive depression'

1.3 Having a tendency to react chemically.

'nitrogen dioxide is a highly reactive gas'

2 Acting in response to a situation rather than creating or controlling it.

'a proactive rather than a reactive approach'

3 *Physics*

Relating to reactance.

'a reactive load'

<https://en.oxforddictionaries.com/definition/reactive>

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- 3 *Software*

A software reacting to stimuli such as messages, requests, metrics, availability....

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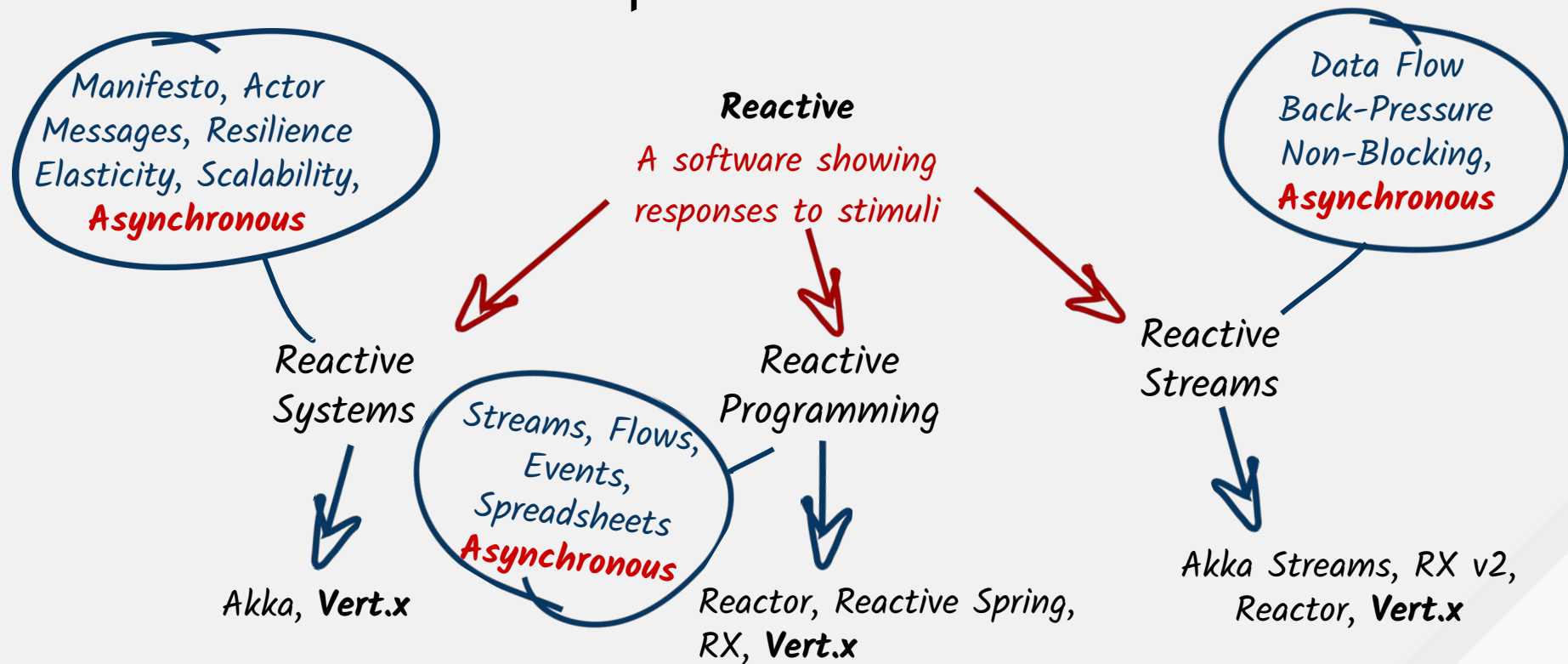
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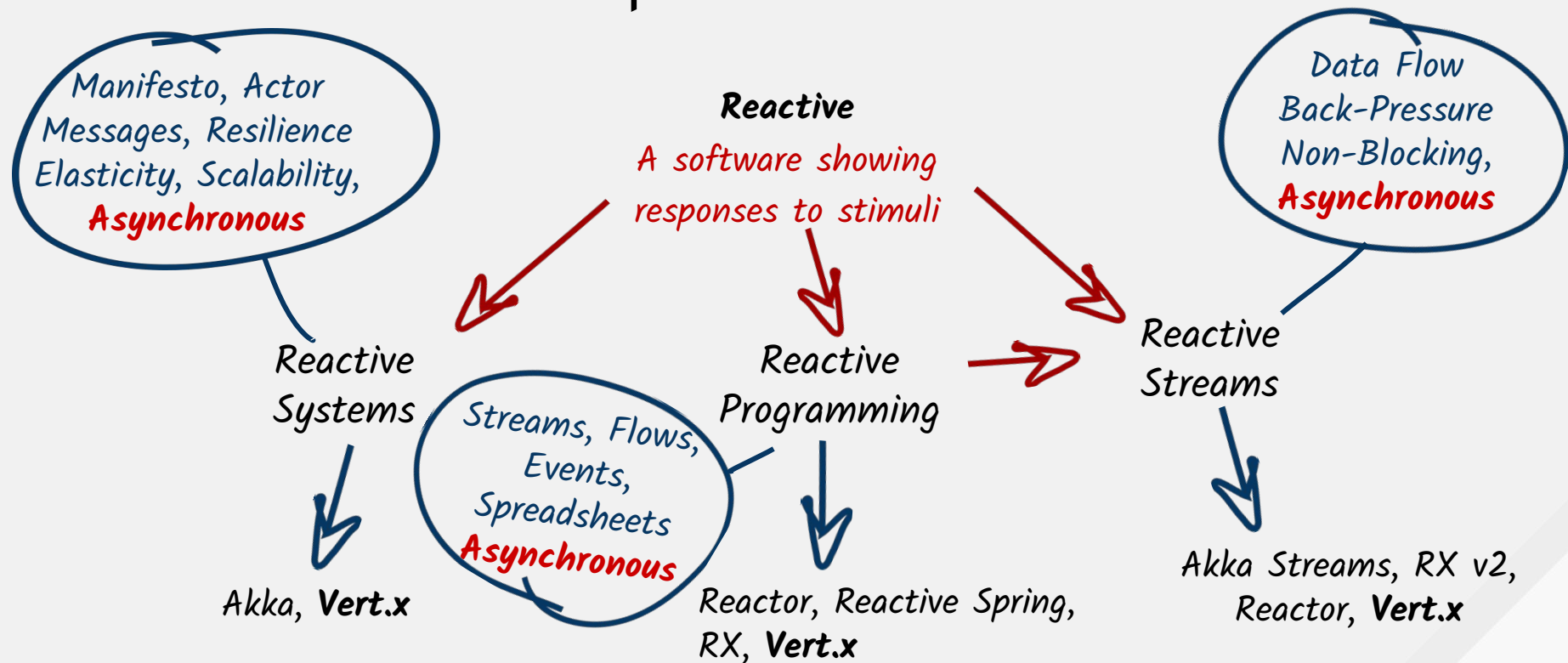
*End of the
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comeback of
asynchrony ?*



The reactive landscape

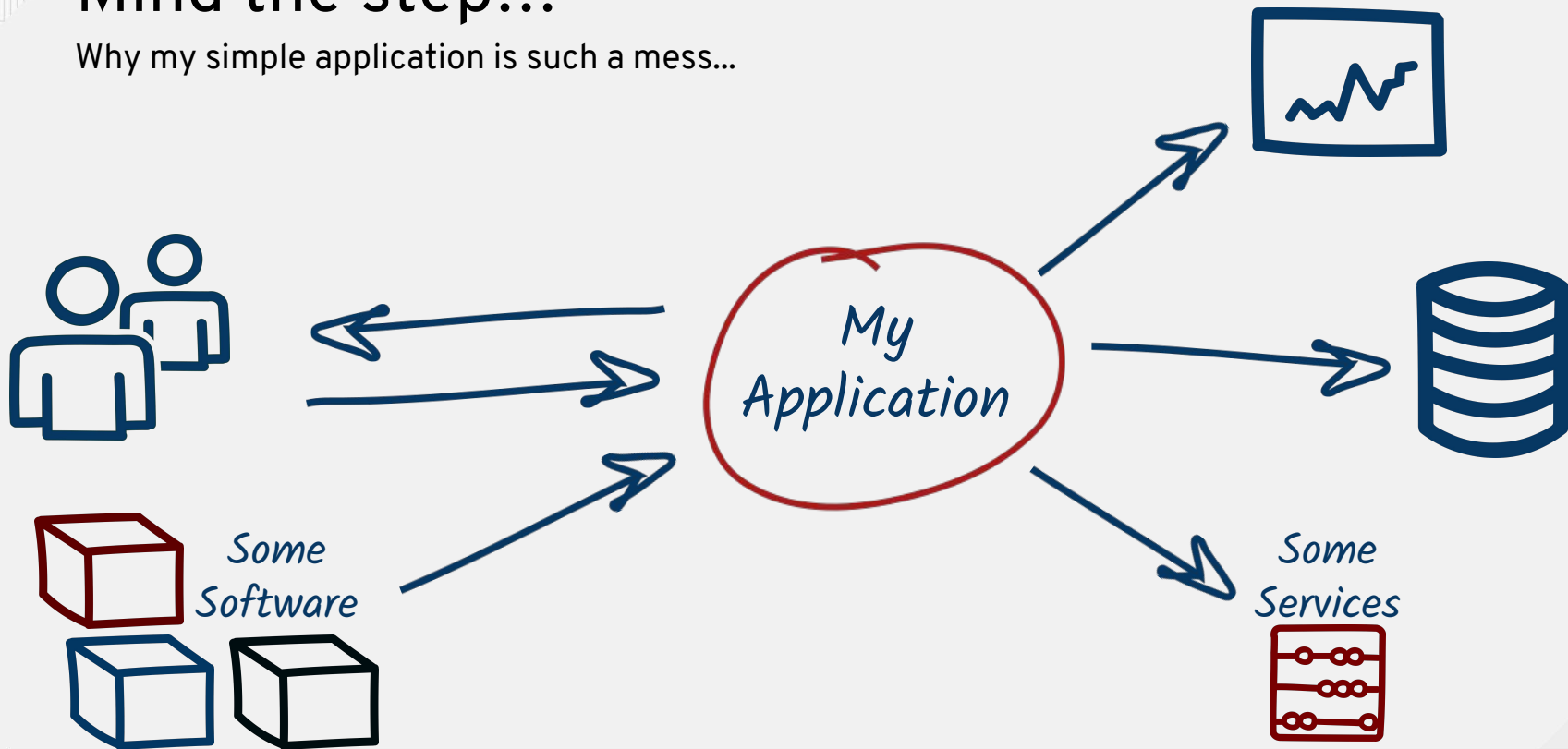


The reactive landscape



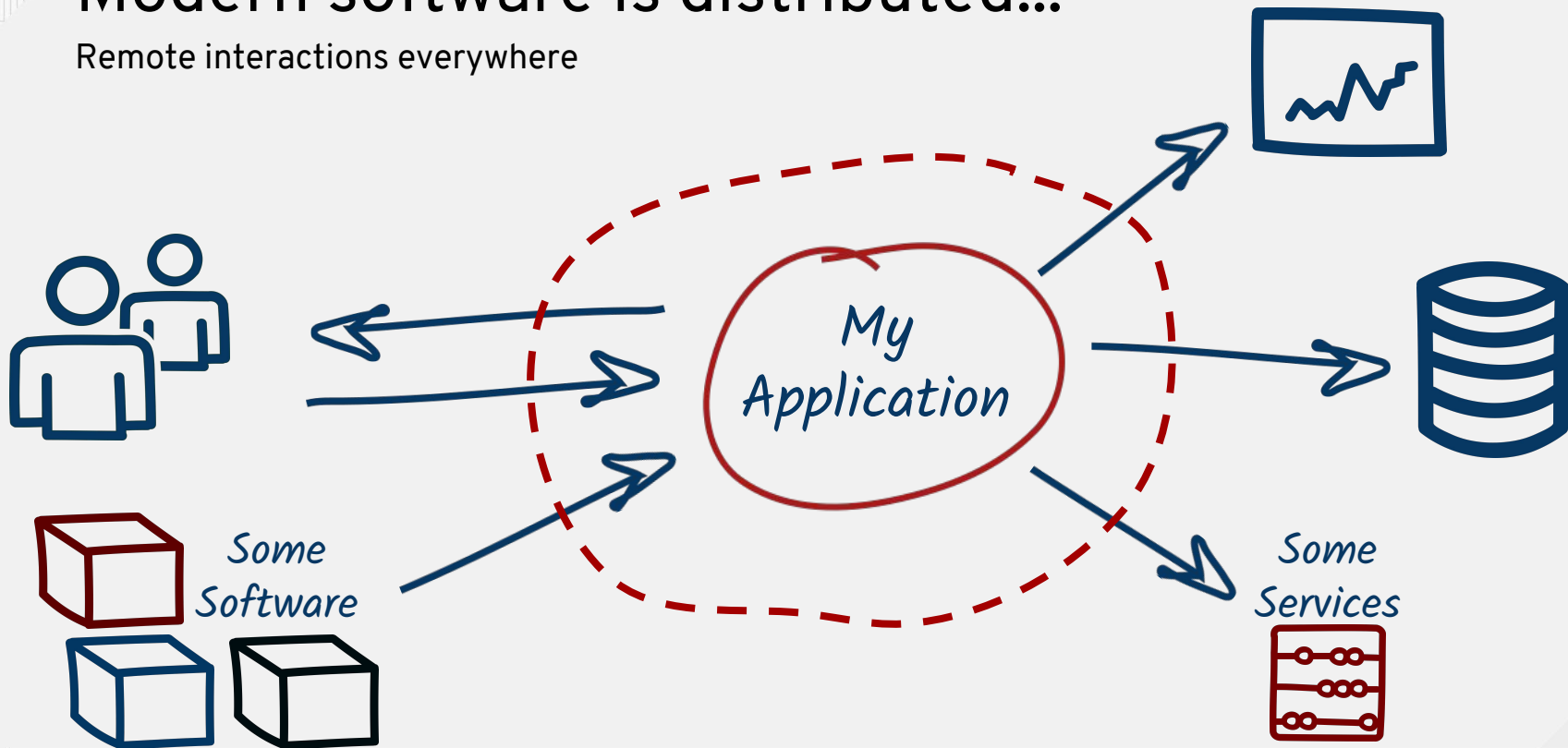
Mind the step...

Why my simple application is such a mess...



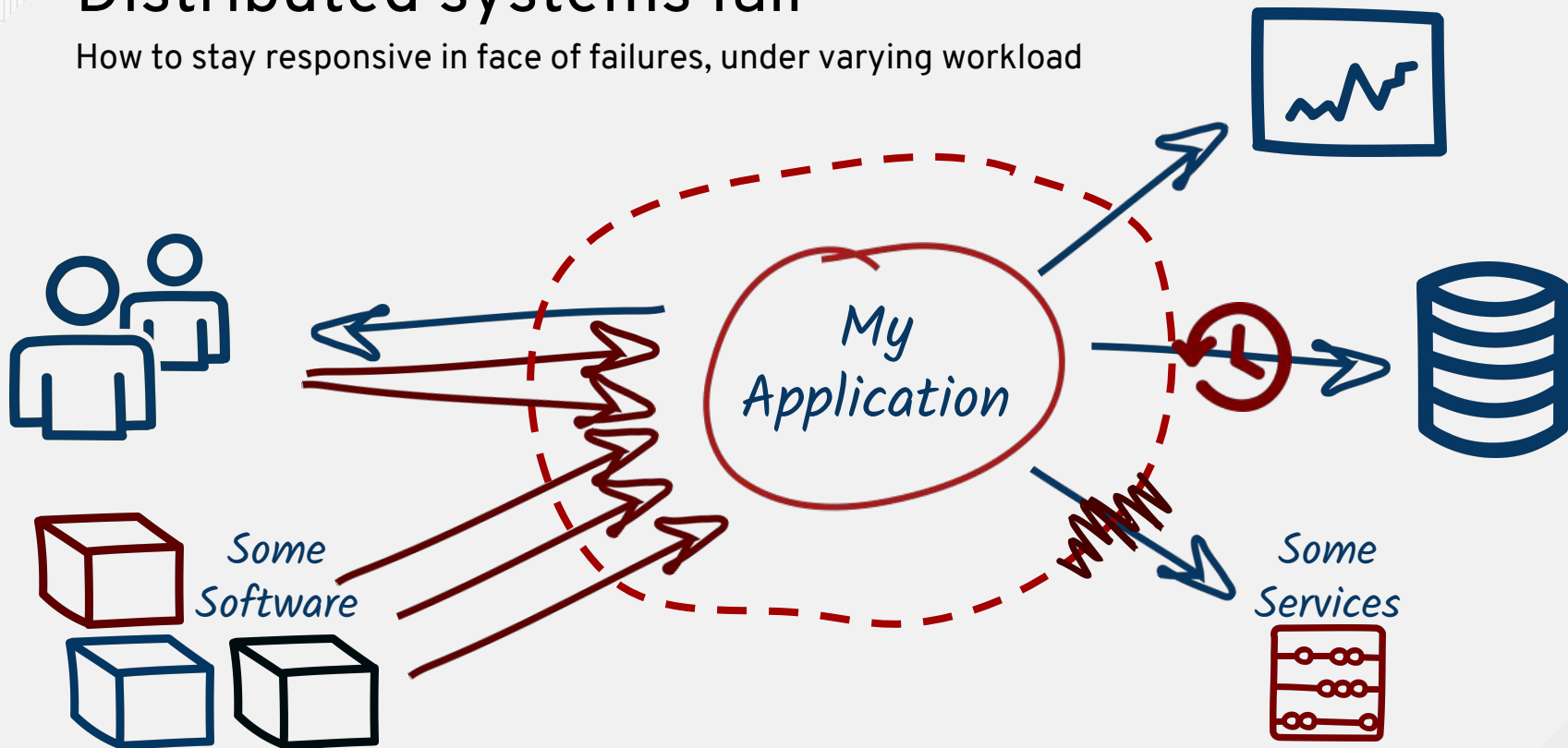
Modern software is distributed...

Remote interactions everywhere



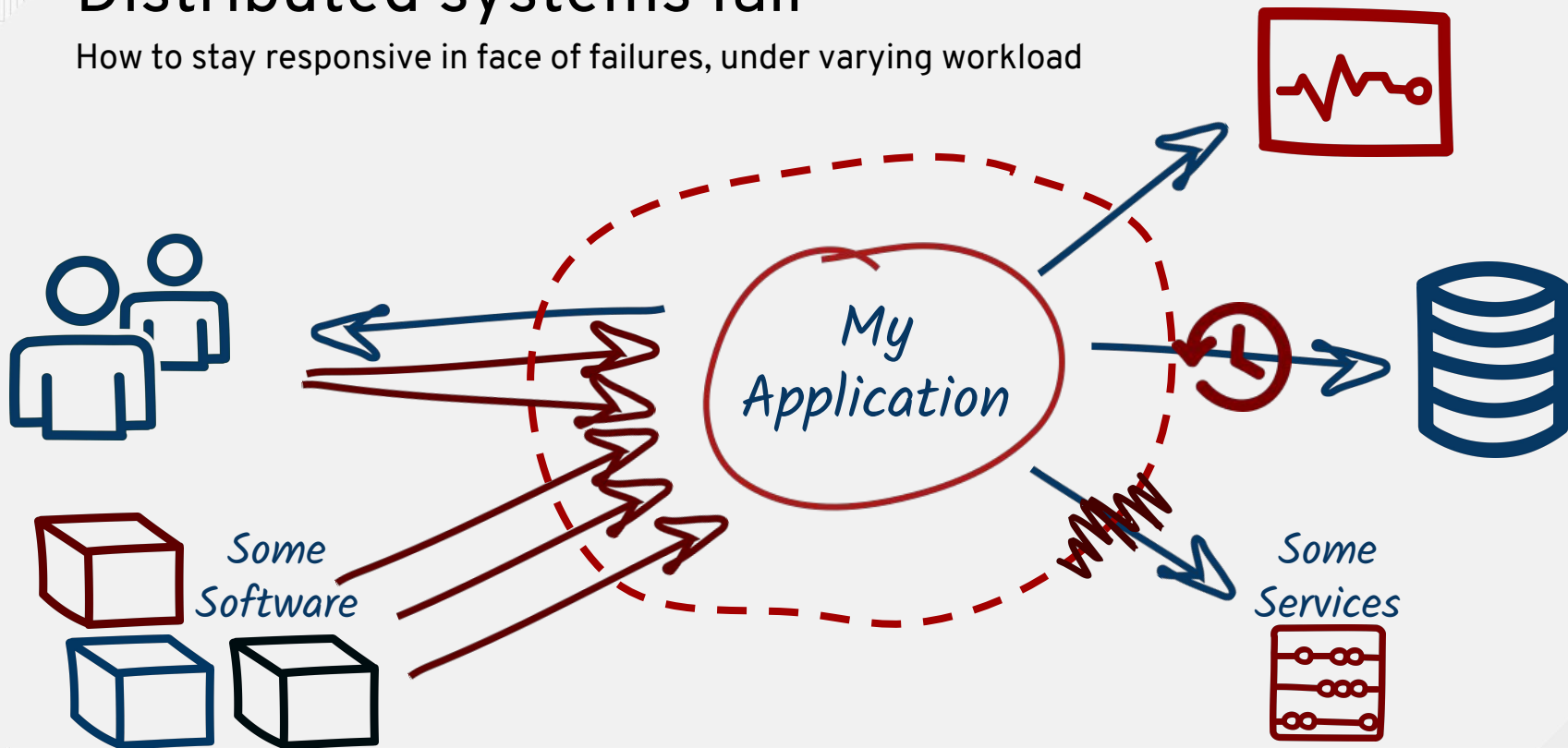
Distributed systems fail

How to stay responsive in face of failures, under varying workload



Distributed systems fail

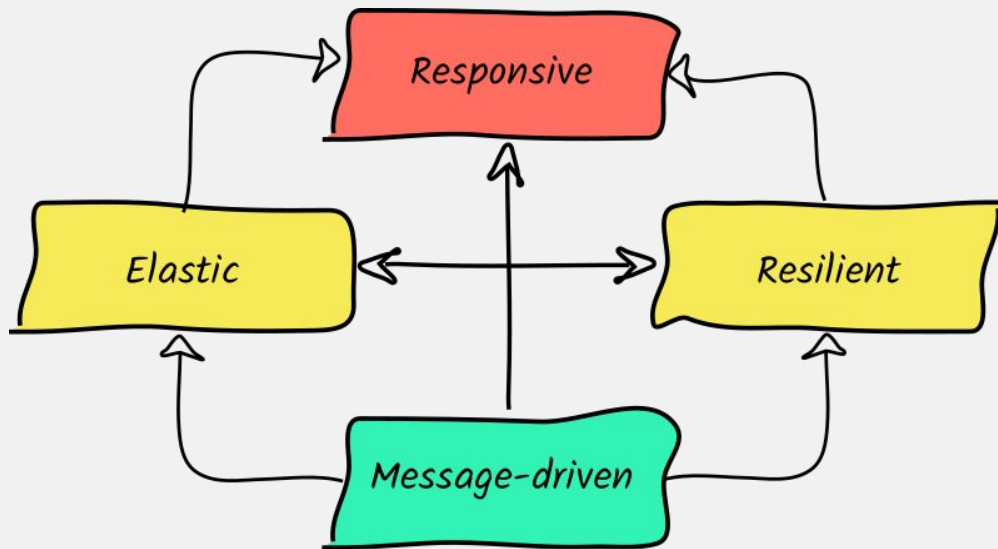
How to stay responsive in face of failures, under varying workload



Reactive Systems => Responsive Systems

Reactive Manifesto

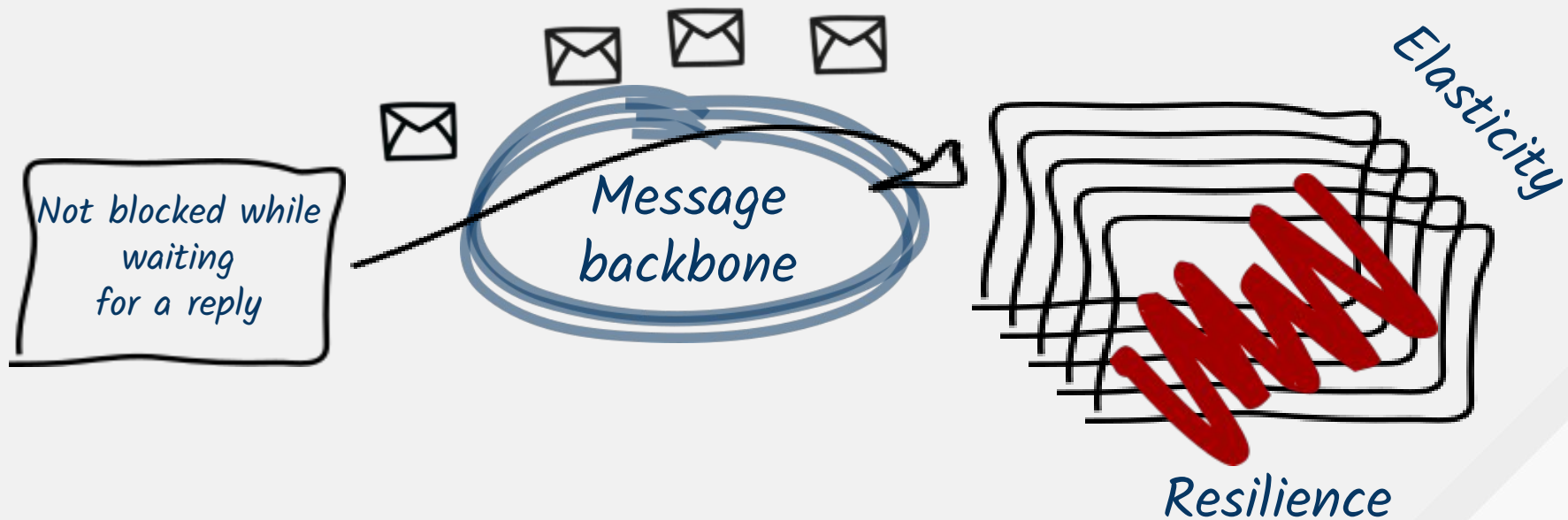
<http://www.reactivemaneifesto.org/>



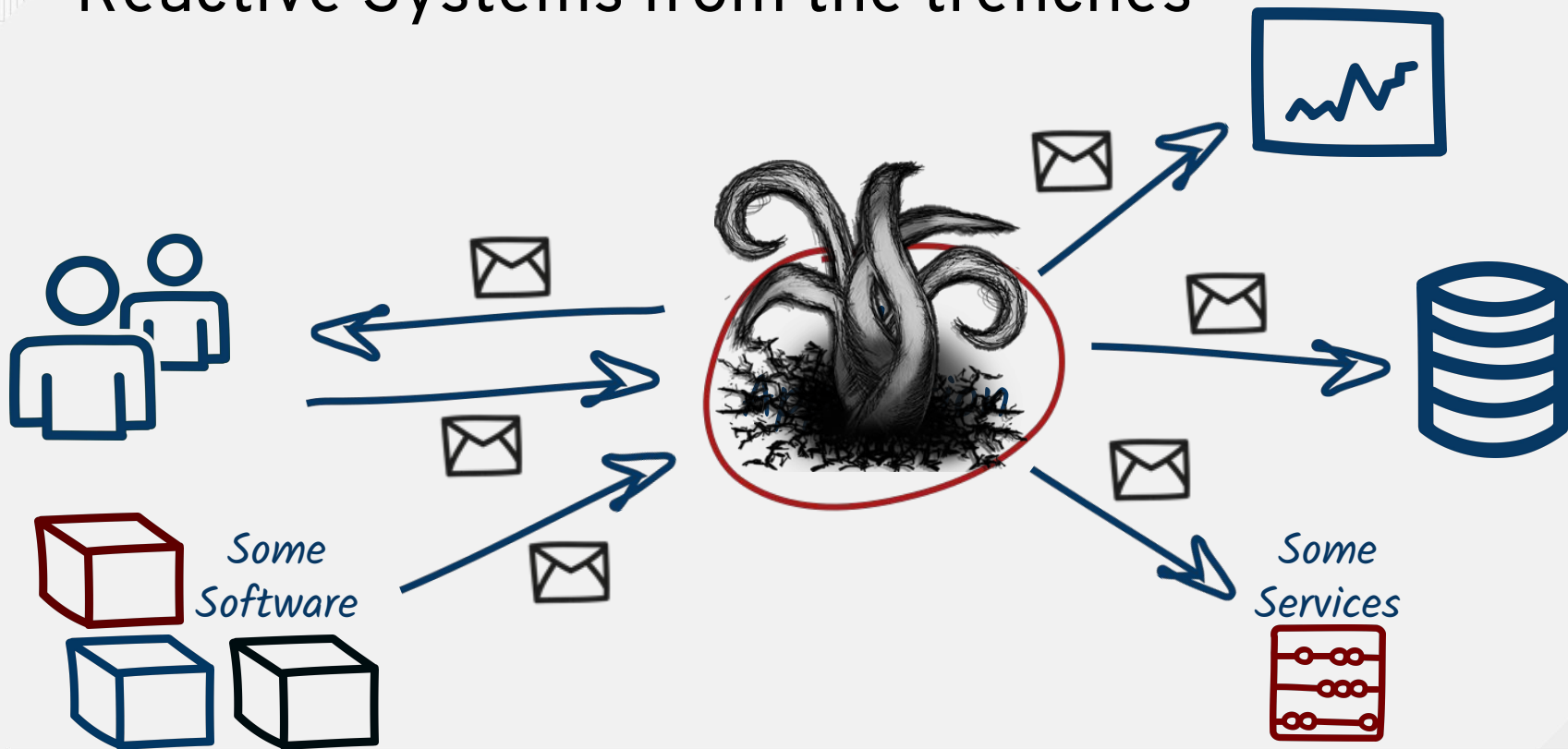
Asynchronous message passing



Asynchronous message passing

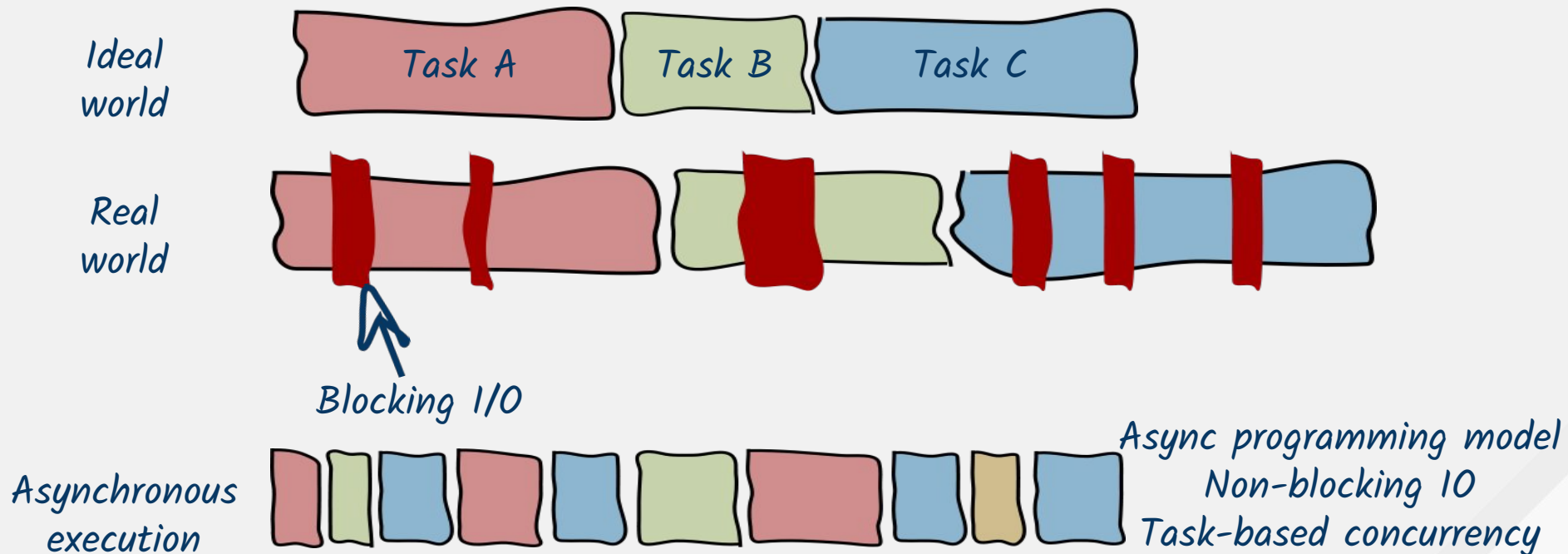


Reactive Systems from the trenches



Asynchronous development model

Asynchronous execution



Asynchronous, welcome to Hollywood

Don't wait, we will call you...

Synchronous

```
public int compute(int a, int b) {    int res = compute(1, 2);  
    return ...;  
}
```

Asynchronous

```
public void compute(int a, int b,  
    Handler<AsyncResult<Integer>> h) {  
    // ...  
    handler.handle(i);  
}  
  
compute(1, 2, res -> {  
    // Called with the  
    // async result  
});
```

Callbacks for notifications and async actions

Web server example

```
vertx.createHttpServer()  
  .requestHandler(req -> // Async reaction  
    req.response().end("Reactive greetings")  
  )  
  .listen(8080, ar -> { // Async operation  
    //...  
  });
```

Callbacks lead to...

Reality check

```
client.getConnection(conn -> {  
  if (conn.failed()) { /* failure handling */}  
  else {  
    SQLConnection connection = conn.result();  
    connection.query("SELECT * from PRODUCTS",  
      rs -> {  
        if (rs.failed()) { /* failure handling */}  
        else {  
          List<JsonArray> lines = rs.result().getResults();  
          for (JsonArray l : lines) { System.out.println(new Product(l)); }  
          connection.close(  
            done -> {  
              if (done.failed()) { /* failure handling */}  
            });  
        }  
      });  
    }  
  });  
});
```

Reactive Programming...

Tame the asynchronous

Are you an “Excel” user?

My Expense Report	
Lunch	15€
Coffee	25€
Drinks	45€
Total	85€

Are you an “Excel” user?

My Expense Report	
Lunch	15€
Coffee	25€
Drinks	45€
Total	=sum (B2 : B4)



Observe

Streams (a.k.a Observables, Flowables, Publishers)

My Expense Report	
Lunch	15€
Coffee	0€
Drinks	0€
Total	15€

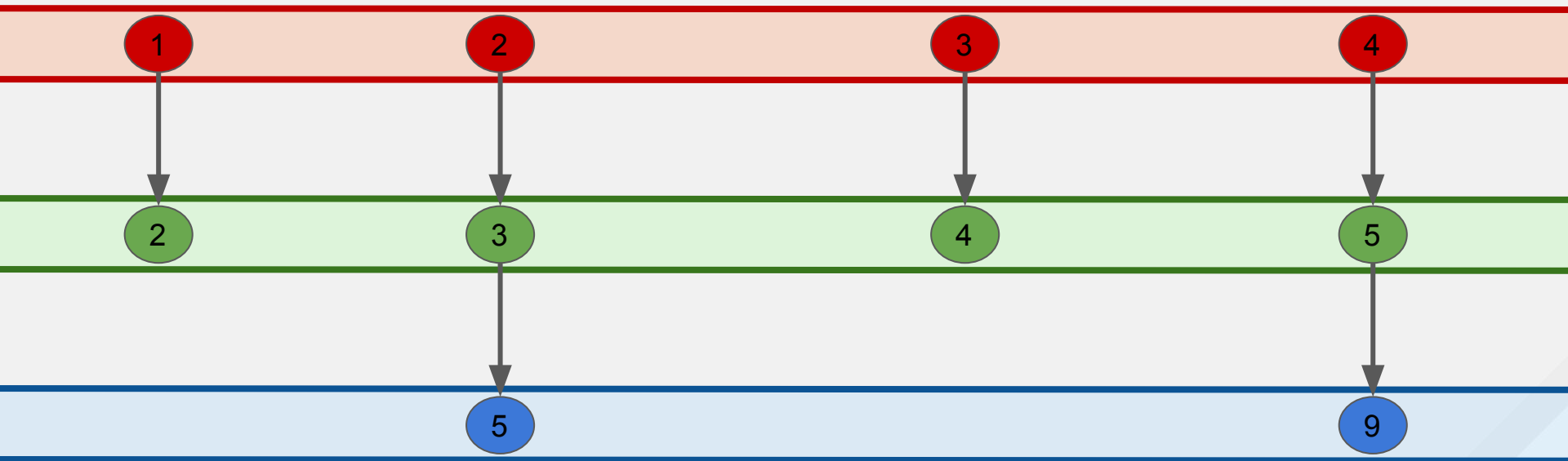
My Expense Report	
Lunch	15€
Coffee	25€
Drinks	0€
Total	40€

My Expense Report	
Lunch	15€
Coffee	25€
Drinks	45€
Total	85€



Reactive Programming

Publisher and Subscriber



Reactive Extension - RX Java 2

```
Flowable<Integer> obs1 = Flowable.range(1, 10);
```

```
Flowable<Integer> obs2 = obs1.map(i -> i + 1);
```

```
Flowable<Integer> obs3 = obs2.window(2)  
    .flatMap(MathFlowable::sumInt);
```

```
obs3.subscribe(  
    i -> System.out.println("Computed " + i)  
);
```

Reactive types & Asynchronous

Flowable / Observable - Stream of data, Async reaction

Bounded or unbounded stream of values

Data, Error, End of Stream

Singles / Maybe - Async operation

Stream of one value

Data, Error, Completion (maybe)

Completables - Async operation (no return)

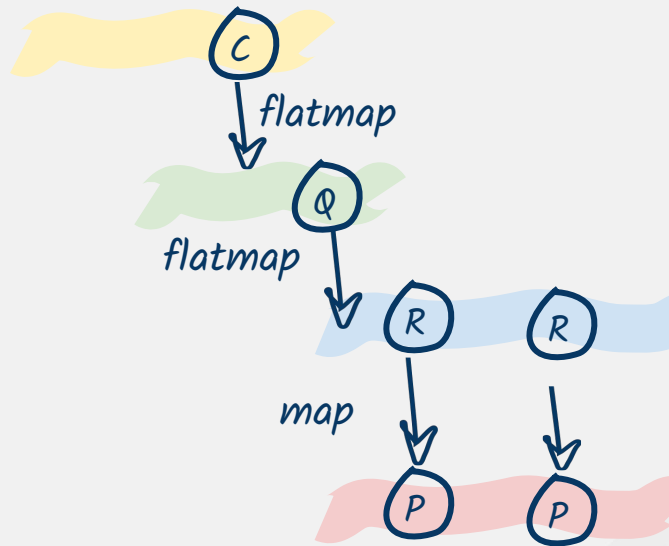
Stream without a value

Completion, Error



Reactive types & Asynchronous

```
client.rxGetConnection() // Single(async op)
  .flatMapPublisher(conn ->
    conn
      .rxQueryStream("SELECT * from PRODUCTS")
      .flatMapPublisher(SQLRowStream::toFlowable)
      .doAfterTerminate(conn::close)
  ) // Flowable of Rows
  .map(Product::new) // Flowable of Products
  .subscribe(System.out::println);
```

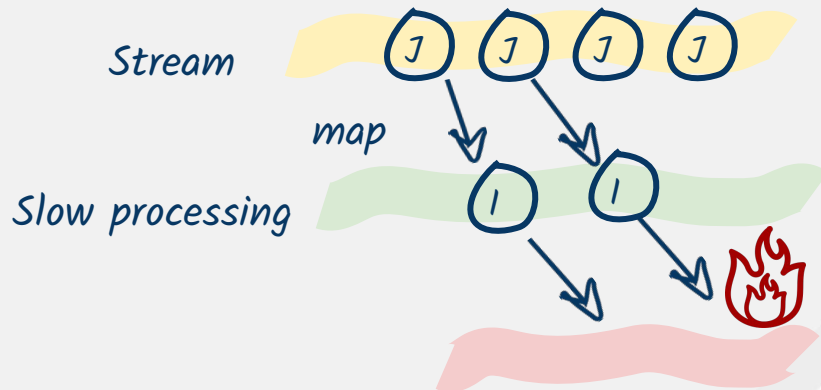


Back pressure & Reactive streams

What if ... the processing can't keep up

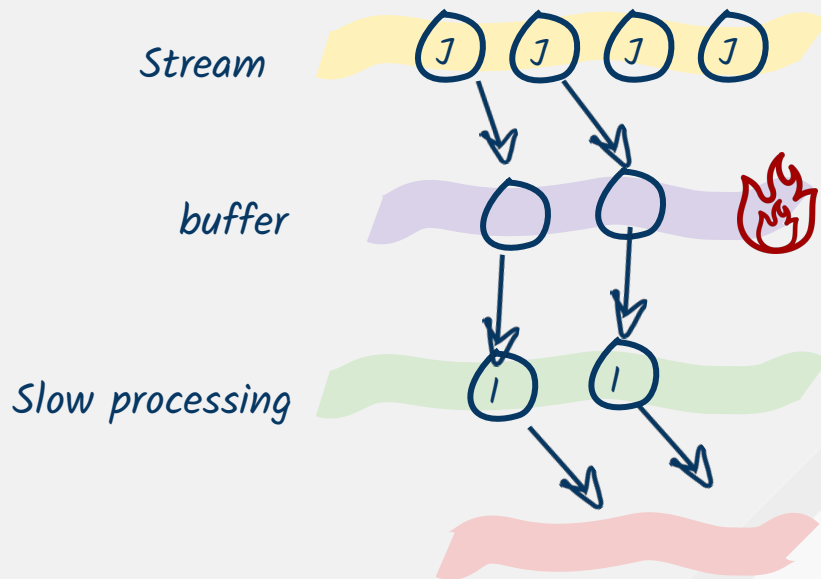
```
Streams.getStream()
  .observeOn(Schedulers.computation())

  .map(i -> {
    Thread.sleep(100); // I'm slow...
    return i.getLong("id");
  })
  .blockingSubscribe(
    x -> System.out.println("Processed:" + x),
    Throwable::printStackTrace,
    () -> System.out.println("Completed !")
  );
```



Buffer to handle small bumps

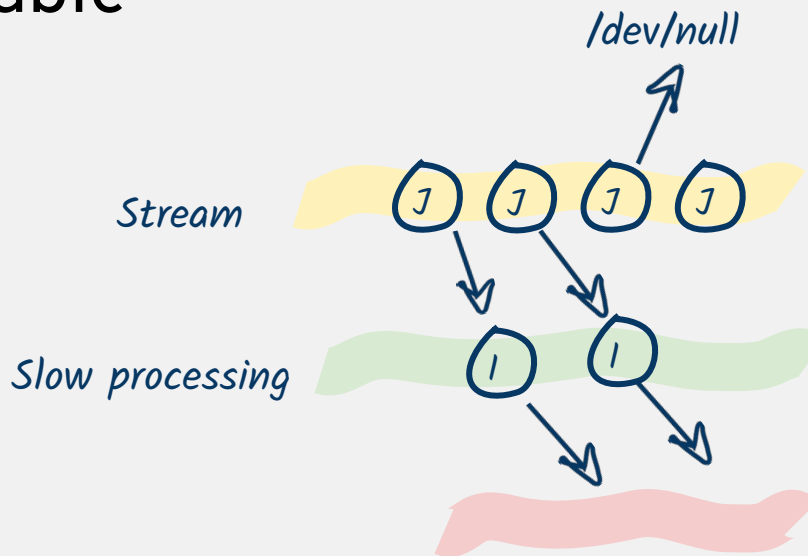
```
Streams.getStream()  
  .onBackPressureBuffer(10000)  
  .observeOn(Schedulers.computation())  
  
  .map(i -> {  
    Thread.sleep(100); // I'm slow...  
    return i.getLong("id");  
  })  
  .blockingSubscribe(  
    x -> System.out.println("Processed:" + x),  
    Throwable::printStackTrace,  
    () -> System.out.println("Completed !")  
  );
```



Drop when data loss is acceptable

```
Streams.getStream()
  .onBackPressureDrop()
  .observeOn(Schedulers.computation())

  .map(i -> {
    Thread.sleep(100); // I'm slow...
    return i.getLong("id");
  })
  .blockingSubscribe(
    x -> System.out.println("Processed:" + x),
    Throwable::printStackTrace,
    () -> System.out.println("Completed !")
  );
```



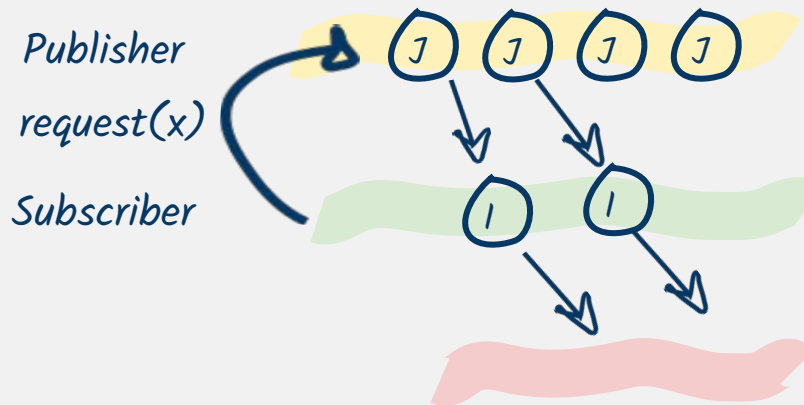
Control Flow and Reactive Streams

```
Streams.getStreamWithBackPressure()  
  .observeOn(Schedulers.computation())
```

```
.map(i -> {  
    Thread.sleep(100); // I'm slow...  
    return i.getLong("id");  
})  
.blockingSubscribe(  
    x -> System.out.println("Processed:" + x),  
    Throwable::printStackTrace,  
    () -> System.out.println("Completed !")  
);
```

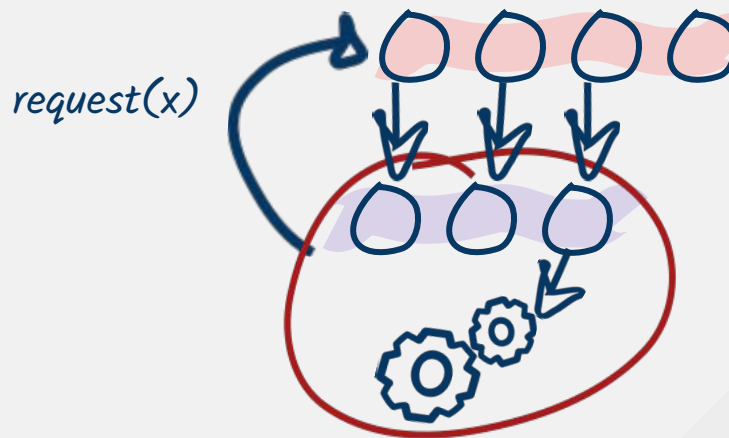
Reactive Stream API - <http://www.reactive-streams.org>

Java 9 Flow - <http://download.java.net/java/jdk9/docs/api/java/util/concurrent/Flow.html>



Back to our database access

```
client.rxGetConnection() // Single(async op)
  .flatMapPublisher(conn ->
    conn
      .rxQueryStream("SELECT * from PRODUCTS")
      .flatMapPublisher(SQLRowStream::toFlowable)
      .doAfterTerminate(conn::close)
  ) // Flowable of Rows
  .map(Product::new) // Flowable of Products
  .subscribe(p -> {
    // do something slow, but it's fine
  });
```

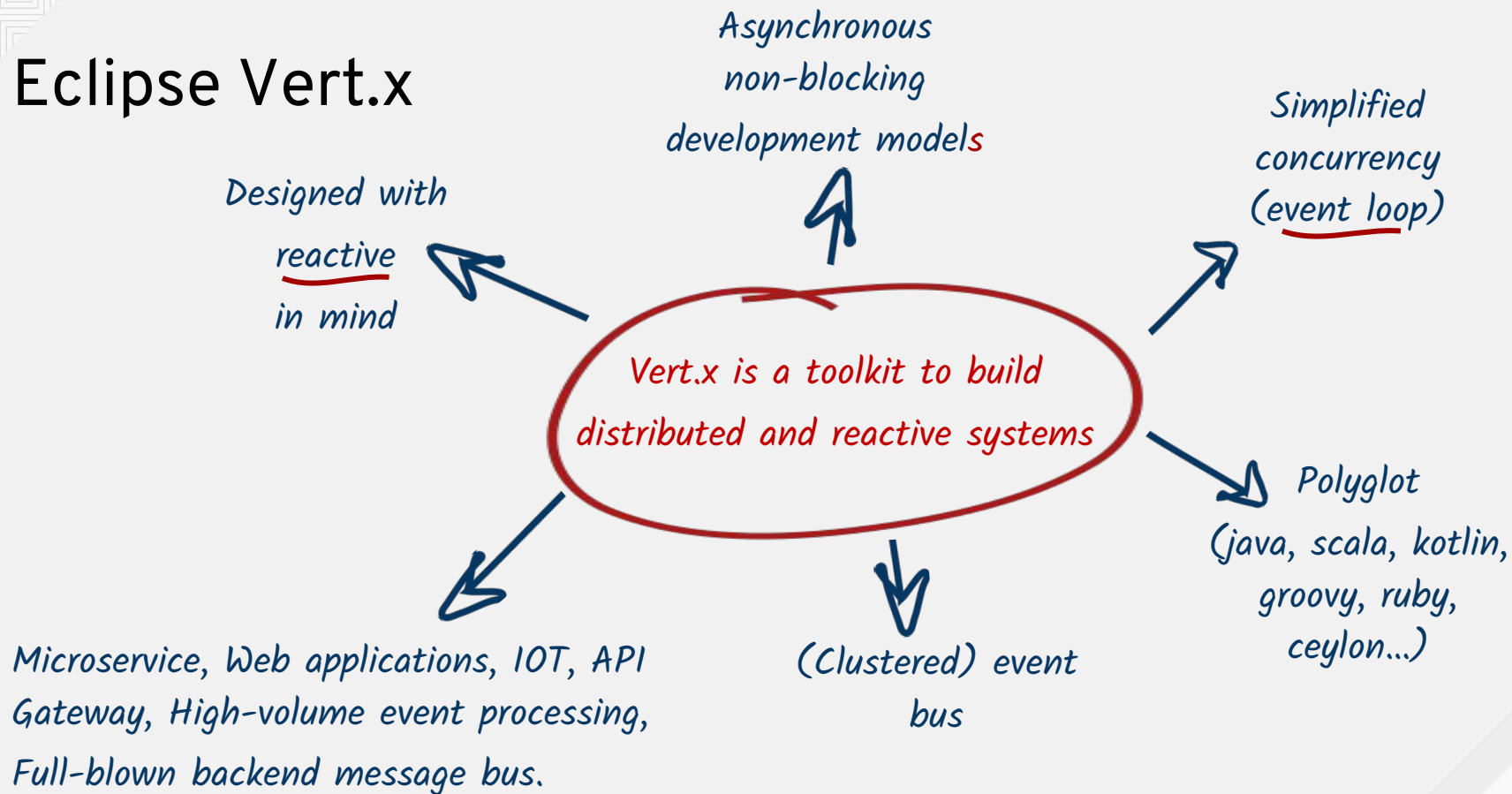


Eclipse Vert.x

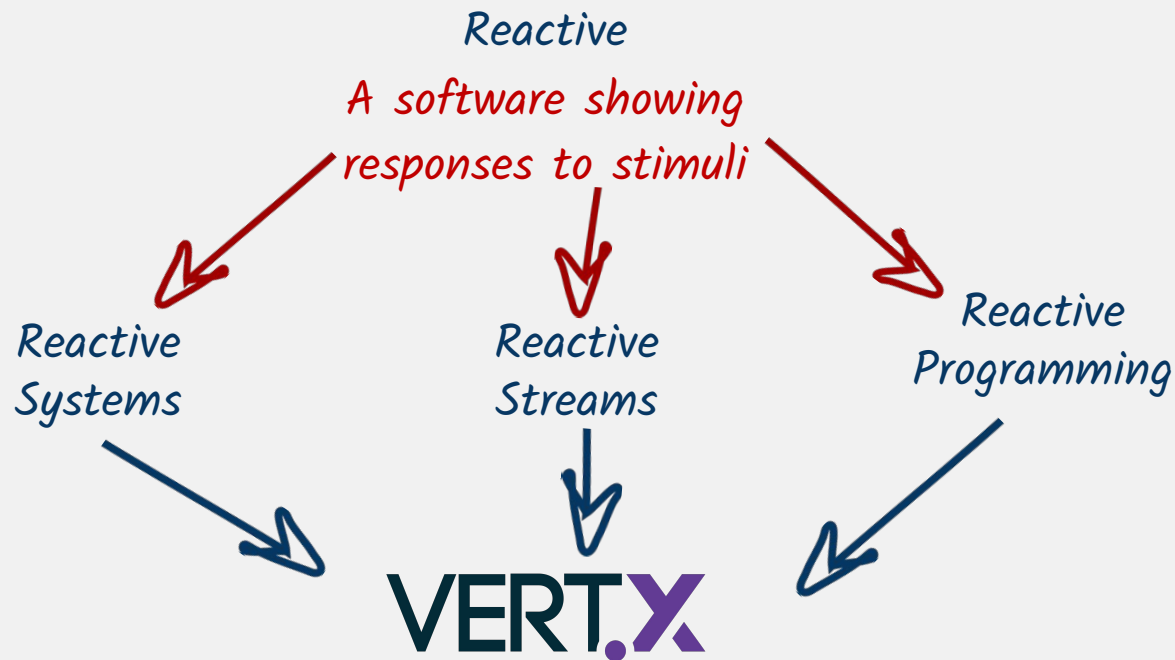
Unleash your reactive superpowers



Eclipse Vert.x

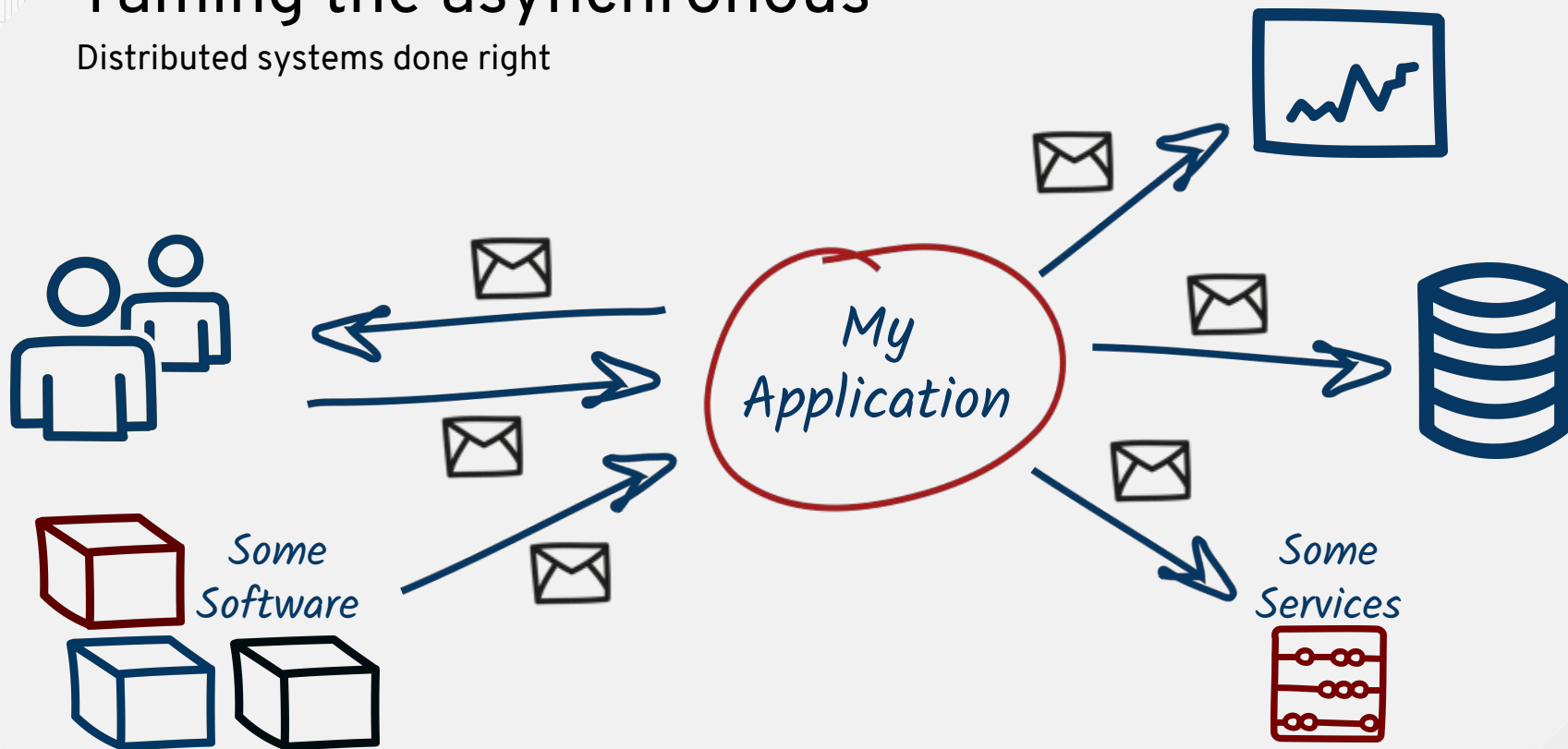


Vert.x - the all-in-one toolkit



Taming the asynchronous

Distributed systems done right



Reactive Web Application

```
private void add(RoutingContext rc) {  
    String name = rc.getBodyAsString();  
    database.insert(name) // Single (async)  
        .subscribe(  
            () -> rc.response().setStatusCode(201).end(),  
            rc::fail  
        );  
}
```

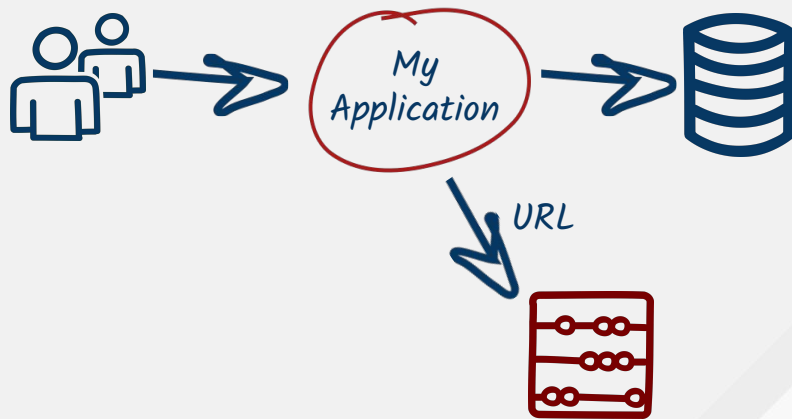
```
private void list(RoutingContext rc) {  
    HttpResponse response = rc.response().setChunked(true);  
    database.retrieve() // Flowable<Product> (async)  
        .subscribe(  
            p -> response.write(Json.encode(p) + "\n\n"),  
            rc::fail,  
            response::end);  
}
```



Orchestrating remote interactions

Sequential composition

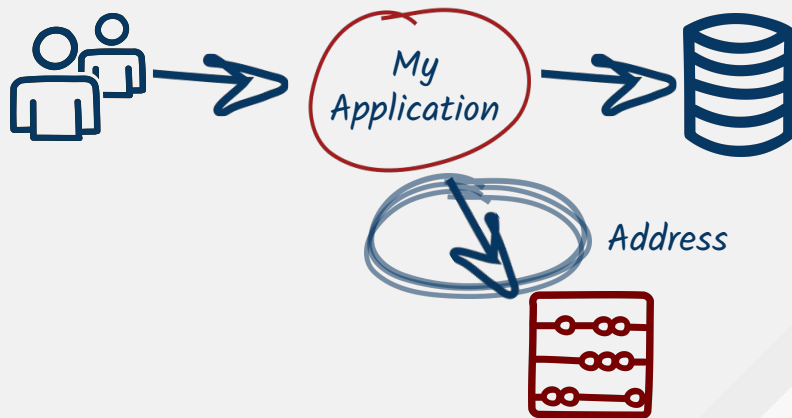
```
WebClient pricer = ...  
HttpServerResponse response = rc.response().setChunked(true);  
database.retrieve()  
  // For each row call...  
  .flatMapSingle(p ->  
    webClient  
      .get("/prices" + p.getName())  
      .rxSend()  
      .map(HttpResponse::bodyAsJsonObject)  
      .map(json -> p.setPrice(json.getDouble("price")))  
  )  
  .subscribe(  
    p -> response.write(Json.encode(p) + "\n\n"),  
    rc::fail,  
    response::end);
```



Orchestrating remote interactions

Event Bus

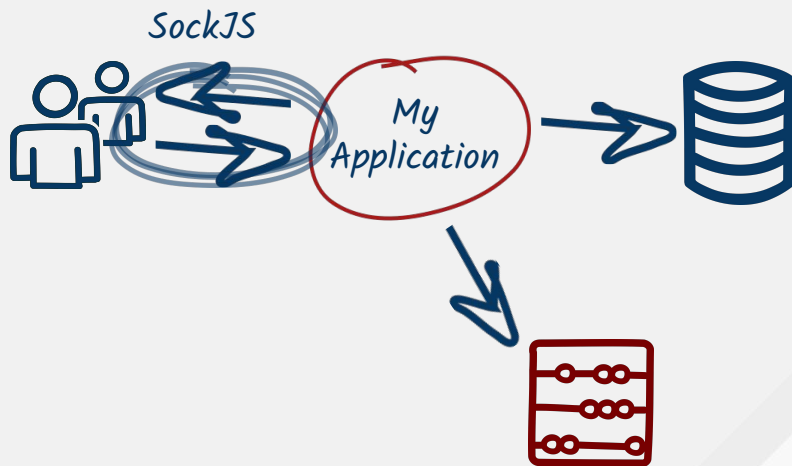
```
WebClient pricer = ...
HttpServerResponse response = rc.response().setChunked(true);
database.retrieve()
  // For each row call...
  .flatMapSingle(p ->
    vertx.eventBus()
      .<JsonObject>rxSend("pricer", p.getName())
      .map(Message::body)
      .map(json -> p.setPrice(json.getDouble("price")))
  )
  .subscribe(
    p -> response.write(Json.encode(p) + "\n\n"),
    rc::fail,
    response::end);
```



Push data using **event bus** bridges

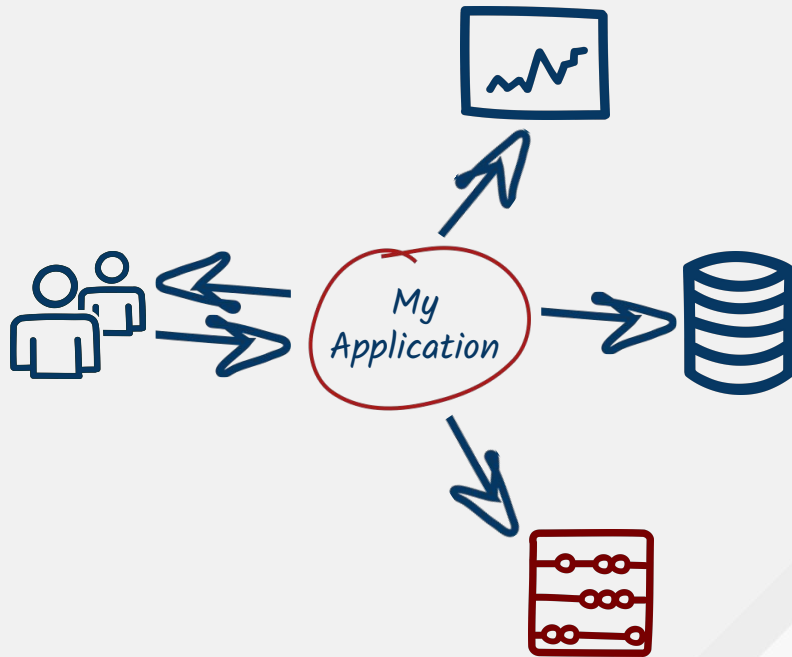
Web Socket, SSE...

```
String name = rc.getBodyAsString().trim();  
database.insert(name)  
  .flatMap(...)  
  .subscribe(  
    p -> {  
      String json = Json.encode(p);  
      rc.response().setStatusCode(201).end(json);  
      vertx.eventBus().publish("products", json);  
    },  
    rc::fail);
```



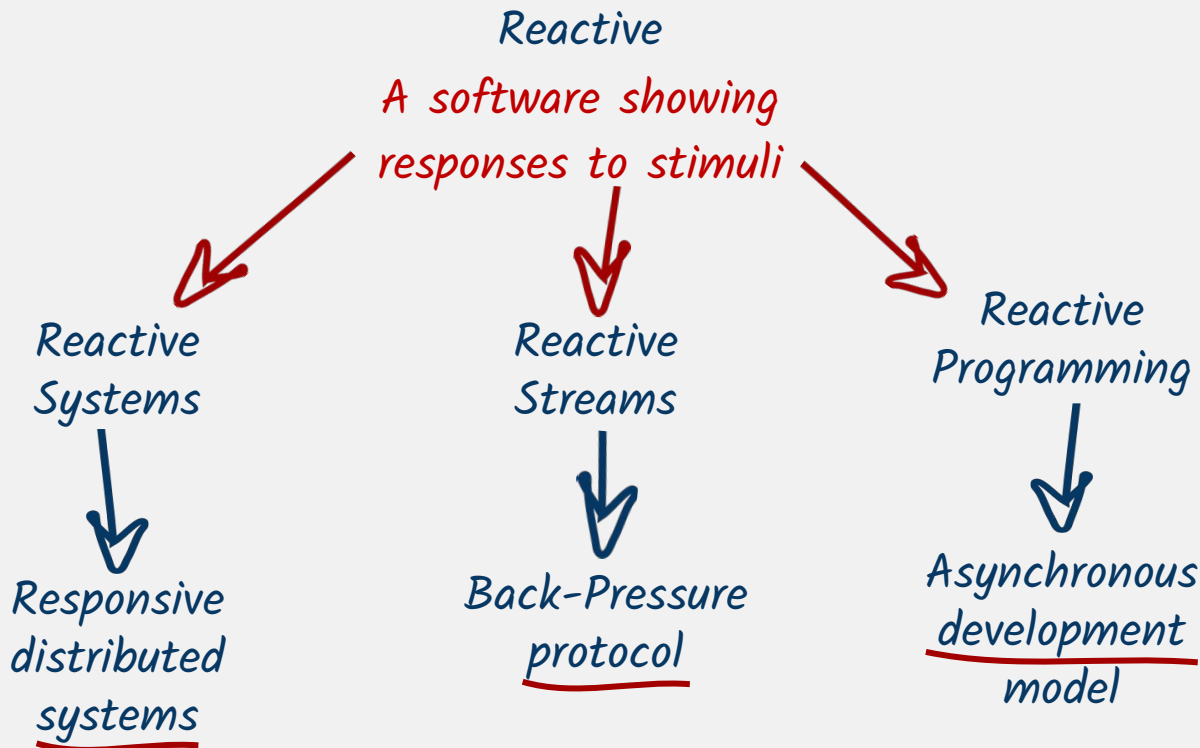
Executing several operations concurrently

```
database.insert(name)
  .flatMap(p -> {
    Single<Product> price = getPriceForProduct(p);
    Single<Integer> audit = sendActionToAudit(p);
    return Single.zip(price, audit, (pr, a) -> pr);
  })
  .subscribe(
    p -> {
      String json = Json.encode(p);
      rc.response().setStatusCode(201).end(json);
      vertx.eventBus().publish("products", json);
    },
    rc::fail);
```



Reactive => Build better systems

Welcome to an asynchronous world



Building Reactive Microservices in Java

Use Eclipse Vert.x to build reactive microservices:

- Explore the elements of reactive microservices and learn how Vert.x works.
- Build and consume a single microservice to understand how messaging improves its reactivity.
- Create an entire microservices system, using stability and resilience patterns to manage failures.

Download the book from: <http://bit.ly/vertx-reactive>

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